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(54) Title: THIOUREA AND BENZAMIDE COMPOUNDS, COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS OF TREATING OR PREVENTING INFLAMMATORY DISEASES AND ATHEROSCLEROSIS

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{b} \\
R^{a} \\
Y \\
Q
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{c} \\
X - R^{e} \\
Q
\end{array}$$
(1)

(57) Abstract

The present invention provides compounds of formula (I). The present invention also provides methods of treating or preventing inflammation or atherosclerosis, and a pharmaceutical composition that contains a compound of formula (I).

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THIOUREA AND BENZAMIDE COMPOUNDS, COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS OF TREATING OR PREVENTING INFLAMMATORY DISEASES AND ATHEROSCLEROSIS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates to compounds that can be used to treat or prevent inflammatory diseases or atherosclerosis. The present invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions that can be used to prevent or treat inflammatory diseases or atherosclerosis, and to methods of treating and preventing inflammatory diseases or atherosclerosis. In particular, the compounds of the present invention are inhibitors of the enzyme 15-lipoxygenase and are inhibitors of monocyte chemotaxis.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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Atherosclerosis is a multifactorial disease characterized by excessive intracellular lipid deposition in macrophages, leading to the formation of foam cells. The accumulation of lipid-loaded foam cells in the subendothelial space leads to formation of fatty streaks, which are the early atherosclerotic lesions. Oxidative modifications of lipids, specifically low-density lipoprotein, has been implicated as a major process in foam-cell formation.

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Lipoxygenases are nonheme iron-containing enzymes that catalyze the oxygenation of certain polyunsaturated fatty acids such as lipoproteins. Several different lipoxygenase enzymes are known, each having a characteristic oxidation action. One specific lipoxygenase, namely 15-lipoxygenase (15-LO), has been detected in atherosclerotic lesions in mammals, specifically rabbit and man. The enzyme, in addition to its role in oxidative modification of lipoproteins, is important in the inflammatory reaction in the atherosclerotic lesion. Indeed, 15-LO has been shown to be induced in human monocytes by the cytokine IL-4, which is known to be implicated in the inflammatory process.

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Inhibitors of 15-LO are especially useful to prevent and treat inflammatory diseases such as asthma, psoriasis, arthritis, and atherosclerosis. While there are several lipoxygenase enzymes, specific inhibition of 15-LO is important in the inflammatory and atherosclerosis process. A characteristic feature of atherosclerosis is the accumulation of cholesterol ester engorged foam cells. Foam cells are derived from circulating monocytes that invade artery walls in response to hypercholesterolemia, and mature into tissue macrophages. The enzyme 15-LO has been implicated in inflammatory disorders and in the origin and recruitment of foam cells (See Harats, et al., <u>Trends Cardiovasc. Med.</u>, 1995;5(1):29-36). This enzyme is capable of oxidizing esterified polyenoic fatty acids, such as those found in phospholipids. Treatment of experimental animals with antioxidants which reduced hydroperoxides produced by 15-LO has been shown to retard the progression of atherosclerotic lesions. For example, Sendobry, et al., <u>British Journal of Pharmacology</u>, 1997;120:1199-1206 show suppression of atherogenesis in rabbits fed a high-fat diet and treated with a 15-LO inhibitor.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.

The present invention provides compounds having the Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c} O & OH \\ -S-N- & or & -CH=CH-C- \\ 0 & R' & H \end{array} ;$$

each n is independently 0 to 3;

Y is
$$-N-$$
, $-C-N-$, $-N-C-$, $-CH_2CH_2-$, R' Q

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$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} & \text{OH} & \text{OH} & \text{OH} & \text{OH} \\ -\overset{!}{\text{C}} - (\text{CH}_2)_n & , -(\text{CH}_2)_n - \overset{!}{\text{C}} - & , & -\overset{!}{\text{C}} - \overset{!}{\text{C}} - & , \\ + & & \text{H} & & \text{H} & \text{H} \end{array}$$

$$-s - (\text{CH}_2)_n & , -(\text{CH}_2)_n - s - , & -\overset{0}{\text{C}} - \text{O} & , -\text{O} - \overset{0}{\text{C}} - & , \\ -\overset{0}{\text{COCH}_2} - & , & -\text{CH}_2 \text{OC} - & , & -\overset{\bullet}{\text{S}} - (\text{CH}_2)_n - & , \\ \text{(CH}_2)_n - \overset{\bullet}{\text{S}} - & , -\text{SO}_2 - (\text{CH}_2)_n - & , \text{ or } - (\text{CH}_2)_n - \text{SO}_2 - & ; \\ \end{array}$$

Q is
$$C_1$$
- C_6 alkyl, R^4
 R^5

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

$$R^e$$
 is R^9 R^8 , C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R^a, R^b, R^c, and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃-alkali metal, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆ alkyl,

O O
$$\parallel$$
 \parallel -N(CC₁-C₆ alkyl)₂, -OCC₁-C₆ alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H,

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-SO₃ alkali metal, -CN, -CH₂-halogen, CH₂-CH₂



heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

heterocycloalkyl, benzoyl, CC₁-C₆ alkyl,

 $\label{eq:condition} \begin{array}{c} O \\ \parallel \\ \end{array}$ provided that when Y is -CO-,

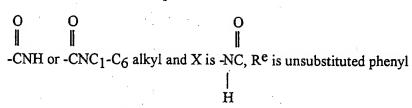
0

Q is not C₁-C₆ alkyl; further provided that when X is -CNH- and Y is -NH, R^b is not -OH; further provided that when X and Y are

-NHC-, Re and Q are not unsubstituted phenyl; further provided

that when Y is -NHC-, and X is -NHCO-, Re and Q are not both aryl; further provided that when Y is -SO₂NH- or

-SO₂NC₁-C₆ alkyl and X is CNH or CNC₁-C₆ alkyl, Q and R^e are not both unsubstituted phenyl; further provided that when Y is



di- or tri-substituted phenyl, further provided that when Y is

Q is not unsubstituted aryl.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula I, X is -N-.

In another preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula I, R' is hydrogen or methyl.

In another preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula I, X is -O-.

In another preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula I, X is -N-C-N-.

20 R'S R'

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O R'

In another preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula I, R' is hydrogen.

In another preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula I, R^c is -OCH₃, hydrogen, -OCH₂CH₃, halogen, -S-methyl, or -OCF₃.

In another preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula I, X is $-N-(CH_2)_n$.

R'
In another preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula I, Y is
-C-N-

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In another preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula I, R^c is hydrogen, hydroxy, $-OC_1-C_6$ alkyl, halogen, C_1-C_6 alkyl, $-SC_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-CF_3$, or $-OCF_3$.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{b} & R^{c} \\
\hline
R^{a} & 3^{2} & 1 \\
\hline
R^{d} & R^{d}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{b} & X \longrightarrow R^{e} \\
\hline
R^{d} & Y \\
\hline
Q
\end{array}$$

each n is independently 0 to 3;

$$-s - (CH_2)_n$$
, $-(CH_2)_n - s -$, $-C-0$, $-O-C-$,

$$(CH_2)_n = S - , -SO_2 - (CH_2)_n - , \text{ or } -(CH_2)_n - SO_2 - ;$$

Q is
$$C_1$$
- C_6 alkyl, R^4
 R^5

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

$$R^{e}$$
 is R^{6} R^{8} , C_{1} - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

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heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R^a, R^b, R^c, and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃-alkali metal, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆ alkyl,

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heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

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I

O
$$\parallel$$
 heterocycloalkyl, benzoyl, CC_1 - C_6 alkyl,

-NR'R', or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{b} & R^{c} \\
\hline
R^{a} & A^{c} & A^{d} \\
R^{a} & A^{c} & A^{d} \\
\hline
R^{d} & A^{d} & A^{d} \\
\hline
Q & A^{d} & A^{d} & A^{d} \\
\end{array}$$

wherein X is -N-, -O-, -S-, -N-C-N-, $\begin{vmatrix} & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$

each n is independently 0 to 3;

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$$(CH_2)_n$$
 or $-(CH_2)_n$ or $-(CH_2)_n$, or $-(CH_2)_n$

Q is
$$C_1$$
- C_6 alkyl, R^4
 R^5

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_8 alkyl;

$$R^{e}$$
 is R^{6} R^{8} , C_{1} - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R^a, R^b, R^c, and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃-alkali metal, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆ alkyl,

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heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

 $\label{eq:condition} \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \| \\ \text{heterocycloalkyl, benzoyl, CC$_1$-C$_6$ alkyl,} \end{array}$

O O | | | | | | -OCH, -OCC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃NR'R', -CHO, -SO₂NH₂, or -NR'R', or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

The present invention provides a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Formula I.

Also provided is a method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{b} & R^{c} \\
\hline
R^{a} & X - R^{e} \\
\hline
R^{d} & R^{d}
\end{array}$$

each n is independently 0 to 3:

5
$$Y \text{ is } \stackrel{-N-}{-}, \quad \stackrel{-C-N-}{-}, \quad \stackrel{-N-C-}{-}, \quad \stackrel{-CH_2CH_2-}{-}, \quad \stackrel{}{}$$

$$-s - (CH_2)_n$$
, $-(CH_2)_n - s -$, $-C-O$, $-O-C-$,

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$$-\overset{\text{O}}{\text{COCH}_2}\!\!-\!,\;-\overset{\text{O}}{\text{CH}_2}\!\overset{\text{O}}{\text{OC}}\!-\!,\;-\overset{\text{O}}{\text{S}}\!-\!(\text{CH}_2)_{\text{n}}\!-\!$$

$$(\mathrm{CH_2})_n$$
 $\mathrm{SO_2}$ $(\mathrm{CH_2})_n$ $-$, or $(\mathrm{CH_2})_n$ $\mathrm{SO_2}$ $-$;

Q is
$$C_1$$
- C_6 alkyl, R^4
 R^5

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

$$R^{e}$$
 is R^{6} R^{8} , C_{1} - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^a , R^b , R^c , and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl,

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

-NR'R', or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Also provided is a method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes, a monocyte chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{b} & R^{c} \\
R^{a} & 3^{2} \\
R^{a} & 8^{6} \\
R^{d} & R^{d}
\end{array}$$

wherein X is
$$-N-$$
, $-O-$, $-S-$, $-N-C-N \begin{vmatrix} & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$

each n is independently 0 to 3;

$$-s - (CH_2)_n$$
 , $-(CH_2)_n - s -$, $-C - O$, $-O - C -$,

$$-\text{COCH}_2$$
 - $-\text{CH}_2$ OC - $-\text{S}$ - $(\text{CH}_2)_n$ - ,

$$(CH_2)_n$$
 $\stackrel{O}{=}$ $\stackrel{+}{\leq}$ $\stackrel{-}{\leq}$ $\stackrel{-}{\sim}$ $\stackrel{-$

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Q is
$$C_1$$
- C_6 alkyl, R^4
 R^5

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

$$R^{e}$$
 is R^{6} R^{8} , C_{1} - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

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heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^a , R^b , R^c , and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃-alkali metal, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆ alkyl,

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heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

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heterocycloalkyl, benzoyl, CC₁-C₆ alkyl,

-NR'R', and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Also provided by the present invention are compounds having the Formula II

П

wherein

Re is phenyl, pyridyl, or substituted phenyl having 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -CF₃, or -OH;

B is hydrogen, OC_1 - C_6 alkyl, halogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, - SC_1 - C_6 alkyl, - OCF_3 , or -OH;

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Y is -CNH- or -NHC-;

Q is phenyl, pyridyl, or substituted phenyl having from 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, oxazolinyl, -CF₃, NO₂,

0

-COC₁-C₆ alkyl, or -C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the pharmaceutically

acceptable salts thereof.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula II, B is $-OCH_3$ or $-OCF_3$.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula II, Re is substituted phenyl.

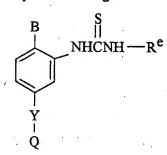
In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula II,

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula II, B is -OCH₃,

0

or -OCF3; Re is substituted phenyl and Y is -CNH-.

Also provided are compounds having the Formula III



 \mathbf{III}

wherein

Re is pyridyl, or phenyl that is substituted with from 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, benzoyl, -SO₃ alkali metal,

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$$C_1$$
- C_6 alkyl, - OC_1 - C_6 alkyl, - CN , - $COOH$, CC_1 - C_6 alkyl, - SO_3H ,

15

B is OC_1 - C_6 alkyl, hydrogen, halogen, or C_1 - C_6 alkyl,

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O O O O O O O O O
$$\parallel$$
 \parallel \parallel \parallel \parallel \parallel \parallel Y is -CNH-, -NHCNH-, -NHC-, -SNH-, -NHS-, -COCH₂-; and \parallel \parallel O O

Q is phenyl, pyridyl, or phenyl substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

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In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula III, Re is substituted phenyl.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula III, B is -OCH₃ or -OCF₃, or fluorine.

IV

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula III,

5 In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula III, Re is

substituted phenyl, B is -OCH3, -OCF3, and Y is -CNH- or -NHC-.

Also provided are compounds having the Formula IV

$$\begin{array}{c}
B \\
X - R^e \\
Y \\
0
\end{array}$$

10

wherein

B is -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, hydrogen, or -OH; 15

> Re is phenyl, pyridyl, or phenyl substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, -OC1-C6 alkyl, -OH, -NH2, -NHC1-C6

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-CO₂H, or phenyl;

Q is phenyl, pyridyl, or substituted phenyl, wherein the substituted phenyl may contain 1 to 5 substituents selected from those listed for Re, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula IV, Re is substituted phenyl.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula IV, B is -OCH3.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula IV, X is -NHCH₂-.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula IV,

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula IV, Re is

Substituted phenyl; B is -OCH₃; X is -NHCH₂-; and Y is -CNH- or -NHC-.

Also provided are compounds having the Formula V

B is -OC₁-C₆ alkyl or halogen;

A is phenyl, C₁-C₁₈ alkyl, pyridyl, quinolinyl substituted phenyl,
thiazolyl, substituted thiazolyl, substituted pyridyl, substituted
quinolinyl, imidazolyl, substituted imidazolyl, naphthyl, substituted
naphthyl, benzyl, thienyl, substituted thienyl, isoxazolyl, or
substituted isoxazolyl, wherein the substituents are selected from
halogen,

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C is phenyl or substituted phenyl, pyridyl or substituted pyridyl, wherein the substituents are as described for A, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula V, A is C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, substituted phenyl, or thienyl.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula V, B is -OCH₃ or halogen.

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula V,

In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of Formula V, A is C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, substituted phenyl or thienyl; B is -OCF3 or halogen; and

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the
method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of
having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of
Formula VI

$$R^2$$
 Q
 R^4
 NH_2
 R^3
 VI

wherein Q is

each R^5 is independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are independently hydrogen, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OCF₃,
-OH, halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, -COOR⁵, -SO₃NR⁵R⁵, -CHO,
-OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -NR⁵R⁵, C₁-C₆ alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula VI

$$R^2$$
 Q
 R^4
 NH_2
 R^3
 VI

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wherein Q is

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each R^5 is independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are independently hydrogen, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, -COOR⁵, -SO₃NR⁵R⁵, -CHO, -OCF₃, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -NR⁵R⁵, C₁-C₆ alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula VI

$$R^2$$
 NH_2 R^3 VI

wherein Q is

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each R^5 is independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are independently hydrogen, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, -COOR⁵, -SO₃NR⁵R⁵, -CHO, -OCF₃, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -NR⁵R⁵, C₁-C₆ alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Also provided is a method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula VI

$$R^{1}$$
 Q
 R^{1}
 R^{3}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{3}

20 wherein Q is

each R⁵ is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

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R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are independently hydrogen, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, -COOR⁵, -SO₃NR⁵R⁵, -CHO, -OCF₃, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -NR⁵R⁵, C₁-C₆ alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

The present invention also provides compounds having the Formula VII

$$X - R^z$$
VII

wherein

S
| X is -CH₂NHCNH-, -NHSO₂-, -CH₂NHSO₂-, -NHSO₂CH₂-,

O S O O
| | | | | | |
-NHC-CH-, -NHCH₂CH₂-, -NHCNHC-, -NHC-,
| OAc
| N-CN O
| | | | |
-NH-C-NH-, or -NHC-CH-;

R^z is phenyl or phenyl substituted with from 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen or -CF₃; or

OH

X and R^z are -N(SO₂-3,5-dichlorophenyl)₂, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

The present invention also provides compounds having the Formula VIII

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$$CH_3O$$
 $NH-CH_2$
 S
 $VIII$

wherein

R^z is phenyl, pyridyl, or phenyl substituted with from 1 to 5 substituents wherein the substituents are selected from halogen, pyridyl, or -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula II.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula II.

Also provided is a method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula II.

Also provided is a method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula II.

The present invention provides a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Formula II.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula III.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula III.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula III.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula III.

The present invention also provides a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Formula III.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula IV.

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Also provided is a method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula IV.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula IV.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula IV.

The present invention provides a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Formula IV.

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Also provided is a method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula V.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula V.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula V.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula V.

The present invention also provides a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Formula V.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula VII.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula VII.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula VII.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula VII.

The present invention also provides a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Formula VII.

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Also provided is a method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula VIII.

Also provided is a method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula VIII.

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Also provided is a method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula VIII.

Also provided is a method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula VIII.

The present invention provides a pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Formula VIII.

The present invention provides the compounds:

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide;

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3-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide;

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

4-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzoic acid;

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-pyridin-3-yl-thioureido)-benzamide;

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3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide:

3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or

3-Methanesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-chlorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-methylphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide;

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- 3-Amino-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
- 3-Amino-4-ethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3-chlorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-ethyl-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-ethyl-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-ethyl-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide; or
- 10 3-Amino-4-methylsulfanyl-N-phenyl-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- N-(3-Amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3.4-Dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-methoxy-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 15 3-Phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(2-Methoxy-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(2-Methoxy-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
- 20 3-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 3-(3-Chloro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(3-Methyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(3-Nitro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide:
- 25 3-(4-Methyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(3,5-Dimethyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-Phenylamino-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-Phenylamino-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
- 30 3-Phenylamino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 4-Ethyl-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 4-Ethoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- $\hbox{4-Methyl sulfanyl-3-(3-trifluor omethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenyl$
- 5 benzamide;

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- 3-[4-(4,4-Dimethyl-4,5-dihydro-oxazol-2-yl)-phenylamino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(3-pyridyl)-benzamide,
 - 4-Methoxy-3-(3,5-dimethyl-phenylamino)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide;
 - N-[3-(Phenylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide; or
- 15 3-Benzylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(3,4-Dimethoxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-Phenoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide,
- 20 3-Phenoxy-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(Phenylamino)-4-methoxy-benzoic acid, phenyl ester;
 - 4-Hydroxy-3-(3,5-dichloro-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide:
- 25 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-(4-methylphenyl)-benzamide; or
 - 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 30 3-[3-(3-Chlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-phenyl-thioureido)-benzamide;

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]benzamide; 3-[3-(4-tert-Butyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-[3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 5 3-[3-(3-Nitrophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-benzoyl-thioureido)-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-phenyl)-thioureido]benzamide: 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(-3-p-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide; or 10 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide. The present invention provides the compounds: 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-[3-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-[3-(4-Chloro-3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-15 phenyl-benzamide; 3-[3-(3-Cyanophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-[3-(3-Acetyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-[3-(4-Chloro-3-nitrophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 20 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-(4-methoxy-phenyl)benzamide; or 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-ethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide. The present invention provides the compounds: 25 4-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzenesulfonic acid; 4-Methoxy-3-[3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]benzamide; 30 3-[3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

thioureido]-benzamide;

1-{3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxyphenyl}-3-phenylurea; N-{3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-[3-(4-nitrophenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide; 5 3-[3-(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide: or 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide. The present invention provides the compounds: N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-10 benzamide; 3-[3-(4-Dimethylaminophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide: 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-p-tolyl-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-m-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide; 15 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide; N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxybenzamide: 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-o-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide: 3-[3-(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 20 or 3-[3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-pyridin-3-ylbenzamide. The present invention provides the compounds: 5-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-2-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide; 25 N-(3,4-Dimethylphenyl)-4-methoxy-3-(3-m-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide; N-(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)-4-methoxy-3-(3-m-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide; N-(3-Chloro-4-methylphenyl)-3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide; N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-3-[3-(4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-

- 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methylsulfanyl-N-phenylbenzamide;
- 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide;
- N-(3-Chlorophenyl)-3-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide;
 - 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzenesulfonamide; or
 - 4-Ethyl-N-phenyl-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide.
- 10 The present invention provides the compounds:
 - 4-Ethyl-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide;
 - 3-{3-[2-Methoxy-5-(pyridin-3-ylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;
- 3-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzoic acid;
 - 3,4-Dichloro-N-{4-fluoro-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-phenyl}-benzamide;
 - 3,4-Dichloro-N-{3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxyphenyl}-benzamide;
 - 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide; or
 - 3-Benzenesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.
- The present invention provides the compounds:
 - 3-(4-Methoxy-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(3-Nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide:
 - 3-(3-Chloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(4-Methyl-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 30 3-(4-Fluoro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

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- 3-(4,5-Dibromo-thiophene-2-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;
 - 3-(2-Chloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide:
- 3-(4-Trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(Butane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
 - 3-(Quinoline-8-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 3-(2-Acetylamino-4-methyl-thiazole-5-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(2,5-Dichloro-thiophene-3-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;
 - 3-(Naphthalene-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-Ethanesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-Phenylmethanesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(3,4-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(Toluene-3-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(4-Acetylamino-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-
- 20 benzamide:
 - 3-(Naphthalene-2-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(1-Methyl-1H-imidazole-4-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;
 - 3-(Thiophene-2-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(5-Dimethylamino-naphthalene-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-carbonic acid-phenyl ester phenyl ester, or
 - 4-Hydroxy-3-phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide.

- 30 3-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-benzoylamino)-benzoic acid ethyl ester:
 - 3-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-benzoylamino)-benzoic acid methyl ester;

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- 3,4-Difluoro-N-(3-amino-4-methoxy-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-(3-amino-4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 1-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-urea;
- 3-(4-Fluoro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
- 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 3-(4-Fluoro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-[4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-benzoylamino]-benzoic acid methyl ester;
- 3-[4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-benzoylamino]-benzoic acid ethyl ester;
- 4-Trifluoromethoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenylbenzamide;
- 4-Trifluoromethoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3,4-Dichloro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide:
 - 3-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzoic acid methyl ester;
 - 3-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;
 - 3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-trifluoromethoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide; or
- 3-[3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-trifluoromethoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide.

- 4-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzenesulfonic acid;
- 4-{3-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;

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- 3-{3-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;
- 4-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-benzoylamino)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;
- 3-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-benzoylamino)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;
- N-{3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-fluoro-phenyl}-3,4-difluoro-benzamide;
- 1-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-{3-[3-(3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-urea;
- 3-(3-{5-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-thioureido)-benzoic acid methyl ester;
- 3-(3-{5-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-thioureido)-benzoic acid; or
- 1-{3-[3-(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-urea.

- 1-{3-[3-(4-Chloro-3-nitro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-urea;
- 3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzoic acid benzyl ester;
 - 3-(Dodecane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-(octane-1-sulfonylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(Decane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(3-Nitro-benzenesufonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 3,5-Dichloro-N-{5-[3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide;
 - 3-(1-Methylethyl-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 4-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylsulfamoyl)-benzoic acid; or
 - 3-(Octadecane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

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- 3-(3-Amino-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-(4-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(3-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(3-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-(4-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(4-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide; or
 - 3-(Dodecane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide.
- The present invention provides the compounds:
 - 3-(3-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3,4-Dichloro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(4-methoxy-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
 - 3,4-Dichloro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(toluene-4-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
 - 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(3-amino-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide:
 - 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(4-amino-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(1-dodecane-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide,

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- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(chloromethyl-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(3-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide; or
 - 3,4-Difluoro-N-[3-(4-cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[3-(3-cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide;
 - 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-fluoro-3-(thiophene-2-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;

Thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {5-[3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-amide;

- 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-thiobenzamide;
- 3,5-Dichloro-N-(2-methoxy-5-phenylaminomethyl-phenyl)-benzenesulfonamide;
- 3-(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3-(4-Diethylamino-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(3-Fluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3-(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
 - 4-Methoxy-3-(3-fluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide.

- 4-Methoxy-3-(3-nitro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(4-methoxy-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-[(naphthalen-1-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 30 4-Methoxy-3-(3,5--dimethyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(2,3-Difluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

Acetic acid 4-[(2-methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-phenyl ester;

4-[(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid methyl ester;

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- 3-[(Furan-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(2-methyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
- 4-Methoxy-3-(4-fluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

3-(4-Hydroxy-3-nitro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

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- 3-(4-Diethylamino-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3-Benzylamino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3-(3-Hydroxy-4-nitro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(3-Cyano-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

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- 3-{[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]-methyl}-benzoic acid;
 - 3-(3-Chloro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(4-tert-Butyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(4-Cyano-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or

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4-{[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]-methyl}-benzoic acid.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 4-Methoxy-3-(4-propoxy-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-[(Biphenyl-4-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

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- 4-Methoxy-3-(4-methyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(2-methoxy-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(4-Butyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide,
- 3-(3-Fluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide;

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- 3-[(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid;
- 3-(3,4-Dimethyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

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- 3-(4-Isopropyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
- 3,4-Dichloro-N-[3-(3-fluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide.

The present invention provides the compounds:

- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[3-(3-hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide:
- 3-{[5-(3,4-Difluoro-benzoylamino)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]-methyl}-benzoic acid;
- 3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureidomethyl]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;
- 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-[(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-methyl]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide,
 - 4-Methoxy-3-phenylmethanesulfonylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-[Bis[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;
 - (2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-acetic acid phenylmethyl ester;
 - 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethylamino]-benzamide; or
- 4-Methoxy-3-[3-(3-nitro-phenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide.

- 3-[(3,5-Dichlorobenzoyl)amino]-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-[[(Cyanoimino)[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)amino]methyl]amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(2-Hydroxy-2-phenyl-acetylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-
- 30 benzamide;

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- 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-pyridin-3-yl-benzamide;
- 4-{4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-benzoylamino}-benzoic acid ethyl ester;
- 3,4-Dichloro-N-{4-methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-phenyl}-benzamide; or
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-{4-methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino}-phenyl}-benzamide.
- 10 The present invention provides the compounds:
 - 3-[(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-(3,5-difluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(4-Dimethylamino-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-(2-fluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - $N-\{3-[(2,3-Dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-phenyl\}-benzamide;$
 - 3-(4-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-(3-methyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
 - 3-(3,4-Difluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

- 3-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide:
 - 4-[(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-{[3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-
- 30 benzamide; or
 - 3-(3-Acetylamino-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The term "alkyl" means a straight or branched chain hydrocarbon. Representative examples of alkyl groups are methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, butyl, tert-butyl, sec-butyl, pentyl, and hexyl. Preferably the alkyl group contains from 1 to 6 carbon atoms.

The term "alkoxy" means an alkyl group attached to an oxygen atom.

Representative examples of alkoxy groups include methoxy, ethoxy, tert-butoxy, propoxy, and isobutoxy.

The term "halogen" includes chlorine, fluorine, bromine, and iodine.

The term "alkenyl" means a branched or straight chain hydrocarbon having one or more carbon-carbon double bond.

The term "aryl" means an aromatic hydrocarbon. Representative examples of aryl groups include phenyl and naphthyl.

The term "heteroatom" includes oxygen, nitrogen, and sulfur.

The term "heteroaryl" means an aryl group wherein one or more carbon atom of the aromatic hydrocarbon has been replaced with a heteroatom. Examples of heteroaryl radicals include, but are not limited to, pyridyl, imidazolyl, pyrrolyl, thienyl, furyl, pyranyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, indolyl, quinolyl, naphthyridinyl, and isoxazolyl.

The term "cycloalkyl" means a cyclic hydrocarbon. Examples of cycloalkyl groups include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, and cyclohexyl.

The term "substituted" means that the base organic radical has one or more substituents. For example, substituted cyclohexyl means a cyclohexyl radical that has one or more substituents. Substituents include, but are not limited to, halogen, C₁-C₈ alkyl, -CN, CF₃, -NO₂, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₈alkyl, -N(C₁-C₈alkyl)₂, -OC₁-C₈ alkyl, and -OH.

The term "heterocycle" means a cycloalkyl group wherein one or more atom is replaced with a heteroatom. Examples of heterocycles include, but are not limited to, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, and piperazinyl.

The symbol "-" means a bond.

The term "patient" means all animals including humans. Examples of patients include humans, cows, dogs, cats, goats, sheep, and pigs.

Those skilled in the art are easily able to identify patients having atherosclerosis and inflammation.

A therapeutically effective amount is an amount of a compound of the present invention that when administered to a patient ameliorates a symptom of atherosclerosis or inflammation.

The compounds of the present invention can be administered to a patient either alone or as part of a pharmaceutical composition. The compositions can be administered to patients either orally, rectally, parenterally (intravenously, intramuscularly, or subcutaneously), intracisternally, intravaginally, intraperitoneally, intravesically, locally (powders, ointments or drops), or as a buccal or nasal spray.

Compositions suitable for parenteral injection may comprise physiologically acceptable sterile aqueous or nonaqueous solutions, dispersions, suspensions or emulsions and sterile powders for reconstitution into sterile injectable solutions or dispersions. Examples of suitable aqueous and nonaqueous carriers, diluents, solvents, or vehicles include water, ethanol, polyols (propyleneglycol, polyethyleneglycol, glycerol, and the like), suitable mixtures thereof, vegetable oils (such as olive oil), and injectable organic esters such as ethyl oleate. Proper fluidity can be maintained, for example, by the use of a coating such as lecithin, by the maintenance of the required particle size in the case of dispersions and by the use of surfactants.

These compositions may also contain adjuvants such as preserving, wetting, emulsifying, and dispensing agents. Prevention of the action of microorganisms can be ensured by various antibacterial and antifungal agents, for example, parabens, chlorobutanol, phenol, sorbic acid, and the like. It may also be desirable to include isotonic agents, for example sugars, sodium chloride, and the like. Prolonged absorption of the injectable pharmaceutical form can be brought about by the use of agents delaying absorption, for example, aluminum monostearate and gelatin.

Solid dosage forms for oral administration include capsules, tablets, pills, powders, and granules. In such solid dosage forms, the active compound is

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admixed with at least one inert customary excipient (or carrier) such as sodium citrate or dicalcium phosphate or (a) fillers or extenders, as for example, starches, lactose, sucrose, glucose, mannitol and silicic acid, (b) binders, as for example, carboxymethylcellulose, alginates, gelatin, polyvinylpyrrolidone, sucrose, and acacia, (c) humectants, as for example, glycerol, (d) disintegrating agents, as for example, agar-agar, calcium carbonate, potato or tapioca starch, alginic acid, certain complex silicates, and sodium carbonate, (e) solution retarders, as for example paraffin, (f) absorption accelerators, as for example, quaternary ammonium compounds, (g) wetting agents, as for example, cetyl alcohol and glycerol monostearate, (h) adsorbents, as for example, kaolin and bentonite, and (i) lubricants, as for example, talc, calcium stearate, magnesium stearate, solid polyethylene glycols, sodium lauryl sulfate, or mixtures thereof. In the case of capsules, tablets, and pills, the dosage forms may also comprise buffering agents.

Solid compositions of a similar type may also be employed as fillers in soft- and hard-filled gelatin capsules using such excipients as lactose or milk sugar as well as high molecular weight polyethyleneglycols, and the like.

Solid dosage forms such as tablets, dragees, capsules, pills, and granules can be prepared with coatings and shells, such as enteric coatings and others well-known in the art. They may contain opacifying agents, and can also be of such composition that they release the active compound or compounds in a certain part of the intestinal tract in a delayed manner. Examples of embedding compositions which can be used are polymeric substances and waxes. The active compounds can also be in micro-encapsulated form, if appropriate, with one or more of the above-mentioned excipients.

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Liquid dosage forms for oral administration include pharmaceutically acceptable emulsions, solutions, suspensions, syrups, and elixirs. In addition to the active compounds, the liquid dosage forms may contain inert diluents commonly used in the art, such as water or other solvents, solubilizing agents and emulsifiers, as for example, ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, ethyl carbonate, ethyl acetate, benzyl alcohol, benzyl benzoate, propyleneglycol, 1,3-butyleneglycol, dimethylformamide, oils, in particular, cottonseed oil, groundnut oil, corn germ oil, olive oil, castor oil and sesame oil, glycerol, tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol,

polyethyleneglycols and fatty acid esters of sorbitan or mixtures of these substances, and the like.

Besides such inert diluents, the composition can also include adjuvants, such as wetting agents, emulsifying and suspending agents, sweetening, flavoring, and perfuming agents.

Suspensions, in addition to the active compounds, may contain suspending agents, as for example, ethoxylated isostearyl alcohols, polyoxyethylene sorbitol and sorbitan esters, microcrystalline cellulose, aluminum metahydroxide, bentonite, agar-agar and tragacanth, or mixtures of these substances, and the like.

Compositions for rectal administrations are preferably suppositories which can be prepared by mixing the compounds of the present invention with suitable nonirritating excipients or carriers such as cocoa butter, polyethyleneglycol or a suppository wax, which are solid at ordinary temperatures but liquid at body temperature and therefore, melt in the rectum or vaginal cavity and release the active component.

Dosage forms for topical administration of a compound of this invention include ointments, powders, sprays, and inhalants. The active component is admixed under sterile conditions with a physiologically acceptable carrier and any preservatives, buffers, or propellants as may be required. Ophthalmic formulations, eye ointments, powders, and solutions are also contemplated as being within the scope of this invention.

The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, and prodrugs" as used herein refers to those carboxylate salts, amino acid addition salts, esters, amides, and prodrugs of the compounds of the present invention which are, within the scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for use in contact with the tissues of patients without undue toxicity, irritation, allergic response, and the like, commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio, and effective for their intended use, as well as the zwitterionic forms, where possible, of the compounds of the invention. The term salts refers to the relatively nontoxic, inorganic and organic acid addition salts of compounds of the present invention. These salts can be prepared in situ during the final isolation and purification of the compounds or by separately reacting the purified compound in its free base form with a suitable organic or inorganic acid and isolating the salt thus formed. Representative salts

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include the hydrobromide, hydrochloride, sulfate, bisulfate, nitrate, acetate, oxalate, valerate, oleate, palmitate, stearate, laurate, borate, benzoate, lactate, phosphate, tosylate, citrate, maleate, fumarate, succinate, tartrate, naphthylate mesylate, glucoheptonate, lactiobionate and laurylsulphonate salts and the like. These may include cations based on the alkali and alkaline earth metals, such as sodium, lithium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, and the like, as well as nontoxic ammonium, quaternary ammonium and amine cations including, but not limited to ammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetraethylammonium, methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, triethylamine, ethylamine, and the like. (See, for example, S.M. Berge, et al., Pharmaceutical Salts, J. Pharm. Sci., 1977;66:1-19, which is incorporated herein by reference).

Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable, nontoxic esters of the compounds of this invention include C_1 - C_6 alkyl esters wherein the alkyl group is a straight or branched chain. Acceptable esters also include C_5 - C_7 cycloalkyl esters as well as arylalkyl esters such as, but not limited to benzyl. C_1 - C_4 alkyl esters are preferred. Esters of the compounds of the present invention may be prepared according to conventional methods.

Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable, nontoxic amides of the compounds of this invention include amides derived from ammonia, primary C_1 - C_6 alkyl amines and secondary C_1 - C_6 dialkyl amines wherein the alkyl groups are straight or branched chain. In the case of secondary amines the amine may also be in the form of a 5- or 6-membered heterocycle containing one nitrogen atom. Amides derived from ammonia, C_1 - C_3 alkyl primary amines and C_1 - C_2 dialkyl secondary amines are preferred. Amides of the compounds of the invention may be prepared according to conventional methods.

The term "prodrug" refers to compounds that are rapidly transformed in vivo to yield the parent compound of the above formulae, for example, by hydrolysis in blood. A thorough discussion is provided in T. Higuchi and V. Stella, Pro-drugs as Novel Delivery Systems, Vol. 14 of the A.C.S. Symposium Series, and in *Bioreversible Carriers in Drug Design*, ed. Edward B. Roche, American Pharmaceutical Association and Pergamon Press, 1987, both of which are incorporated herein by reference.

In addition, the compounds of the present invention can exist in unsolvated as well as solvated forms with pharmaceutically acceptable solvents such as water, ethanol and the like. In general, the solvated forms are considered equivalent to the unsolvated forms for the purposes of the present invention.

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The compounds of the present invention can exist in different stereoisometric forms by virtue of the presence of asymmetric centers in the compounds. It is contemplated that all stereoisometric forms of the compounds as well as mixtures thereof, including racemic mixtures, form part of this invention.

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The compounds of the present invention can be administered to a patient at dosage levels in the range of about 0.1 to about 1,000 mg per day. For a normal human adult having a body weight of about 70 kg, a dosage in the range of about 0.01 to about 100 mg per kg of body weight per day is preferable. The specific dosage used, however, can vary. For example, the dosage can depend on a numbers of factors including the requirements of the patient, the severity of the condition being treated, and the pharmacological activity of the compound being used. The determination of optimum dosages for a particular patient is well known to those skilled in the art.

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The scope of the present invention includes compounds that are synthesized by standard techniques used organic synthesis and known to those skilled in the art, including combinatorial chemistry, or by biological mechanisms, including digestion and metabolism.

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The examples presented below are intended to illustrate particular embodiments of the invention and are not intended to limit the scope of the specification, including the claims, in any way.

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EXAMPLES

The following abbreviations are used throughout the present application:

THF

tetrahydrofuran

PBS

phosphate buffered saline

APCI

atmosphere pressure chemical ionization

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-50-

m.p.

melting point

CI

chemical ionization

HPODE

hydroperoxyoctadecadienoate

HODE

hydroxyoctadecadienoate

Biological Examples

Rabbit Reticulocyte 15-LO Assay (h15LO)

The present 15-LO assay takes advantage of the ability of 15-LO to oxidize the fatty acid linoleic acid to the hydroperoxy fatty acid 13-(S)HPODE, resulting in the formation of a conjugated diene. The 15-LO inhibitors are incubated with 15-LO enzyme in the presence of linoleic acid substrate. The initial reaction is compared to an uninhibited (maximal) reaction to yield % inhibition. The 13-(S)HPODE produced in the reaction is reduced to the more stable corresponding hydroxy fatty acid, 13-hydroxyoctadecadienoate (13-HODE). This prevents artificial nonenzyme lipid peroxidation and product breakdown in the sample. 13-HPODE is quantitated by comparing peak areas of individual samples with those from a standard curve generated using authentic 13-HODE. This assay is performed using 2U of rabbit reticulocyte 15-LO in the presence of 174 μM linoleic acid. The reaction is incubated for 15 minutes at 4°C. The total reaction volume is 100 μL in PBS containing 0.2% Na cholate. The reaction is stopped with 100 μL of mobile phase and 10 μL of triethyl phosphite, which reduces the 13-HPODE to the more stable 13-HODE.

Fifteen-lipoxygenase was obtained from phenylhydrazine-treated rabbits and purified per the method of Rapoport (Rapoport S.M., Schewe T., Wiesner R., et al. The lipoxygenase of reticulocytes. Purification, characterization, and biological dynamics of the lipoxygenase; its identity with the respiratory inhibitors of the reticulocyte. European Journal of Biochemistry, 1979;96:545-561). The following chemicals were purchased and used as received: linoleic acid (NUJCheck Prep), 13-HPODE (Biomol Research Labs), sodium cholate (Sigma), trimethyl phosphite (Fluka Chemicals).

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Monocyte Recruitment Assay

The recruitment or chemotaxis of monocytes was assayed by methods well known to those skilled in the art. In particular, the method set forth in <u>J. Clin.</u>

<u>Invest.</u>, 1988;82:1853-1863, which is hereby incorporated by reference, was used.

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Synthetic Examples

The compounds of the invention which are diarylamines can be prepared by reacting an aminobenzanilide with an appropriately substituted triarylbismuthine in a solvent such as ether, tetrahydrofuran, dichloromethane, chloroform, or the like. The reaction time is 1 hour to 96 hours, generally 4 hours, at a temperature from 20°C to 70°C, preferably 40°C to 50°C, in the presence of an organic base and a copper salt. The organic base can be chosen from any of a number such as pyridine, DABCO, DBU, trialkylamine, diisopropyl-ethylamine, etc., preferably triethylamine. The copper salt can be a copper(I) or copper(II) species, or even copper itself, but is preferably copper(II) acetate. The reaction requires at least a stoichiometric amount of each of the reagents but they may be employed in large excess; typically an approximately equimolar amount of each is employed. The triarylbismuth reagents may be triaryl Bi(III) or Bi(V) compounds, the latter being also the dihalo- or diacyl-species, with the tris(substituted-phenyl)bismuthines being preferred.

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The required triarylbismuthines are either commercially available or prepared from commercially available materials using methods known in the literature, for example by reacting a Grignard reagent with Bi(III) chloride in THF.

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Alternatively, the compounds of this type can be prepared by the well-known Ullmann reaction, in which an amino-benzanilide is reacted with an appropriately substituted aryl halide, such as a bromo- or iodobenzene in the presence of a base such as potassium carbonate or sodium carbonate or an organic base like N-ethylmorpholine, and a copper salt as described above, in a high-boiling solvent such as xylene, toluene, mesitylene, DMF, or DMA. The reaction is typically carried out at a temperature between 100°C to 200°C, preferably 150°C to 160°C. The concentrations of the reagents is not critical; typically a 2- to

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5-fold excess of the reagents relative to the benzanilide is utilized, and the reaction time extends from 3 hours to 5 days, depending on the substituents present on the aromatic rings.

The aminobenzanilides required are either commercially available or are prepared by methods well-known in the chemical literature.

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The thioureas of this invention may be prepared in various ways, all of which are well-known in the art. A convenient method of preparing the thioureas in this patent is to react a substituted aminobenzanilide with a substituted phenylisothiocyanate in a nonpolar aprotic solvent such as THF, ethyl acetate, ether, dichloromethane, or dioxane for from about 2 hours to 3 days at from about 0 degrees to about 70 degrees. The resulting product is collected by filtration or is obtained by concentration of the reaction mixture and then collected by filtration.

Isothiocyanates of various types are well-known and widely available to practitioners of the art.

The sulfonamides of this invention can be prepared using procedures well-known in the art. In a typical preparation, an aminobenzanilide is reacted with a sulfonyl chloride in equimolar proportions either neat or in a nonreactive organic solvent such as dichloromethane, tetrahydrofuran, toluene, dioxane or the like in the presence of a base such as trialkylamine, pyridine, DABCO, or DBU, over a wide range of temperatures typically from 0 degrees to about 150 degrees and a time period of 5 minutes to 5 days, followed by a workup procedure well-known to practitioners of the art. The molar ratios of the reactants are not critical but for the compounds of this invention equimolar ratios are preferred. Likewise, the sulfonamides of this invention are preferably prepared using pyridine as solvent with a reaction time of approximately 3 days at room temperature.

The required sulfonyl chlorides are in general commercially available or are readily prepared by methods well-known in the chemical literature.

STARTING MATERIALS

The benzoic acids, benzaldehydes, and anilines used in the following Examples are obtained from commercial suppliers, for example, Aldrich Chemical Company. 3-Amino-4-methoxy-benzanilide is obtained from Apin or Pfaltz &

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Bauer. Triphenylbismuth is obtained from Alfa. The other tris(aryl)-bismuthines are prepared using procedures described in the following references:

Tris(2-methoxyphenyl)bismuthine

Tris(3-methylphenyl)bismuthine

Tris(3-chlorophenyl)bismuthine

Tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)bismuthine

Tris(4-methylphenyl)bismuthine

Tris[4-(4,4-dimethyl-2-oxazolino)-

phenyl]-bismuthine

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CA 111(1989):154111j

ibid.

Synthesis 1994:775

ibid.

J. Coord. Chem.,

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1996

Tris(3,5-dimethylphenyl)bismuthine Can be prepared in accordance

with the procedure set forth in

Synthesis, 1994:775, except using the Grignard reagent as described

in J. Organomet Chem.,

1994:468(1-2):37

EXAMPLE 1

3-Amino-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

5 Step A: 4-Methyl-3-nitro-N-phenyl-benzamide

Oxalyl chloride (3 mL, 35 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred solution of 3-nitro-4-methylbenzoic acid (5.0 g, 28 mmol) in a mixture of tetrahydrofuran or dichloromethane (125 mL) and dimethylformamide (1/2 mL) under N2 at ice bath temperature. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After 1 hour, the solvent was removed by rotary evaporator under reduced pressure. The residue was redissolved in fresh tetrahydrofuran (100 mL) and recooled to ice bath temperature under N₂, while a solution of aniline (5.2 g, 56 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL) was added dropwise. After 16 hours of stirring at room temperature, the mixture was concentrated to half-volume by rotary evaporator and the residue stirred in water (200 mL). After several hours, the precipitate was

filtered off, rinsed three times with water, and dried to afford the product (6.8 g); m.p. 147-148°C.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₂N₂O₃:

C, 65.62; H, 4.72; N, 10.93.

5 Found: C, 65.45; H, 4.64; N, 10.87.

Step B: 3-Amino-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

Raney nickel (1 g) was added to a solution of 3-nitro-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide (6.2 g, 24 mmol) in a mixture of tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) and methanol (100 mL) and shaken at room temperature under an atmosphere of hydrogen, initially at a pressure of 50 psi, until the required amount of hydrogen was taken up. The catalyst was removed by filtration, and the filtrate was stripped of solvent by rotary evaporator. The residue was dried under reduced pressure to afford the pure product (5.5 g); m.p. 149-151°C.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₄N₂O:

15 C, 74.31; H, 6.24; N, 12.38.

Found: C, 74.09; H, 6.20; N, 12.17.

EXAMPLE 2

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-chlorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (5.5 mL, 63.05 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (11.30 g, 57.32 mmol), dimethylformamide (1.0 mL, 1.29 mmol), and 4-chloroaniline (14.6 g, 114 mmol) to afford the product (4.4 g); m.p. 191-192°C. Calculated for C₁₄H₁₃N₂O₂Cl:

C, 60.77; H, 4.74; N, 10.12.

25 Found: C, 60.71; H, 4.67; N, 10.03.

EXAMPLE 3

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (3.0 mL, 34.39 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5.00 g,

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25.36 mmol), dimethylformamide (0.5 mL, 6.5 mmol), and 4-methoxyaniline (6.25 g, 50.7 mmol) to afford the product (4.45 g); m.p. 164-167°C. Calculated for C₁₄H₁₆N₂O₃:

C, 66.16; H, 5.92; N, 10.29.

Found: C, 66.21; H, 5.73; N, 10.35.

EXAMPLE 4

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (5.0 mL, 57.31 mmol), 3-nitro-4-methoxybenzoic acid (5.04 g, 25.56 mmol), dimethylformamide (0.5 mL, 6.46 mmol), and 3,4-dichloroaniline (8.3 g, 51 mmol) to afford the product (5.45 g); m.p. 179-182°C.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₂N₂O₂Cl₂:

C, 54.04; H, 3.89; N, 9.00.

Found: C, 53.30; H, 3.76; N, 8.83.

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EXAMPLE 5

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3-pyridyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (2.0 mL, 22.93 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (4.00 g, 20.29 mmol), dimethylformamide (0.5 mL, 6.46 mmol), and 3-aminopyridine (3.83 g, 40.69 mmol) to afford the product (3.98 g); m.p. 193-196°C. Calculated for C₁₃H₁₃N₃O₂•0.25 M MeOH:

C, 63.33; H, 5.62; N, 16.73.

Found: C, 63.33; H, 5.41; N, 16.88.

EXAMPLE 6

25 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (3.0 mL, 34.4 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5.00 g, 25.36 mmol), dimethylformamide (1.0 mL, 12.92 mmol), and 3,4-dimethylaniline (6.2 g, 51 mmol) to afford the product (5.99 g); m.p. 138-142°C.

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Calculated for C₁₆H₁₈N₂O₂:

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C, 71.09; H, 6.71; N, 10.36.

Found: C, 70.63; H, 6.79; N, 10.28.

EXAMPLE 7

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-methylphenyl)-benzamide

Oxalyl chloride (5.8 mL, 66.49 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (13.00 g, 65.94 mmol) and dimethylformamide (1.5 mL, 1.94 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (250 mL) at ice bath temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction was stirred overnight and allowed to gradually warm to room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was triturated with hexanes and filtered to obtain 15.68 g of an off-white solid (acid chloride). The acid chloride (5.00 g, 23.19 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (250 mL) and cooled to ice bath temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere while 4-toluidine (14.6 g, 132 mmol) in of tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added. The reaction was stirred overnight and allowed to warm to room temperature. The solvent was concentrated to a volume of 125 mL and diluted with ethyl acetate (125 mL). The organic layer was washed with 1N HCl, 1N NaOH, brine (2 × 40 mL), dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and evaporated. The solid was triturated with hexanes and collected by filtration to give 1.23 g of the nitrobenzamide. The benzamide (1.06 g, 3.71 mmol) was reduced according to the procedure described for Example 1, Step B to afford the product (0.89 g); m.p. 190-194°C.

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₆N₂O₂•0.1 M H₂O:

C, 69.80; H, 6.33; N, 10.68.

25 Found: C, 69.69; H, 6.11; N, 10.77.

EXAMPLE 8

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 7 using oxalyl chloride (3.0 mL, 34.39 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5.00 g,

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25.36 mmol), dimethylformamide (0.5 mL, 6.5 mmol), and 4-fluroaniline (5.0 mL, 52.78 mmol) to afford the product (4.45 g); m.p. 164-167°C. Calculated for C₁₄H₁₃N₂O₂F:

C, 64.61; H, 5.03; N, 10.76.

Found: C, 64.43; H, 4.95; N, 10.71.

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EXAMPLE 9

3-Amino-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide

Step A: 3-Nitro-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide

Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (13.4 g, 65 mmol) was added to a mixture of 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoic acid (11.21 g, 61 mmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (8.72 g, 65 mmol), aniline (6.3 g, 68 mmol), and dimethylformamide (200 mL) all at once (exotherm), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered, the solvent was removed by rotary evaporator (70°C), and the residue taken up in ethyl acetate (300 mL). The ethyl acetate solution was washed with water (3 × 200 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate), filtered, and stripped of solvent to leave an orange solid residue. The solid was recrystallized from hexane/ethyl acetate and used without further purification in the next step. Filtration through silica gel, eluting with dichloromethane/methanol 95:5 afforded an analytical sample; m.p. 155-157°C.

20 Calculated for C₁₃H₉FN₂O₃:

C, 60.00; H, 3.49; N, 10.76.

Found: C, 59.94; H, 3.48; N, 10.69.

Step B: 3-Amino-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide

Zinc dust (14 g) was added to a solution of 4-fluoro-3-nitro-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.99 g, 7.6 mmol) in acetic acid (80 mL) at 0°C. The mixture was stirred and allowed to warm to room temperature. After 4 hours, the mixture was filtered and the residue washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrate and washings were combined and taken to dryness by rotovap and the residue partitioned between ethyl acetate (200 mL) and saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The organic layer was washed with saturated brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and stripped of solvent.

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The residue was triturated in ethyl acetate/hexane and the suspended solid filtered off to afford the product (1.55g); m.p. 167-170°C.

Calculated for C₁₃H₁₁FN₂O:

C, 67.82; H, 4.82; N, 12.17.

Found: C, 67.76; H, 4.70; N, 12.06.

EXAMPLE 10

3-Amino-4-ethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Step A: 3-Nitro-4-ethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

4-Fluoro-3-nitro-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 9 (2.34 g, 9 mmol) was added all at once to a solution prepared by dissolving sodium metal (2.29 g, 100 mmol) in ethanol (100 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred 1 hour at room temperature, then citric acid solution (10% aqueous, 4 mL) was added, and the mixture allowed to stand overnight. The reaction mixture was then concentrated to dryness and the residue chromatographed on silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate, 1:1, as eluant to afford the product as an orange solid (1.09 g); m.p. 189-190°C. Calculated for C₁₅H₁₄N₂O₄:

C, 62.93; H, 4.93; N, 9.79.

Found: C, 63.09; H, 4.42; N, 9.57.

Step B: 3-Amino-4-ethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

4-Ethoxy-3-nitro-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.77 g, 2.7 mmol) was reduced according to the procedure described for Example 9, Step B to afford the product (0.48 g); m.p. 189-190°C.

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₆N₂O₂:

C; 70.29; H, 6.29; N, 10.93.

Found: C, 70.29; H, 6.11; N, 10.82.

EXAMPLE 11

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (3.0 mL, 4.39 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5.00 g,

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25.36 mmol), dimethylformamide (0.5 mL, 6.5 mmol), and 3,5-dimethylaniline (6.4 mL, 51.33 mmol) to afford the product (4.79 g); m.p. 155-162°C. Calculated for $C_{16}H_{18}N_2O_2$:

C, 71.09; H, 6.71; N, 10.36.

5 Found: C, 70.78; H, 6.90; N, 10.16.

EXAMPLE 12

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (3.0 mL, 4.39 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5.00 g, 25.36 mmol), DMF (1.0 mL, 12.92 mmol), and 3-chloro-4-methylaniline (7.0 mL, 57.69 mmol). Chromatography on silica gel in 95:5 dichloromethane/methanol gave the product, (2.72 g), m.p. 153-157°C.

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₅N₂O₂Cl:

C, 61.97; H, 5.20; N, 9.63.

15 Found: C, 61.87; H, 5.15; N, 9.72.

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EXAMPLE 13

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl

3-Amino-4-chloro-N-phenyl-benzamide

chloride (2.5 mL, 28.66 mmol), 4-chloro-3-nitrobenzoic acid (4.02 g, 19.94 mmol), DMF (1.0 mL, 12.92 mmol), and aniline (3.6 mL, 39.51 mmol) to afford the product (3.39 g) after trituration in hexane; m.p. 194-197°C after recrystallization from ethyl acetate.

Calculated for C₁₃H₁₁N₂OCl:

C, 63.29; H, 4.49; N, 11.36.

25 Found: C, 63.44; H, 4.73; N, 11.31.

EXAMPLE 14

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (3.0 mL, 34.39 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5.00 g,

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25.36 mmol), DMF (1.0 mL, 12.92 mmol), and 2,4-difluoroaniline (5.2 mL, 51.07 mmol) to afford the product (6.07 g), m.p. 166-168°C after trituration in hexane.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₂N₂O₂F₂:

C, 60.43; H, 4.35; N, 10.07.

Found: C, 60.35; H, 4.31; N, 10.01.

EXAMPLE 15

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (3.0 mL, 34.39 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5.00 g, 25.36 mmol), DMF (1.0 mL, 12.92 mmol), and 3,4-difluoroaniline (5.0 mL, 50.42 mmol) to afford the product (6.17 g), m.p. 171-172°C.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₂N₂O₂F₂:

C, 60.43; H, 4.35; N, 10.07.

Found: C, 60.45; H, 4.36; N, 10.12.

EXAMPLE 16

3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3-chlorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (3.0 mL, 34.39 mmol), 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5.00 g, 25.36 mmol), DMF (0.5 mL, 6.46 mmol), and 3-chloroaniline (5.4 mL, 51.05 mmol). The reduction was performed as described but using DMF as the solvent to afford the product (2.29 g) after trituration in hexane; m.p. 144-146°C after recrystallization from ethyl acetate.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₃N₂O₂Cl:

C, 60.77; H, 4.74; N, 10.12.

Found: C, 60.59; H, 4.61; N, 10.10.

EXAMPLE 17

3-Amino-4-ethyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

Step A: 3-Nitro-4-ethylbenzoic acid

4-Ethylbenzoic acid (12.0 g, 79.9 mmol) was added portionwise to furning nitric acid (62 mL) with stirring at room temperature. Following the addition, the mixture was poured into water (500 mL), stirred, and extracted with ethyl acetate (300 mL). Saturated brine (150 mL) was added and the mixture shaken then separated. The organic solution was washed with brine then dried over magnesium sulfate. Filtration, removal of the solvent by rotovap under reduced pressure, and trituration of the residue in hexane afforded the product (13.3 g); pure after recrystallization from hexane/ethyl acetate.

Calculated for C9H9NO₄:

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C, 55.39; H, 4.65; N, 7.18.

Found: C, 55.34; H, 4.61; N, 7.08.

Step B: 3-Nitro-4-ethyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (2.0 mL, 22.93 mmol), 3-nitro-4-ethylbenzoic acid (4.00 g, 20.51 mmol), DMF (1.0 mL, 12.92 mmol), and aniline (3.8 mL, 41.70 mmol) to afford the product (4.1 g); m.p. 111-113°C after trituration in hexane.

Calculated for $C_{15}H_{14}N_2O \cdot 0.1 H_2O$:

C, 74.41; H, 6.74; N, 11.57.

Found: C, 74.26; H, 6.72; N, 11.40.

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EXAMPLE 18

3-Amino-4-ethyl-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (2.0 mL, 22.93 mmol), 3-nitro-4-ethylbenzoic acid from Example 17, Step A (4.01 g, 20.56 mmol), DMF (1.0 mL, 12.92 mmol), and 3,4-dichloroaniline (6.64 g, 40.98 mmol) to afford the product (2.1 g): m.p. 115-117°C after chromatography on silica gel using a 10-25% gradient of ethyl

acetate in hexane as the eluant.

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₄Cl₂N₂O:

C, 58.27; H, 4.56; N, 9.06.

30 Found: C, 58.10; H, 4.54; N, 9.02.

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EXAMPLE 19

3-Amino-4-ethyl-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (2.0 mL, 22.93 mmol), 3-nitro-4-ethylbenzoic acid from Example 17, Step A (3.85 g, 19.74 mmol), DMF (1.0 mL, 12.92 mmol), and 3,4-difluoroaniline (4.0 mL, 40.34 mmol) to afford the product (4.9 g); m.p. 108-110°C after trituration in hexane.

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₄N₂OF₂:

C, 65.21; H, 5.11; N, 10.14.

Found: C, 64.89; H, 4.92; N, 9.97.

EXAMPLE 20

3-Amino-4-methylsulfanyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

Step A: 3-Nitro-4-methylsulfanyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

3-Amino-4-chloro-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 13, Step A (12.06 g, 43.6 mmol) in 100% ethanol was treated with sodium thiomethoxide (3.42 g, 68.5 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature then concentrated to dryness. The residue was shaken with a mixture of ethyl acetate (600 mL) and 1N HCl (200 mL), and the insoluble material was collected by filtration. The resulting solid was washed several times with water then diethyl ether, then dried to afford the product (10.8 g); m.p. 219-222°C. Calculated for C₁₄H₁₂N₂O₃S:

C, 58.32, H, 4.20, N, 9.72. Found: C, 58.06, H, 4.13, N, 9.73.

Step B: 3-Amino-4-methylsulfanyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 9, Step B using 4-methylsulfanyl-3-nitro-N-phenyl-benzamide (4.94 g, 17.1 mmol) to give the product (3.72 g); m.p. 143-145°C.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₄N₂OS:

C, 65.09; H, 5.46; N, 10.84.

30 Found: C, 65.17; H, 5.41; N, 10.78.

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EXAMPLE 21

N-(3-Amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide

Step A: N-(3-Nitro-4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

Benzoyl chloride (12 mL, 103 mmol) was added dropwise to 4-fluoro-3-nitroaniline (15.64 g, 100 mmol) and triethylamine (17 mL, 122 mmol) in ethyl acetate (400 mL) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours and then allowed to stand overnight. The reaction mixture was washed with 10% aqueous citric acid solution (200 mL), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (200 mL), and brine (100 mL); dried (magnesium sulfate), filtered, and concentrated to about 100 mL at which point a solid began to precipitate. The mixture was cooled to zero degrees and the straw-colored solid collected by filtration to afford the product (21.1 g) in two crops. Calculated for C₁₃H₉FN₂O₃:

C, 60.00; H, 3.49; N, 10.76.

Found: C, 60.00; H, 3.27; N, 10.84.

Step B: N-(3-Nitro-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 10, Step A from N-(4-fluoro-3-nitrophenyl)-benzamide (5.2 g, 20 mmol) and sodium (1.3 g, 57 mmol) using methanol in place of ethanol to afford the product (3.7 g) after chromatography on silica gel in dichloromethane/methanol 99:1.

Step C: N-(3-Amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 9, Step B using N-(4-methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)-benzamide (3.68 g, 13.5 mmol) and zinc dust (20 g) to give the product (2.5 g) after chromatography on silica gel in ethyl acetate/hexane and recrystallization from the same solvent.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₄N₂O₂:

C, 69.41; H, 5.82; N, 11.56.

Found: C, 69.26; H, 5.59; N, 11.28.

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EXAMPLE 22

3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

Step A: 3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-nitro-4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

3,4-Dichlorobenzoyl chloride (4.3 g, 20.5 mmol) was added all at once to 4-fluoro-3-nitroaniline (3.14 g, 20.1 mmol) and triethylamine (3 mL, 21.5 mmol) in ethyl acetate (200 mL) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature then diluted to ~500 mL with ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate was washed successively with 1N HCl (100 mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate (100 mL), and brine (100 mL), then dried (magnesium sulfate), filtered, and stripped of solvent under reduced pressure. Trituration of the residue in hexanes (125 mL) and a few milliliters of ethyl acetate afforded the product by filtration (5.6 g); m.p. 202-204°C.

Step B: 3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-nitro-4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide from Step A (1.56 g, 4.7 mmol) was reduced according to the procedure described for Example 9, Step B to give the product (1.15 g); m.p. 151-153°C.

Calculated for C13H9Cl2FN2O:

C, 52.20; H, 3.03; N, 9.36.

Found: C, 52.15; H, 3.55; N, 9.20.

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EXAMPLE 23

3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide

Step A: 3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-nitro-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 10, Step A from 3,4-dichloro-N-(3-nitro-4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 22, Step A (5.2 g, 20 mmol) and sodium (1.3 g, 57 mmol) using methanol in place of ethanol to afford the product (5.8 g); m.p. 215-218°C after chromatography on silica gel in dichloromethane/methanol 99:1.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₀Cl₂N₂O₄:

C, 49.29; H, 2.95; N, 8.21.

30 Found: C, 49.47; H, 3.23; N, 7.99.

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Step B: 3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 9, Step B from 3,4-dichloro-N-(3-nitro-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide (3.65 g, 10.7 mmol) to afford the product (1.19 g); no distinct m.p. (gradual decomposition).

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₂Cl₂N₂O₂:

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C, 54.04; H, 3.89; N, 9.00.

Found: C, 53.81; H, 4.05; N, 8.54.

EXAMPLE 24

1-(3-Amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-urea

10 Step A: 1-(4-Fluoro-3-nitrophenyl)-3-phenyl-urea

Phenylisocyanate (12.0 g, 0.1 mol) was added to 4-fluoro-3-nitroaniline (15.6 g, 0.1 mol) in ethyl acetate (400 mL) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, then the volume was reduced to approximately 200 mL and the resulting suspension filtered to afford the product (14.3 g); m.p.

200-202°C. Concentration of the filtrate followed by filtration afforded an additional crop of product (5.4 g).

Calculated for C₁₃H₁₀FN₃O₃:

C, 56.73; H, 3.66; N, 15.27.

Found: C, 56.74; H, 3.43; N, 15.46.

20 Step B: 1-(4-Methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)-3-phenyl-urea

The product from Step A (5.52 g, 20 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (200 mL) and sodium methoxide in methanol (7.4 mL, 25% w/w) was added. After standing overnight at room temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated to dryness, taken up in ethyl acetate, washed with 10% citric acid solution then brine, and dried (magnesium sulfate), filtered, and concentrated to dryness. The residue was chromatographed two times on silica gel using ethyl acetate as eluant. The fractions enriched in the product were triturated in acetone-ether and the insoluble portion collected by filtration to afford the product (1.64 g), sufficiently pure for use in the next step.

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Step C: 1-(3-Amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-urea

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 9, Step B using the product from Step B above (1.64 g, 5.7 mmol) to give the product (0.715 g) in three crops; m.p. 174-175°C after chromatography on silica gel using a 2-4% gradient of methanol in methylene chloride as eluant, followed by recrystallization from ethyl acetate.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₅N₃O₂:

C, 65.36; H, 5.88; N, 16.33.

Found: C, 65.15; H, 5.55; N, 16.19.

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EXAMPLE 25

3-Phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.5 g, 7.0 mmol), triphenylbismuth (3.7 g, 8.0 mmol), copper(II) acetate (1.3 g, 7.0 mmol), and triethylamine (0.73 g, 7.0 mmol) was stirred under an inert atmosphere in dichloromethane (100 mL) and heated to reflux. After 4 to 24 hours (the reaction was monitored for completeness using tlc), the mixture was allowed to cool and was then diluted with additional dichloromethane (200 mL) and stirred into 2N hydrochloric acid (250 mL). After 2 hours, the layers were separated and the organic phase washed successively with 2N HCl, water, 0.5 M aqueous potassium carbonate, water, and saturated aqueous sodium chloride, then dried over MgSO₄. The solution was filtered then stripped of solvent under reduced pressure to afford a solid residue which was purified by chromatography on a column of silica gel in chloroform to give the product (1.0 g); m.p. 134-135°C after recrystallization from toluene.

25 Calculated for C₁₉H₁₆N₂O:

C, 79.14; H, 5.59; N, 9.71.

Found: C, 79.17; H, 5.42; N, 9.63.

EXAMPLE 26

3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

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A mixture of 3-amino-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.0 g, 9.4 mmol), 3,5-dichloroiodobenzene (2.65 g, 9.7 mmol), N-ethylmorpholine (1.1 g, 9.5 mmol), and copper(II) acetate (0.1 g, 0.6 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (6 mL) was stirred under an inert atmosphere and heated to reflux. After 120 hours, the mixture was allowed to cool and was stirred into water (300 mL) and acidified with concentrated hydrochloric acid. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (300 mL) and the extract separated and washed successively with 2N hydrochloric acid, water, 0.5 M aqueous potassium carbonate, water, and saturated aqueous sodium chloride, then dried over MgSO₄. The solution was filtered and stripped of solvent under reduced pressure to leave a solid residue which was subjected to chromatography on a column of silica gel in chloroform to afford the product (0.1 g); m.p. 164-165°C after recrystallization from ethyl alcohol.

Calculated for C₁₉H₁₄Cl₂N₂O:

C, 63.88; H, 3.95; N, 7.84.

Found: C, 63.64; H, 4.04; N, 7.61.

EXAMPLE 27

3-(2-Methoxy-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.85 g, 4.0 mmol), tris(2-methoxyphenyl)bismuthine (2.2 g, 4.1 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.75 g, 4.1 mmol), and triethylamine (0.42 g, 4.1 mmol) to give a solid residue which was subjected to chromatography on a column of silica gel in chloroform to afford the product (0.9 g); m.p. 153-154°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

25 Calculated for C₂₀H₁₈N₂O₂:

C, 75.45; H, 5.70; N, 8.80.

Found: C, 75.21; H, 5.65; N, 8.72.

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EXAMPLE 28

4-Methoxy-3-phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.5 g, 6.2 mmol), triphenylbismuth (2.9 g, 6.6 mmol), copper(II) acetate (1.13 g, 6.2 mmol), and triethylamine (0.62 g, 6.2 mmol) to give a solid which was recrystallized from ethanol then subjected to chromatography on a column of silica gel in dichloromethane to afford the product (0.8 g); m.p.194-195°C after an additional recrystallization from ethyl alcohol.

10 Calculated for C₂₀H₁₈N₂O₂:

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C, 75.45; H, 5.70; N, 8.80.

Found: C, 74.66; H, 5.43; N, 8.67.

EXAMPLE 29

3-(2-Methoxy-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.8 g, 3.2 mmol), tris(2-methoxyphenyl)bismuthine (1.8 g, 3.4 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.6 g, 3.4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.34 g, 3.4 mmol) to afford the product (0.9 g); m.p. 155-156°C after chromatography on a column of silica gel in chloroform followed by recrystallization from ethanol.

Calculated for C₂₁H₂₀N₂O₃:

C, 72.40; H, 5.79; N, 8.04.

Found: C, 72.13; H, 5.73; N, 7.94.

EXAMPLE 30

25 3-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.7 g, 2.9 mmol), tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)bismuthine (2.0 g, 3.1 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.54 g, 3.0 mmol), and triethylamine (0.29 g, 2.9 mmol) to afford the product (0.7 g); m.p. 183-184°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₇FN₂O₂:

C, 65.28; H, 4.43; N, 7.25.

Found: C, 64.89; H, 4.13; N, 7.24.

EXAMPLE 31

5 3-(3-Chloro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.5 g, 6.2 mmol), tris(3-chlorophenyl)bismuthine (3.5 g, 6.4 mmol), copper(II) acetate (1.16 g, 6.4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.65 g, 6.4 mmol) to give a solid which was purified by chromatography on a column of silica gel in chloroform/ethyl acetate 99:1 to afford the product (1.8 g); m.p. 168-170°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇ClN₂O₂:

C, 68.09; H, 4.86; N, 7.94.

15 Found: C, 67.91; H, 4.71; N, 7.80.

EXAMPLE 32

3-(3-Methyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.0 g, 4.1 mmol), tris(3-methylphenyl)bismuthine (2.2 g, 4.6 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.8 g)

tris(3-methylphenyl)bismuthine (2.2 g, 4.6 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.8 g, 4.4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.44 g, 4.4 mmol) to afford the product (0.7 g); m.p. 160-161°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile.

Calculated for C₂₁H₂₀N₂O₂:

C, 75.88; H, 6.06; N, 8.43.

25 Found: C, 75.63; H, 6.11; N, 8.47.

EXAMPLE 33

3-(3-Nitro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.0 g, 8 mmol), 1-iodo-3-nitrobenzene (2.5 g, 10 mmol), potassium carbonate (2.8 g, 20 mmol),

and copper(I) iodide (0.4 g, 2 mmol) in mesitylene (20 mL) was stirred under an inert atmosphere and heated to reflux. After 48 hours, the mixture was allowed to cool and was then diluted with tetrahydrofuran (100 mL) and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was stripped of solvent under reduced pressure to leave an oily residue which was dissolved in ethyl acetate (250 mL) and extracted successively with 2N hydrochloric acid (2 × 200 mL), water, 0.5 M aqueous potassium carbonate, water, and saturated aqueous sodium chloride, then dried over MgSO₄. The solution was filtered and the filtrate stripped of solvent under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was subjected to chromatography on a column of silica gel in chloroform to afford the product (0.18 g); m.p. 220-221°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇N₃O₄:

C, 66.11; H, 4.72; N, 11.56.

Found: C, 65.81; H, 4.63; N, 11.47.

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EXAMPLE 34

3-(4-Methyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.1 g, 4.5 mmol), tris(4-methylphenyl)bismuthine (2.5 g, 5.2 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.82 g, 4.5 mmol), and triethylamine (0.46 g, 4.5 mmol) to afford the product (0.8 g); m.p. 187-188°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile then ethyl acetate. Calculated for C₂₁H₂₀N₂O₂:

C, 75.88; H, 6.06; N, 8.43.

Found: C, 75.57; H, 5.83; N, 8.34.

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EXAMPLE 35

3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 33 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.0 g, 8.3 mmol), 3,5-dichloroiodobenzene (4.5 g, 16.5 mmol), potassium carbonate (2.9 g, 21.0 mmol), and copper(I) iodide (0.5 g, 2.6 mmol) to give a gummy residue which was subjected to

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chromatography on a column of silica gel in dichloromethane to afford the product (0.3 g); m.p. 207-208°C after recrystallization from ethanol. Calculated for C₂₀H₁₆Cl₂N₂O₂•0.2C₂H₆O:

C, 61.80; H, 4.37; N, 7.07.

Found: C, 61.47; H, 4.04; N, 7.08.

EXAMPLE 36

3-(3,5-Dimethyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.5 g, 6.3 mmol), tris(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-bismuthine (3.3 g, 6.3 mmol), copper(II) acetate (1.15 g, 6.3 mmol), and triethylamine (0.64 g, 6.3 mmol) to afford the product (1.1 g); m.p. 198-199°C after recrystallization from a mixture of dichloromethane and ethyl acetate 10:1. Calculated for C₂₂H₂₂N₂O₂•0.5CH₂Cl₂:

C, 75.52; H, 6.35; N, 7.99.

Found: C, 75.56; H, 6.32; N, 7.92.

EXAMPLE 37

3-Phenylamino-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 9 (0.93 g, 4.0 mmol), triphenylbismuth (1.9 g, 4.3 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.8 g, 4.4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.45 g, 6.3 mmol) to afford the product (0.4 g); m.p. 132-133°C, after chromatography on a column of silica gel in dichloromethane/ethyl acetate 95:5.

Calculated for C₁₉H₁₅FN₂O:

C, 74.50; H, 4.94; N, 9.14.

Found: C, 74.21; H, 4.96; N, 9.00.

EXAMPLE 38

3-Phenylamino-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

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Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methyl-benzanilide from Example 1 (1.0 g, 4.4 mmol), triphenylbismuth (2.0 g, 4.5 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.82 g, 4.5 mmol), and triethylamine (0.46 g, 4.5 mmol) to afford the product (0.8); m.p. 119-120°C after chromatography on a column of silica gel in dichloromethane/ethyl acetate 99:1 and subsequent crystallization from ethanol.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₈N₂O•0.1C₂H₆O:

C, 79.36; H, 6.01; N, 8.98.

Found: C, 79.02; H, 6.00; N, 9.26.

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EXAMPLE 39

3-Phenylamino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methyl-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 8 (1.0 g, 3.8 mmol), triphenylbismuth (1.8 g, 4.1 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.8 g, 4.4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.44 g, 4.4 mmol) to afford the product (0.8 g); m.p. 151-152°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇FN₂O₂•0.1C₂H₆O:

C, 71.16; H, 5.20; N, 8.22.

Found: C, 70.84; H, 5.06; N, 8.09.

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EXAMPLE 40

3-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 8 (1.0 g, 3.8 mmol), tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)bismuthine (2.8 g, 4.3 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.8 g, 4.4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.44 g, 4.4 mmol) to afford the product (0.9 g); m.p. 163-164°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₆F₄N₂O₂:

C, 62.38; H, 3.99; N, 6.93.

30 Found: C, 62.18; H, 4.00; N, 6.84.

EXAMPLE 41

4-Ethyl-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-ethyl-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 17 (1.0 g, 4.2 mmol), tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)bismuthine (2.9 g, 4.5 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.8 g, 4.4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.45 g, 4.5 mmol) to give a syrup which was crystallized from ether to afford the product (0.42 g); m.p.133-134°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile.

Calculated for C₂₂H₁₉F₃N₂O:

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C, 68.74; H, 4.98; N, 7.29.

Found: C, 68.71; H, 4.79; N, 7.30.

EXAMPLE 42

4-Ethoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino4-ethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 10 (0.6 g, 2.3 mmol),
tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)bismuthine (1.6 g, 2.5 mmol), copper(II) acetate
(0.45 g, 2.5 mmol), and triethylamine (0.25 g, 2.5 mmol) to afford the product
(0.53 g); m.p. 184-185°C after recrystallization from ethyl alcohol.
Calculated for C₂₂H₁₉F₃N₂O₂:

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C, 65.99; H, 4.78; N, 7.00.

Found: C, 65.82; H, 4.73; N, 6.92.

EXAMPLE 43

4-Methylsulfanyl-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methylsufanyl-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 20 (0.5 g, 1.9 mmol), tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)bismuthine (1.4 g, 2.1 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.4 g, 2.2 mmol), and triethylamine (0.21 g, 2.1 mmol) to afford the product (0.25 g); m.p. 169-170°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile.

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Calculated for C₂₁H₁₇F₃N₂OS:

C, 62.68; H, 4.26; N, 6.96.

Found: C, 62.34; H, 4.11; N, 6.87.

EXAMPLE 44

5 3-[4-(4,4-Dimethyl-4,5-dihydro-oxazol-2-yl)-phenylamino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.6 g, 6.6 mmol), tris[4-(4,4-dimethyl-2-oxazolinyl)-phenyl]bismuthine (4.8 g, 6.6 mmol), copper(II) acetate (1.2 g, 6.6 mmol), and triethylamine (0.67 g, 6.6 mmol) to afford the product (0.8 g); m.p. 221-222°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile.

Calculated for C₂₅H₂₅N₃O₃:

C, 72.27; H, 6.06; N, 10.11.

Found: C, 71.04; H, 5.92; N, 9.91.

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EXAMPLE 45

$\hbox{4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(3-pyridyl)-benzamide}$

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(3-pyridyl)-benzamide from Example 5 (1.0 g, 4.1 mmol), tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)bismuthine (2.8 g, 4.3 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.8 g, 4.4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.44 g, 4.3 mmol) to afford the product (0.6 g); m.p. 184-185°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile. Calculated for C₂₀H₁₆F₃N₃O₂:

C, 62.01; H, 4.16; N, 10.85.

Found: C, 61.93; H, 4.14; N, 10.85.

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EXAMPLE 46

4-Methoxy-3-(3,5-dimethyl-phenylamino)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 8 (1.0 g, 3.8 mmol), tris(3,5-dimethylphenyl)bismuthine (2.1 g, 4.0 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.8 g,

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4.4 mmol), and triethylamine (0.45 g, 4.4 mmol) to afford the product (0.6 g); m.p. 199-200°C-after recrystallization from acetonitrile.

Calculated for C₂₂H₂₁FN₂O₂:

C, 72.51; H, 5.81; N, 7.69.

Found: C, 72.32; H, 5.76; N, 7.60.

EXAMPLE 47

4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 4 (0.9 g, 2.9 mmol), tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)bismuthine (2.1 g, 3.3 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.6 g, 3.3 mmol), and triethylamine (0.34 g, 3.3 mmol) to afford the product (0.4 g); m.p. 154-155°C after recrystallization from ethanol. Calculated for C21H15Cl2F3N2O2:

C, 55.40; H, 3.32; N, 6.15.

Found: C, 55.21; H, 3.20; N, 5.88.

EXAMPLE 48

4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)benzamide

20 Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 15 (1.1 g, 4.0 mmol), tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)bismuthine (2.8 g, 4.3 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.8 g, 4.3 mmol), and triethylamine (0.44 g, 4.3 mmol) to afford the product (1.2 g); m.p. 166-169°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

25 Calculated for C₂₁H₁₅F₅N₂O₂:

C, 59.72; H, 3.58; N, 6.63.

Found: C, 59.58; H, 3.44; N, 6.44.

EXAMPLE 49

N-[3-(Phenylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide

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Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using N-(3-amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide from Example 21 (1.0 g, 4.1 mmol), triphenylbismuth (2.0 g, 4.5 mmol), copper(II) acetate (0.82 g, 4.5 mmol), and triethylamine (0.46 g, 4.6 mmol) to afford the product (0.6 g); m.p. 209-210°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₈N₂O₂:

C, 75.45; H, 5.70; N, 8.80.

Found: C, 75.26; H, 5.75; N, 8.42.

EXAMPLE 50

3-Benzylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Benzaldehyde (2.2 g, 21.0 mmol) was added to a stirred solution of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (5.0 g, 21.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (250 mL) under an inert atmosphere at room temperature, followed by acetic acid (1.26 g, 21.0 mmol). After 1 hour, sodium triacetoxyborohydride (4.7 g,

21.0 mmol) was added in one portion. After 18 hours, saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (200 mL) was added and the mixture stirred for 2 to 3 hours. The layers were separated, the organic phase was washed with water then saturated aqueous sodium chloride, then dried over MgSO₄. The solution was filtered and stripped of solvent under reduced pressure to afford the product (6.5 g); m.p.

20 164-165°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

Calculated for $C_{21}H_{20}N_2O_2$:

C, 75.88; H, 6.06; N, 8.43.

Found: C, 75.62; H, 6.02; N, 8.44.

EXAMPLE 51

25 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 50 using 3,5-dichlorobenzaldehyde (0.88 g, 5.0 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.22 g, 5.0 mmol), acetic acid (0.24 g, 5.3 mmol), and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (1.12 mmol) to afford the product (0.65 g); m.p. 164-165°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

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Calculated for C₂₁H₁₈Cl₂N₂O₂:

C, 62.86; H, 4.52; N, 6.98.

Found: C, 62.58; H, 4.41; N, 6.83.

EXAMPLE 52

5 3-(3,4-Dimethoxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 50 using 3,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (1.94 g, 11.6 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide (2.8 g, 11.6 mmol), acetic acid (0.69 g, 11.5 mmol), and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (2.6 g, 11.7 mmol) to afford the product (2.9 g); m.p. 187-188°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

Calculated for C₂₃H₂₄N₂O₄:

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C, 70.39; H, 6.16; N, 7.14.

Found: C, 70.31; H, 6.00; N, 7.10.

EXAMPLE 53.

15 3-Phenoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 1 Step A using 3-phenoxybenzoic acid (1.2 g, 5.5 mmol), oxalyl chloride (0.55 mL, 6.3 mmol), and aniline (1.0 g, 10.7 mmol) to afford the product (1.5 g); m.p. 111-112°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

20 Calculated for C₁₉H₁₅NO₂:

C, 78.87; H, 5.23; N, 4.84.

Found: C, 78.69; H, 5.25; N, 4.82.

EXAMPLE 54

3-Phenoxy-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

25 Step A: 3-Hydroxy-4-methoxybenzoic Acid Methyl Ester

A stirred suspension of 3-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzoic acid (6.3 g, 38 mmol) in methanol (200 mL) at ambient temperature was saturated with HCl gas until a solution was obtained. After 16 hours, the mixture was stripped of solvent under reduced pressure to afford the crystalline product (7.1 g); m.p.

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64-65°C after chromatography on silica gel eluting with 2.5% methanol in dichloromethane.

Calculated for C₉H₁₀O₄:

C, 59.34; H, 5.53.

5 Found: C, 59.41; H, 5.39.

Step B: 3-Phenoxy-4-methoxybenzoic Acid Methyl Ester

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester (1.2 g, 6.6 mmol), triphenylbismuth (3.2 g, 7.3 mmol), copper(II) acetate (1.32 g, 7.3 mmol), and triethylamine (0.73 g, 7.2 mmol) to afford the product (0.9 g); m.p. 61-63°C after trituration in methanol.

Step C: 3-Phenoxy-4-methoxybenzoic Acid

3-Phenoxy-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester (0.8 g, 3.1 mmol) was stirred in a mixture of methanol (8 mL) and 4N potassium hydroxide (10 mL) and heated to reflux. After 2 hours, the mixture was stirred into water (60 mL) and extracted with ether (25 mL). The aqueous solution was stirred and acidified with 4N HCl, and the resulting precipitate was filtered off, rinsed with water, and dried to afford the product (0.7 g); m.p. 186-187°C.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₂O₄:

C, 68.85; H, 4.95.

20 Found: C, 68.65; H, 4.74.

Step D: 3-Phenoxy-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 1 using 3-phenoxy-4-methoxybenzoic acid (0.3 g, 1.2 mmol), oxalyl chloride (0.19 g, 1.5 mmol), and aniline (0.22 g, 2.4 mmol) to afford the product (0.3 g); m.p. 200-201°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇NO₃:

C, 75.22; H, 5.37; N, 4.39.

Found: C, 75.01; H, 5.36; N, 4.17.

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EXAMPLE 55

3-(Phenylamino)-4-methoxybenzoic acid, phenyl ester

Step A: 3-(Phenylamino)-4-methoxybenzoic acid, methyl ester

Prepared according to the procedure of Example 25 using 3-methoxy-4-aminobenzoic acid methyl ester (1.5 g, 6.9 mmol), triphenylbismuth (3.1 g, 7.0 mmol), copper(II) acetate (1.3 g, 7.2 mmol), and triethylamine (0.73 g, 7.2 mmol) to afford the product (1.5 g); m.p. 79-81°C, after recrystallization from ethanol.

Step B: 3-(Phenylamino)-4-methoxybenzoic acid

A mixture of 3-(phenylamino)-4-methoxybenzoic acid, methyl ester (0.4 g, 1.6 mmol), methanol (10 mL), and 4N sodium hydroxide (15 mL) was stirred and heated to reflux. After 2 hours, the methanol was removed by rotary evaporator and the residual aqueous suspension stirred and acidified with 4N HCl. The precipitate was filtered off, rinsed with water, and dried to afford the product (0.35 g); m.p. 198-200°C.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₃NO₃:

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C, 69.12; H, 5.39; N, 5.76.

Found: C, 68.27; H, 5.53; N, 5.65.

Step C: 3-(Phenylamino)-4-methoxybenzoic acid, phenyl ester

N,N'-Carbonyldiimidazole (0.41 g, 2.5 mmol) was added to a stirred solution of 3-(phenylamino)-4-methoxybenzoic acid (0.6 g, 2.5 mmol) in dimethylformamide (15 mL) under an inert atmosphere. After 30 minutes, the solution was heated to 50°C for 1 hour, then phenol (0.24 g, 2.6 mmol) was added followed by diazabicycloundecene (0.40 g, 2.6 mmol) and heating at 50°C was continued for 20 more hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and was then diluted with diethyl ether (100 mL) and washed successively with 2N HCl, water, 0.5N K₂CO₃, and saturated brine then dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was chromatographed on a column of silica gel in ethyl acetate to afford the product (0.27 g); m.p. 130-131°C after recrystallization from acetonitrile.

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Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇NO₃:

C, 75.22; H, 5.37; N, 4.39.

Found: C, 74.92; H, 5.51; N, 4.45.

EXAMPLE 56

4-Hydroxy-3-(3,5-dichloro-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

Step A: 3-Amino-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester

Concentrated H₂SO₄ (9 mL) was added in portions to a stirred solution of 3-amino-4-methoxybenzoic acid (20.06 g, 110.4 mmol) in methanol (280 mL). The mixture was heated to reflux overnight then cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was shaken with 10% aqueous potassium carbonate then extracted with ethyl acetate three times. The combined extracts were washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and stripped of solvent under reduced pressure. The residual solid was triturated with hexane and filtered to yield the product (10.82 g); m.p. 75-77°C.

Calculated for C₉H₁₁NO₃:

C, 59.66; H, 6.12; N, 7.73.

Found: C, 59.93; H, 6.22; N, 7.54.

Step B: 2-Acetylamino-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester

Acetic anhydride (6.5 mL, 68.80 mmol) was added to a solution of 3-amino-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester (10.58 g, 58.39 mmol) in 200 mL of ethyl acetate. The reaction was stirred at room temperature. After 3 days, the mixture was filtered and the filtrate was washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate until pH = 5, dried (MgSO₄), and stripped of solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with hexane and filtered to afford a tan solid which was combined with the residue remaining in the funnel after the initial filtration and dried to afford the desired product (9.6 g); m.p. 123-126°C. Calculated for $C_{11}H_{13}NO_4$:

C, 59.19; H, 5.87; N, 6.27.

Found: C, 59.03; H, 5.81; N, 6.23.

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Step C: 3-[Acetyl-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-amino]-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester

A mixture of 2-acetylamino-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester (9.58 g, 42.92 mmol), 1-bromo-3,5-dichlorobenzene (28.80 g, 127.48 mmol), copper iodide (2.32 g, 12.18 mmol), and sodium bicarbonate (8.72 g, 103.80 mmol) in of mesitylene (60 mL) was heated to reflux. After 7 days, the mixture was allowed to cool and was diluted with ethyl acetate (300 mL). The resulting solid was removed by filtration and washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate (9:1 \rightarrow 1:1) to afford the product (11.6 g); m.p. 100-101°C after trituration in hexane.

Calculated for C₁₇H₁₅Cl₂NO₄:

C, 55.45; H, 4.11; N, 3.80.

Found: C, 55.12; H, 3.97; N, 3.73.

Step D: 3-(3,5-Dichlorophenylamino)-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester

Concentrated HCl (45 mL) was added to a solution of 3-[acetyl-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-amino]-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester (11.46 g, 31.12 mmol) in a mixture of tetrahydrofuran (75 mL) and methanol (75 mL). The reaction was heated to reflux. After 3 days, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and dried (MgSO₄). The ethyl acetate was removed under reduced pressure to give the product (2.4 g); m.p. 134-135°C after chromatography on silica gel in ethyl acetate followed by recrystallization from ether/hexane 1:9.

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₃Cl₂NO₃:

C, 55.24; H, 4.02; N, 4.29.

Found: C, 55.20; H, 4.08; N, 4.07.

Step E: 3-(3,5-Dichlorophenylamino)-4-hydroxybenzoic acid

A solution of 3-(3,5-dichlorophenylamino)-4-methoxybenzoic acid methyl ester (4.48 g, 13.74 mmol), 100 mL of concentrated HBr, and 60 mL of acetic acid was heated to reflux. After 6 days, the reaction was cooled to room temperature

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and concentrated aqueous ammonium hydroxide was added in portions until the pH = 4. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate three times, and the combined extracts were washed with brine (2×) and H₂O (2×) then dried over MgSO₄ and stripped of solvent in vacuo. The residue was triturated with 5% ether/hexane, filtered off and dried to afford the product (3.7 g); m.p. 166-167°C. Calculated for C₁₃H₉Cl₂NO₃•H₂O:

C, 49.39; H, 3.51; N, 4.32.

Found: C, 49.16; H, 3.34; N, 4.23.

Step F: 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (2.68 g, 12.99 mmol) was added to a solution of 3-(3,5-dichlorophenylamino)-4-hydroxybenzoic acid (3.59 g, 12.05 mmol) and aniline (1.19 mL, 13.06 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (45 mL) at ice bath temperature. After 5 days at ambient temperature, the white precipitate was collected by

filtration and washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrate was taken to dryness in vacuo, redissolved in ethyl acetate, and washed successively with H₂O, 1N HCl,

and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The crude material was chromatographed on silica gel, eluting with 4:1 hexane/ethyl acetate. The effluent was extracted with 1N NaOH, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and stripped of solvent under reduced

pressure. The resulting foam was triturated with hexane to afford the product (1.15 g); m.p. 160-162°C.

Calculated for $C_{19}H_{14}N_2O_2Cl_2 \cdot 0.25 H_2O$:

C, 60.41; H, 3.87, N, 7.42.

Found: C, 60.34; H, 3.63; N, 7.20.

25 EXAMPLE 57

3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 56, Step F using 3-(3,5-dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxybenzoic acid from Example 56, Step E (0.652 g, 2.19 mmol), 4-anisidine (0.276 g, 2.24 mmol), and 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (0.538 g, 2.61 mmol) to afford the product (0.19 g);

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m.p. 186-187°C after chromatography on silica gel using a 20-25% gradient of ethyl acetate in hexane.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₆Cl₂N₂O₃•0.5 H₂O:

C, 58.26; H, 4.16; N, 6.80.

Found: C, 58.17; H, 4.13; N, 6.61.

EXAMPLE 58

3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-(4-methylphenyl)- benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 56, Step F using 3-(3,5-dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxybenzoic acid from Example 56, Step E (0.365 g, 1.22 mmol), p-toluidine (0.134 g, 1.25 mmol), and 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (1.48 mmol) to afford the product (0.34 g); m.p. 179-183°C after chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/hexane 1:1 followed by trituration in hexane.

Calculated for $C_{20}H_{16}Cl_2N_2O_2 \cdot 0.25 H_2O$:

C, 61.31; H, 4.25; N, 7.15.

Found: C, 61.34; H, 4.48; N, 7.18.

EXAMPLE 59

3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 56, Step F, with the exception that a catalytic amount of 4-dimethylaminopyridine was added to the reaction mixture following the DCC. Thus, 3-(3,5-dichlorophenylamino-4-hydroxybenzoic acid from Example 56, Step E (0.501 g, 1.68 mmol), 3-hydroxy-4-methoxyaniline (0.234 g, 1.68 mmol), and 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (0.416 g, 2.02 mmol) gave the product (0.06 g); m.p. 170-171°C after chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/hexane 1:1. Calculated for C₂₀H₁₆Cl₂N₂O₄•0.4 H₂O:

C, 56.32; H, 3.97; N, 6.57.

Found: C, 56.55; H, 4.32; N, 5.98.

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EXAMPLE 60

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.277 g, 1.14 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.238 g, 1.17 mmol) in ethyl acetate (30 mL) was warmed until a solution was obtained, then allowed to stand at room temperature for 3 days. The reaction was concentrated until a crystalline precipitate was obtained then allowed to stand overnight at room temperature. The solid was collected by filtration, rinsed with ethyl acetate/hexane, and dried to afford the product (0.423 g); m.p. 195-197°C.

10 Calculated for C₂₁H₁₇Cl₂N₃O₂S:

C, 56.51; H, 3.84; N, 9.41.

Found: C, 56.20; H, 3.69; N, 9.28.

EXAMPLE 61

3-[3-(3-Chlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.218 g, 0.90 mmol) and 3-chlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.12 mL, 0.92 mmol) to give the product (0.286 g); m.p. 165-168°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₈ClN₃O₂S:

20 C, 61.23; H, 4.40; N, 10.20.

Found: C, 61.01; H, 4.35; N, 10.15.

EXAMPLE 62

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-phenyl-thioureido)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.245 g, 1.01 mmol) and phenyl isothiocyanate (0.12 mL, 1.00 mmol) to give the product (0.216 g); m.p. 174-176°C.

Calculated for C21H19N3O2S:

C, 66.82; H, 5.07; N, 11.13.

30 Found: C, 66.34; H, 5.13; N, 11.04.

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EXAMPLE 63

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.198 g, 0.82 mmol) and 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl isothiocyanate (0.169 g, 0.83 mmol) to give the product (0.306 g); m.p. 194-196°C.

Calculated for C₂₂H₁₈F₃N₃O₂S:

C, 59.32; H, 4.07; N, 9.43.

Found: C, 59.04; H, 4.05; N, 9.35.

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EXAMPLE 64

3-[3-(4-tert-Butyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.216 g, 0.89 mmol) and 4-t-butylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.176 g, 0.92 mmol) to give the product (0.180 g); m.p. 198-200°C.

Calculated for C₂₅H₂₇N₃O₂S • 0.33 H₂O:

C, 68.32; H 6.34; N, 9.56.

Found: C, 68.22; H 6.49; N, 9.59.

EXAMPLE 65

3-[3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.243 g, 1.0 mmol) and 4-chlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.174 g, 1.03 mmol). Trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1) gave the product (0.362 g); m.p. 179-180°C.

25 Calculated for $C_{21}H_{18}ClN_3O_2S$:

C, 61.23; H, 4.40; N, 10.20.

Found: C, 60.94; H, 4.23; N, 10.03.

EXAMPLE 66

3-[3-(3-Nitrophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.243 g, 1.0 mmol) and 3-nitrophenyl isothiocyanate (0.183 g, 1.0 mmol). Trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (4:1) gave the product (0.370 g); m.p. 188-189°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₈N₄O₄S:

C, 59.71; H, 4.29; N, 13.26.

Found: C, 58.92; H, 4.23; N, 12.72.

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EXAMPLE 67

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-benzoyl-thioureido)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.243 g, 1.0 mmol) and benzoyl isothiocyanate (0.171 g, 1.04 mmol) to afford the product (0.371 g);

15 m.p. 219-222°C.

CI Mass Spectrum: $[M + H^+]^+ = 406$.

Calculated for C₂₂H₁₉N₃O₃S:

C, 65.17; H, 4.72; N, 10.36.

Found: C, 64.98; H, 4.57; N, 10.26.

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EXAMPLE 68

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.243 g, 1.0 mmol) and 2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.224 g, 1.1 mmol) to give the product (0.398 g); m.p. 170-174°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₅F₄N₃O₂S:

C, 56:12; H, 3.36; N, 9.35.

Found: C, 55.74; H, 3.22; N, 9.19.

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EXAMPLE 69

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(-3-p-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.243 g, 1.0 mmol) and 4-methylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.205 g, 1.38 mmol). The reaction was incomplete after 2 days, so the mixture was diluted to 30 mL with ethyl acetate, and a small additional portion of 4-methylphenyl isothiocyanate was added. The mixture was boiled on a steambath until no solvent remained and the residue triturated in hexanes/ethyl acetate (4:1) and filtered to afford the product

10 (0.255 g); m.p. 156-158°C.

CI Mass Spectrum: $[M + H^{+}]^{+} = 392$.

Calculated for $C_{22}H_{21}N_3O_2S \cdot 0.5 H_2O$:

C, 65.97; H, 5.54; N, 10.49.

Found: C, 66.16; H, 5.60; N, 10.31.

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EXAMPLE 70

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-aminobenzanilide (0.213 g, 1.0 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.208 g, 1.0 mmol). Trituration in ethyl acetate gave the product (0.304 g);

20 m.p. 174-177°C.

APCI Mass Spectrum, M = 416.1.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₅Cl₂N₃OS:

C, 57.70; H, 3.63; N, 10.09.

Found: C, 58.03; H, 3.57; N, 9.99.

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EXAMPLE 71

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using of 3-amino-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.5 g, 2.2 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.458 g, 2.2 mmol). Trituration in ethyl acetate afforded the product (0.802 g) in two crops; m.p. 182-184°C.

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Calculated for C₂₁H₁₇Cl₂N₃OS:

C, 58.61; H, 3.98; N, 9.76.

Found: C, 58.54; H, 3.77; N, 9.61.

EXAMPLE 72

3-[3-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.0 mmol), 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl isothiocyanate (0.787 g, 4.0 mmol), and ethyl acetate (25 mL) was heated briefly to 50°C and then allowed to stand overnight at room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (~100 mL), heated to 80°C briefly, then allowed to stand 5 days at room temperature. The precipitate was filtered off to afford the product (0.552 g); m.p. 170-171°C. Calculated for C₂₃H₂₃N₃O₄S:

C, 63.14; H, 5.30; N, 9.60.

Found: C, 63.02; H, 5.44; N, 9.58.

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EXAMPLE 73

3-[3-(4-Chloro-3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.0 mmol) and 4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl isothiocyanate (0.961 g, 4.0 mmol). Trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (3:2) gave the product (1.91 g); m.p. 172-173°C. Calculated for C₂₃H₁₇Cl₂N₃O₂S:

C, 55.06; H, 3.57; N, 8.76.

Found: C, 54.88; H, 3.26; N, 8.58.

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EXAMPLE 74

3-[3-(3-Cyanophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.0 mmol) and 3-cyanophenyl

isothiocyanate (0.649 g, 4.0 mmol). Trituration in boiling ethyl acetate/dichloromethane (1:1) gave the product (1.358 g); m.p. 183-185°C. Calculated for C₂₂H₁₈Cl₂N₄O₂S•0.2C₄H₈O₂:

C, 65.18; H, 4.70; N, 13.34.

Found: C, 64.98; H, 4.80; N, 13.40.

EXAMPLE 75

4-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzoic acid

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.0 mmol) and 4-carboxyphenyl isothiocyanate (0.722 g, 4.0 mmol) to afford the product (1.369 g); m.p. 201-202°C.

Calculated for C₂₂H₁₉N₃O₄S•0.25 H₂O:

C, 62.03; H, 4.61; N, 9.87.

Found: C, 61.92; H, 4.73; N, 9.59.

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EXAMPLE 76

3-[3-(3-Acetyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.971 g, 4.00 mmol) and 3-acetylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.709 g, 4.00 mmol) to afford the product (1.135 g); m.p. 176-177°C.

Calculated for C₂₃H₂₁N₃O₃S:

C, 65.85; H, 5.05; N, 10.02.

Found: C, 65.55; H, 4.93; N, 9.83.

EXAMPLE 77

25 3-[3-(4-Chloro-3-nitrophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.973 g, 4.00 mmol) and 4-chloro-3-nitrophenyl isothiocyanate (0.859 g, 4.00 mmol) to afford the product (1.296 g); m.p. 174-175°C.

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Calculated for C₂₁H₁₇N₄O₄CIS:

C, 55.20; H, 3.75; N, 12.26.

Found: C, 55.19; H, 3.87; N, 12.29.

EXAMPLE 78

3-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxybenzanilide (0.973 g, 4.00 mmol) in ethyl acetate (75 mL) was heated briefly to ~60°C. The mixture was filtered to clarity and 4-fluorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.49 mL, 4.04 mmol) was added to the filtrate. After 3 days, the mixture was concentrated until a crystalline precipitate was obtained, then allowed to stand several hours at room temperature. Filtration followed by trituration of the collected solid in ether afforded the product (0.4949 g); m.p. 182-183°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₈N₃O₂FS:

C, 63.78; H, 4.59; N, 10.63.

15 Found: C, 63.72; H, 4.46; N, 10.45.

EXAMPLE 79

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide from Example 3 (0.681 g, 2.50 mmol) in ethyl acetate (80 mL) was heated briefly to 60°C then filtered to clarity and mixed with 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.511 g, 2.50 mmol). The reaction was allowed to stand for 3 days at room temperature then concentrated to two-thirds volume and allowed to stand overnight. Filtration afforded the product (0.948 g); m.p. 175-182°C.

25 Calculated for C₂₂H₁₉N₃O₃Cl₂S.

C, 55.47; H, 4.02; N, 8.82.

Found: C, 55.42; H, 3.90; N, 8.73.

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EXAMPLE 80

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-ethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-ethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 10 (0.335 g, 1.30 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.266 g, 1.30 mmol) to give the product (0.4609 g); m.p. 201-202°C.

Calculated for C₂₂H₁₉N₃O₂Cl₂S • 1/3 H₂O:

C, 56.66; H, 4.25; N, 9.01.

Found: C, 56.64; H, 3.98; N, 8.87.

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EXAMPLE 81

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-pyridin-3-yl-thioureido)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.00 mmol) and 3-pyridyl isothiocyanate (0.565 g, 4.15 mmol). Trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (3:2) gave the product (1.441 g); m.p. 178-179°C.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₈N₄O₂S:

C, 63.47; H, 4.79; N, 14.80.

Found: C, 62.88; H, 4.78; N, 14.65.

EXAMPLE 82

4-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzenesulfonic Acid

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.00 mmol) and 4-sulfophenyl isothiocyanate sodium salt (1.02 g, 4.0 mmol), except that dimethyl formamide was used as solvent. The dimethyl formamide was removed by rotary evaporator at 60°C to afford the product, m.p. >280°C, after trituration in ethyl acetate. Calculated for C₂₁H₁₈N₃O₅S₂Na • 1.25 H₂O • 0.67 DMF:

C, 50.16; H, 4.61; N, 9.33.

Found: C, 50.21; H, 4.32; N, 8.91.

EXAMPLE 83

4-Methoxy-3-[3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.00 mmol) and 4-methoxyphenyl isothiocyanate (0.77 g, 5.16 mmol), except that after collection of the product obtained upon trituration with hexanes/ethyl acetate, an impurity was present. The impurity was removed by slurrying the solid in dichloromethane/methane 95:5 followed by filtration to afford the product (0.505 g); m.p. 168-169°C.

10 Calculated for C₂₂H₂₁N₃O₃S:

C, 64.85; H, 5.19; N, 10.31.

Found: C, 64.55; H, 5.17; N, 10.18.

EXAMPLE 84

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.00 mmol) and 3-trifluoromethylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.82 g, 4.04 mmol). Trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate gave the product (1.12 g) in two crops; m.p. 177-178°C. Calculated for C₂₂H₁₈N₃O₂F₃S:

20 C, 59.32; H, 4.07; N, 9.43.

Found: C, 59.33; H, 3.85; N, 9.37.

EXAMPLE 85

3-[3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.00 mmol) and 3,4-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.82 g, 4.02 mmol) to afford the product (1.40 g) in two crops; m.p. 174-175°C.

Calculated for $C_{21}H_{17}N_3O_2Cl_2S$:

C, 56.51; H, 3.84; N, 9.41.

30 Found: C, 56.54; H, 3.60; N, 9.36.

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EXAMPLE 86

1-{3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxyphenyl}-3-phenyl-urea

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 78 using 1-(4-methoxy-3-aminophenyl)-3-phenyl-urea from Example 24, Step C (0.390 g, 1.52 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.311 g, 1.52 mmol). Filtration without trituration afforded the product (0.5187 g); m.p. 218-219°C. Calculated for C₂₁H₁₈N₄O₂Cl₂S:

C, 54.67; H, 3.93; N, 12.14.

Found: C, 54.73; H, 3.95; N, 11.89.

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EXAMPLE 87

N-{3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 78 using N-(3-amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide from Example 21 (0.88 g, 3.62 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.739 g, 3.62 mmol). Filtration without trituration afforded the product (1.31 g); m.p. 194-195°C.

Calculated for $C_{21}H_{17}N_3O_2Cl_2S$:

C, 56.51; H, 3.84; N, 9.41.

Found: C, 56.30; H, 3.74; N, 9.22.

EXAMPLE 88

4-Methoxy-3-[3-(4-nitrophenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.976 g, 4.02 mmol) and 4-nitrophenyl isothiocyanate (0.723 g, 4.02 mmol) to afford the product (1.39 g) after trituration in ether; m.p. 183-184°C.

25 Calculated for C₂₁H₁₈N₄O₄S • 1/6 EtOAc:

C, 59.53; H, 4.46; N, 12.82.

Found: C, 59.01; H, 4.08; N, 12.71.

EXAMPLE 89

3-[3-(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.00 mmol) and 3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)phenyl isothiocyanate (1.08 g, 3.98 mmol) to afford the product (1.076 g); m.p. 192-193°C.

Calculated for C₂₃H₁₇N₃O₂F₆S:

C, 53.80; H, 3.34; N, 8.18.

Found: C, 53.71; H, 3.15; N, 8.15.

EXAMPLE 90

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.974 g, 4.01 mmol) and 4-isothiocyanatobenzenesulfonamide (0.858 g, 4.00 mmol) to afford the product (0.858 g); m.p. 193-195°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₂₀N₄O₄S₂:

C, 55.25; H, 4.42; N, 12.27.

Found: C, 54.91; H, 4.34; N, 12.01.

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EXAMPLE 91

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide from Example 8 (0.520 g, 2.00 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.409 g, 2.00 mmol). Filtration afforded the product (0.71 g) in two crops; m.p. 175-178°C. Calculated for C_{2.1}H₁₆N₃O₂Cl₂FS:

C, 54.32; H, 3.47; N, 9.05.

Found: C, 54.07; H, 3.53; N, 8.88.

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EXAMPLE 92

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-N-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide from Example 2 (1.113 g, 4.02 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.820 g, 4.02 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was allowed to stand at room temperature overnight. The mixture was then diluted with 50 mL H₂O and the precipitate collected by filtration and dried. Trituration in first ether then ethyl acetate followed by filtration afforded the product (1.19 g); m.p. 180-185°C.

10 Calculated for C₂₁H₁₆N₃O₂Cl₃S:

C, 52.46; H, 3.35; N, 8.74.

Found: C, 52.34; H, 3.51; N, 8.92.

EXAMPLE 93

3-[3-(4-Dimethylaminophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.975 g, 4.01 mmol), 4-(dimethylamino)phenyl isothiocyanate (0.716 g, 4.00 mmol), and ethyl acetate (20 mL) was allowed to stand at room temperature. After 5 days, the mixture was concentrated to two-thirds volume by rotary evaporator, allowed to stand overnight, then heated to 80 degrees for 4 hours. The precipitate was collected by filtration and the mother liquor heated to 80 degrees for another 3 hours. More precipitate was collected by filtration and the mother liquor again heated to 80 degrees and after 7 hours allowed to cool to room temperature overnight. The remaining liquor was concentrated to dryness and the residue triturated in hexanes and the solid filtered off and washed with ethyl acetate. Combination of all the lots gave the product (0.905 g); m.p. 179-180°C. Calculated for C₂₃H₂₄N₄O₂S • 0.1 M EtOAc:

C, 65.46; H, 5.82; N, 13.05.

Found: C, 65.24; H, 5.70; N, 12.86.

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EXAMPLE 94

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-p-tolyl-benzamide

A suspension of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-p-tolyl-benzamide from Example 7 (0.515 g, 2.01 mmol) in methylene chloride (75 mL) was heated to the boiling point, then 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.411 g, 2.01 mmol) was added, and the reaction was allowed to stand at room temperature. After 2 days, the mixture was stripped of solvent at 40°C and the residue triturated in warm methylene chloride. The solid was filtered off, redissolved in methylene chloride/methanol, and filtered to clarity. Evaporation of the solvent afforded the product (0.305 g); m.p. 178-180°C.

Calculated for C₂₂H₁₉N₃O₂Cl₂S:

C, 57.40; H, 4.16; N, 9.13.

Found: C, 56.99; H, 4.11; N, 9.07.

EXAMPLE 95

15 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-m-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.973 g, 4.00 mmol) and 3-methylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.55 mL, 4.07 mmol) to afford the product (0.305 g) in two crops; m.p. 168-171°C.

Calculated for $C_{22}H_{21}N_3O_2S \cdot 0.1 M H_2O$:

C, 67.18; H, 5.43; N, 10.69.

Found: C, 67.00; H, 5.32; N, 10.55.

EXAMPLE 96

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 9 (0.481 g, 2.09 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.427 g, 2.09 mmol). Filtration afforded the product (0.45 g) in two crops; m.p. 173-175°C.

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Calculated for C₂₀H₁₄N₃OCl₂SF:

C, 55.31; H, 3.25; N, 9.67.

Found: C, 55.21; H, 3.12; N, 9.62.

EXAMPLE 97

N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 78 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide from Example 4 (0.932 g, 3.00 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.335 g, 1.64 mmol).

After 2 days, filtration afforded the product (0.426 g); m.p. 189-191°C. Calculated for C₂₁H₁₅N₃O₂Cl₄S:

C, 48.95; H, 2.93; N, 8.16.

Found: C, 48.96; H, 2.87; N, 8.05.

EXAMPLE 98

15 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-o-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.972 g, 4.00 mmol), 2-methylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.55 mL, 4.11 mmol, and ethyl acetate 20 mL) was allowed to stand at room temperature. After 4 days, the reaction was heated to 80°C for 3 hours then allowed to stand at room temperature for an additional 5 days. Filtration afforded the product (0.804 g); m.p. 172-174°C.

Calculated for C₂₂H₂₁N₃O₂S:

C, 67.50; H, 5.41; N, 10.73.

Found: C, 66.96; H, 5.47; N, 10.56.

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EXAMPLE 99

3-[3-(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 98 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.974 g, 4.01 mmol) and

3,5-dimethylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.66 g, 4.04 mmol) to afford the product (0.42 g); m.p. 203-205°C.

Calculated for C23H23N3O2S:

C, 68.12; H, 5.72; N, 10.36.

Found: C, 67.83; H, 5.66; N, 10.26.

EXAMPLE 100

3-[3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-pyridin-3-yl-benzamide

A solution of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-pyridin-3-yl-benzamide from Example 5 (0.727 g, 2.99 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.611 g, 2.99 mmol) in DMF (25 mL) was allowed to stand at room temperature for 3 days. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue diluted with water then allowed to stand overnight. The suspended solid was filtered off and triturated successively with ethyl acetate, ether, then boiling methanol to afford the product (0.57 g); m.p. 179-180°C.

15 Calculated for C₂₀H₁₆N₄O₂Cl₂S:

C, 53.70; H, 3.61; N, 12.53.

Found: C, 53.54; H, 3.52; N, 12.43.

EXAMPLE 101

5-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-2-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide

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Step A: 5-Amino-2-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using oxalyl chloride (3.0 mL, 34.39 mmol), 2-fluoro-5-nitrobenzoic acid (5.00 g, 27.01 mmol), DMF (1.0 mL, 12.92 mmol), and aniline (5.0 mL, 54.88 mmol) to afford the pure product (5.76 g); m.p. 120-122°C.

Calculated for C₁₃H₁₁N₂OF:

C, 67.82; H, 4.82; N, 12.17.

Found: C, 67.59; H, 4.80; N, 12.08.

Step C: 5-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-2-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 5-amino-2-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.920 g, 4.00 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.817 g, 4.00 mmol) to afford the product (1.52 g); m.p. 195-196°C.

5 Calculated for C₂₀H₁₄N₃OCl₂F:

C, 55.31; H, 3.25; N, 9.68.

Found: C, 55.47; H, 3.28; N, 9.43.

EXAMPLE 102

N-(3,4-Dimethylphenyl)-4-methoxy-3-(3-m-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide

A solution of 3-amino-N-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide from Example 6 (0.541 g, 2.00 mmol) and 3-methylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.28 mL, 2.07 mmol) in ethyl acetate (35 mL) was boiled until nearly all the solvent had evaporated. Filtration after 2 days at room temperature afforded the product (0.44 g) in two crops; m.p. 155-160°C.

Calculated for C₂₄H₂₅N₃O₂S:

C, 68.71; H, 6.01; N, 10.02.

Found: C, 68.11; H, 6.09; N, 9.81.

EXAMPLE 103

N-(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)-4-methoxy-3-(3-m-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 102 using 3-amino-N-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide from Example 11 (0.542 g, 2.01 mmol) and 3-methylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.28 mL, 2.07 mmol) to afford the product (0.41 g); m.p. 188-189°C.

25 C, 68.71; H, 6.01; N, 10.02.

Calculated for C₂₄H₂₅N₃O₂S:

Found: C, 68.59; H, 5.93; N, 9.85.

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EXAMPLE 104

N-(3-Chloro-4-methylphenyl)-3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide

A solution of 3-amino-N-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide from Example 12 (0.581 g, 2.00 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.409 g, 2.00 mmol) in dichloromethane (40 mL) and DMF (3 mL) was allowed to stand at room temperature. After 16 hours, filtration afforded the product (0.57 g); m.p. 195-196°C.

Calculated for C₂₂H₁₈N₃O₂Cl₃S:

10 C, 53.40; H, 3.67; N, 8.49.

Found: C, 53.13; H, 3.54; N, 8.37.

EXAMPLE 105

N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-3-[3-(4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 78 using 3-amino-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide from Example 39 (0.622 g, 2.00 mmol) and 4-isothiocyanatobenzenesulfonamide (0.428 g, 2.00 mmol). Filtration without trituration afforded the product (0.714 g); m.p. 190-193°C.

20 Calculated for C₂₁H₁₈N₄O₄S₂Cl₂:

C, 48.00; H, 3.45; N, 10.66.

Found: C, 47.86; H, 3.64; N, 10.40.

EXAMPLE 106

$3\hbox{-}[3\hbox{-}(3,5\hbox{-}Dichlor ophenyl)\hbox{-}thio ure ido]-4\hbox{-}methyl sulfanyl-N\hbox{-}phenyl-benzamide}$

A solution of 3-amino-N-phenyl-4-methylsulfanyl-benzamide from Example 20 (0.327 g, 1.27 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.258 g, 1.26 mmol) in dichloromethane (50 mL) was briefly warmed to 40°C and then allowed to stand at room temperature. After 4 days, DMF (5 mL) was added and the mixture allowed to stand for 4 hours, then the solvent was removed in vacuo

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and the residue mixed with water. Filtration afforded the product (0.3635 g); m.p. 172-175°C after trituration in ether.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₇N₃OS₂Cl₂ • H₂O:

C, 53.50; H, 3.85; N, 8.92.

Found: C, 53.48; H, 3.83; N, 8.86.

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EXAMPLE 107

${\it 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide}$

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide from Example 15 (0.834 g, 3.00 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.6124 g, 3.00 mmol) to afford the product (1.206 g) in 3 crops; m.p. 180-183°C. Calculated for C₂₁H₁₅N₃O₂F₂Cl₂S:

C, 52.29; H, 3.13; N, 8.71.

Found: C, 52.02; H, 3.07; N, 8.61.

EXAMPLE 108

N-(3-Chlorophenyl)-3-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 100 using 3-amino-N-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide from Example 16 (0.5545 g, 2.01 mmol) and 4-fluorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.3073 g, 2.01 mmol), and omitting the trituration in methanol to afford the product (0.775 g); m.p. 184-185°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₇N₃O₂SFCl:

C, 58.67; H, 3.99; N, 9.77.

25 Found: C, 58.51; H, 3.94; N, 9.81.

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EXAMPLE 109

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzenesulfonamide

A suspension of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzenesulfonamide (0.4514 g, 1.62 mmol) in ethyl acetate was heated until a solution was obtained. 3,5-Dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.3310 g, 1.62 mmol) was added and the mixture allowed to stand at room temperature. After 4 days, the reaction was concentrated to 1/3 of its original volume and allowed to stand overnight. The solution was concentrated to an oil which was triturated with hexanes and the resulting solid filtered off, dried, and triturated in ether to afford the product (0.2275 g); m.p. 163-165°C.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇N₃O₃S₂Cl₂ • 0.67 H₂O:

C, 48.58; H, 3.74; N, 8.50.

Found: C, 48.54; H, 3.70; N, 8.21.

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EXAMPLE 110

4-Ethyl-N-phenyl-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 78 using 3-amino-N-phenyl-4-ethyl-benzamide from Example 17 (0.961 g, 4.00 mmol) and 3-(trifluromethyl)phenyl isothiocyanate (0.82 g, 4.04 mmol). Filtration without trituration afforded the product (1.4641 g); m.p. 166-167°C.

Calculated for C₂₃H₂₀N₃OSF₃ • 0.43 EtOAc:

C, 61.68; H, 4.91; N, 8.73.

Found: C, 61.67; H, 4.89; N, 8.73.

EXAMPLE 111

25 4-Ethyl-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-4-ethyl-benzamide from Example 19 (1.5216 g, 5.51 mmol) and 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl isothiocyanate (1.12 g, 5.51 mmol) to afford the product (1.78 g); m.p. 169-170°C.

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Calculated for C₂₃H₁₈N₃OSF₅ • 0.33 EtOAc:

C, 57.44; H, 4.09; N, 8.26.

Found: C, 57.24; H, 3.94; N, 8.36.

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EXAMPLE 112

3-{3-[2-Methoxy-5-(pyridin-3-ylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-pyridin-3-yl-benzamide from Example 5 (0.72 g, 3.0 mmol) and 3-carboxyphenyl isothiocyanate (0.53 g, 3.0 mmol). Trituration in ethyl acetate then hot methanol gave the product (1.0 g); m.p. 191-192°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₈N₄O₄S • 0.66 CH₃OH: . 10

C, 58.63; H, 4.70; N, 12.62.

Found: C, 58.54; H, 4.32; N, 12.98.

EXAMPLE 113

3-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzoic acid

15 A mixture of 4-methoxy-3-amino-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) and 3-carboxyphenyl isothiocyanate (0.54 g, 3.0 mmol) in ethyl acetate (60 mL) was warmed briefly to 50°C and then allowed to stand overnight at room temperature. The mixture was then rewarmed to 50°C, filtered, and concentrated to dryness. Trituration of the residue in ethyl acetate followed by filtration afforded the product (1.083 g); m.p. 196-197°C.

Calculated for C₂₂H₁₉N₃O₄S:

C, 62.69; H, 4.54; N, 9.97.

Found: C, 62.43; H, 4.55; N, 9.83.

EXAMPLE 114

25 3,4-Dichloro-N-{4-fluoro-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-phenyl}benzamide

> Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3,4-dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 22 (0.69 g,

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2.3 mmol) and 3-trifluoromethylphenyl isothiocyanate (0.47 g, 2.3 mmol) to afford the product (0.532 g); m.p. 172-174°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₃Cl₂F₄N₃OS:

C, 50.21; H, 2.61; N, 8.37.

Found: C, 50.30; H, 2.63; N, 8.14.

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EXAMPLE 115

${\bf 3,4-Dichloro-N-\{3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxyphenyl\}-benzamide}$

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 60 using 3,4-dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide from Example 23, Step B (0.72 g, 2.3 mmol) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.47 g, 2.3 mmol) to afford the product (0.3 g) after chromatography on silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate 3:2 as eluant; m.p. 183-186°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₅Cl₄N₃O₂S:

C, 48.95; H, 2.93; N, 8.16.

Found: C, 49.16; H, 3.18; N, 8.02.

EXAMPLE 116

${\it 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide}$

A solution of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 15 (0.834 g, 3.00 mmol), 3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (0.736 g, 3.00 mmol) and a catalytic amount of 4-dimethylaminopyridine in pyridine (10 mL) was stirred under nitrogen at room temperature. After 16 hours, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue shaken with a mixture of ethyl acetate and 1N HCl then filtered. The layers were separated and the organic layer washed with brine, dried with MgSO₄, concentrated to dryness, triturated in hexanes and filtered to afford a solid which was combined with that obtained in the filtration step to afford the product (1.38 g); m.p. 228-231°C.

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Calculated for C₂₀H₁₄Cl₂F₂N₂O₄S:

C, 49.30; H, 2.90; N, 5.75.

Found: C, 48.61; H, 2.97; N, 5.58.

EXAMPLE 117

5 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 116 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 4 (0.932 g, 3.00 mmol), 3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (0.737 g, 3.00 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine to afford the product (1.53 g); m.p. >230°C (dec). Calculated for C₂₀H₁₄Cl₄N₂O₄S:

C, 46.18; H, 2.71; N, 5.38.

Found: C, 47.02; H, 2.82; N, 5.37.

EXAMPLE 118

15 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 116 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.7296 g, 3.00 mmol), 3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (0.7327 g, 3.00 mmol), and 4-dimethylaminopyridine to obtain the product (1.01 g); m.p. 222-228°C.

20 Calculated for C₂₀H₁₆N₂O₄Cl₂S:

C, 53.23; H, 3.57; N, 6.21.

Found: C, 53.23; H, 3.51; N, 6.11.

EXAMPLE 119

3-Methanesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 116 using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide from Example 4 (0.6117 g, 1.97 mmol) and methanesulfonic anhydride (0.2505 g, 1.44 mmol) for 7 days. No product was obtained in the initial filtration step. Trituration in ethyl

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acetate/hexane (1:1) followed by recrystallization from ethyl acetate afforded the product (0.0639 g); m.p. 226-228°C.

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₄N₂O₄SCl₂:

C, 46.28; H, 3.63; N, 7.20.

Found: C, 46.21; H, 3.66; N, 7.11.

EXAMPLE 120

3-Benzenesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.9726 g, 4.00 mmol), triethylamine (0.56 mL, 4.02 mmol), and benzenesulfonyl chloride (0.51 mL, 4.00 mmol) in ethyl acetate (70 mL) was heated briefly to obtain a solution. The reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature under nitrogen. An additional equivalent of triethylamine and 1/2 equivalent of benzenesulfonyl chloride was added and the mixture heated to 50-60°C. After 7 hours, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with 1N HCl followed by saturated NaHCO₃. The organic layer was filtered, dried with MgSO₄, and stripped of solvent by rotary evaporator. Trituration of the residue in hexane/ethyl acetate (4:1) afforded the product (0.268 g); m.p. 190-194°C.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₈N₂O₄S:

C, 62.81; H, 4.74; N, 7.32.

Found: C, 62.43; H, 4.86; N, 7.07.

EXAMPLE 121

3-(4-Methoxy-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

A mixture of 4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl chloride (2.21 g, 10.0 mmol),

3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.43 g, 10.0 mmol) and pyridine
(25 mL) was allowed to stand at room temperature until thin layer
chromatography indicated the reaction to be complete. The mixture was then
partitioned between water (400 mL) and ethyl acetate (400 mL). The layers were
separated and the organic layer washed with water (2 × 400 mL), 1N HCL

(100 mL), and brine (100 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate), filtered and stripped of

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solvent. Trituration of the residue in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1) and filtration afforded the product (3.754 g); m.p. 184-186°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₂₀N₂O₅S:

C, 61.15; H, 4.89; N, 6.79.

Found: C, 61.20; H, 5.03; N, 6.78.

EXAMPLE 122

3-(3-Nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using 3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride (2.44 g, 10 mmol) and 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.43 g, 10.0 mmol) to afford the product (3.522 g); m.p. 208-210°C.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇N₃O₆S:

C, 56.20; H, 4.01; N, 9.83.

Found: C, 56.43; H, 4.10; N, 9.81.

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EXAMPLE 123

3-(3-Chloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using 3-chlorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (2.27 g, 10 mmol) and 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.43 g, 10.0 mmol) to afford the product (3.846 g); m.p. 197-199°C.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇ClN₂O₄S:

C, 56.20; H, 4.01; N, 9.83.

Found: C, 56.43; H, 4.10; N, 9.81.

EXAMPLE 124

25 3-(4-Methyl-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using 4-methylbenzenesulfonyl chloride (2.06 g, 10 mmol) and 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.43 g, 10.0 mmol) to afford the product (3.053 g); m.p. 200-202°C.

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Calculated for C21H20N2O4S:

C, 63.62; H, 5.08; N, 7.07.

Found: C, 63.43; H, 5.18; N, 6.86.

EXAMPLE 125

5 3-(4-Fluoro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using 4-fluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (2.14 g, 10 mmol) and 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.43 g, 10.0 mmol) to afford the product (3.522 g); m.p. 209-211°C.

10 Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇FN₂O₄S:

C, 59.99; H, 4.28; N, 7.00.

Found: C, 59.96; H, 4.24; N, 6.87.

EXAMPLE 126

3-(4,5-Dibromothiophene-2-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Pyridine (5 mL) was added to a mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) and 2,3-dibromothiophene-5-sulfonyl chloride (1.0 g, 3.0 mmol) and stirred under an inert atmosphere at room temperature. After 20 hours, the mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), acidified with 4N HCl, and extracted with dichloromethane (2 × 50 mL). The insoluble material was filtered off and rinsed with water. The combined extracts were washed successively with 2N HCl, water, and saturated brine, then dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue combined with the solid from above to afford the product (0.7 g), m.p. 205-210°C, after recrystallization from ethanol.

25 Calculated for C₁₈H₁₄Br₂N₂O₄S₂ • 0.3 EtOH:

C, 39.89; H, 2.58; N, 5.00.

Found: C, 40.26; H, 2.65; N, 5.18.

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EXAMPLE 127

3-(2-Chlorobenzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Pyridine (5 mL) was added to a mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) and 2-chlorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (0.63 g, 3.0 mmol) and stirred under an inert atmosphere at room temperature. After 20 hours, the mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and acidified with conc. HCl. After 2 hours, the mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (2 × 50 mL). The combined extracts were washed successively with dilute aqueous HCl, water, and sat. brine then dried over MgSO₄ and stripped of solvent under reduced pressure to afford the product (1.1 g); m.p. 107-109°C, after trituration in diethyl ether.

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₇ClN₂O₄S • 0.3 Ether:

C, 57.99; H, 4.59; N, 6.38.

Found: C, 57.86; H, 4.65; N, 6.16.

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EXAMPLE 128

${\bf 3-(4-Trifluoromethyl-benzene sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide}$

Pyridine (5 mL) was added to a mixture of 4-trifluoro-methylbenzenesulfonyl chloride (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) and 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) and stirred at room temperature. After 20 hours, the mixture was added to water (50 mL), acidified with 2N HCl, and stirred for an hour. The precipitate was filtered off, rinsed with water, and dried to afford the product (1.2 g); m.p. 197-198°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₇F₃N₂O₄S:

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C, 56.00; H, 3.80; N, 6.22.

Found: C, 56.01; H, 3.85; N, 6.12.

EXAMPLE 129

3-(Butane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 128 using 1-butanesulfonyl chloride (0.47 g, 3.0 mmol) and 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-

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benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) to afford the product (1.0 g), m.p. 182-183°C after recrystallization from ethanol.

Calculated for C₁₈H₂₂N₂O₄S:

C, 59.65; H, 6.12; N, 7.73.

Found: C, 59.68; H, 6.09; N, 7.60.

EXAMPLE 130

3-(Quinoline-8-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 126 using 8-quinolinesulfonyl chloride (0.68 g, 3.0 mmol) and 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) to afford the product (1.0 g); m.p. 187-188°C after trituration in diethyl ether and recrystallization from ethanol. Calculated for C₂₃H₁₉N₃O₄S:

C, 63.73; H, 4.42; N, 9.69.

Found: C, 63.68; H, 4.40; N, 9.66.

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EXAMPLE 131

3-(2-Acetylamino-4-methylthiazole-5-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 126 using 2-acetamido-4-methyl-5-thiazolesulfonyl chloride (0.76 g, 3.0 mmol) and 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) to afford the product (0.7 g); m.p. 260-261°C after trituration in diethyl ether.

Calculated for $C_{20}H_{20}N_4O_5S_2$:

C, 52.16; H, 4.38; N, 12.17.

Found: C, 52.15; H, 4.26; N, 11.87.

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EXAMPLE 132

3-(2,5-Dichlorothiophene-3-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 127 using 2,5-dichlorothiophene-3-sulfonyl chloride (0.75 g, 3.0 mmol) and 3-amino-

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4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) to afford the product (0.9 g); m.p. 189-190°C.

Calculated for C₁₈H₁₄Cl₂N₂O₄S₂:

C, 47.27; H, 3.09; N, 6.13.

Found: C, 47.51; H, 3.04; N, 5.91.

EXAMPLE 133

3-(Naphthalene-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 127 using 1-naphthalenesulfonyl chloride (0.68 g, 3.0 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol), and ethyl acetate instead of dichloromethane to afford the product (0.8 g); m.p. 212-213°C.

Calculated for C₂₄H₂₀N₂O₄S₂:

C, 66.65; H, 4.66; N, 6.48.

Found: C, 66.48; H, 4.75; N, 6.35.

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EXAMPLE 134

3-Ethanesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using ethanesulfonyl chloride (1.5 mL, 15.8 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide (2.43 g, 10 mmol) and pyridine (25 mL) to afford the product (3.023 g); m.p. 175-177°C after trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1). Calculated for C₁₆H₁₈N₂O₄S:

C, 57.47; H, 5.43; N, 8.38.

Found: C, 57.65; H, 5.37; N, 8.35.

EXAMPLE 135

25 3-Phenylmethanesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using benzylsulfonyl chloride (1.90 g, 10 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide (2.43 g, 10 mmol), and pyridine (25 mL) to afford the product (2.5 g); m.p. 216-216°C after trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1).

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Calculated for $C_{21}H_{20}N_2O_4S_2$:

C, 63.62; H, 5.08; N, 7.07.

Found: C, 63.61; H, 5.00; N, 7.00.

EXAMPLE 136

5 3-(3,4-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using 3,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (2.45 g, 10 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.43 g, 10 mmol) and pyridine (25 mL) to afford the product (4.183 g); m.p. 191-193°C after trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1).

Calculated for C₂₀H₁₆Cl₂N₂O₄S:

C, 53.23; H, 3.57; N, 6.21.

Found: C, 53.30; H, 3.48; N, 6.14.

EXAMPLE 137

3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using 2,4-difluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride (2.19 g, 10 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.43 g, 10 mmol), and pyridine (25 mL) to afford the product (3.532 g); m.p. 198-200°C after trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1). Calculated for C₂₀H₁₆F₂N₂O₄S:

20 C, 57.41; H, 3.85; N, 6.70.

Found C, 57.52; H, 3.94; N, 6.65.

EXAMPLE 138

3-(Toluene-3-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using 3-methylbenzenesulfonyl chloride (1.91 g, 10 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.43 g, 10 mmol), and pyridine (25 mL) to afford the product (3.587 g); m.p. 195-197°C after trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1).

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Calculated for C₂₁H₂₀N₂O₄S:

C, 63.62; H, 5.08; N, 7.07.

Found: C, 63.63; H, 5.14; N, 6.96.

EXAMPLE 139

5 3-(4-Acetylamino-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using N-acetylsufanilyl chloride (2.33 g, 10 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide (2.43 g, 10 mmol), and pyridine (25 mL) to afford the product (1.80 g); m.p. 250-251°C after trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1).

10 Calculated for C₂₂H₂₁N₃O₅S:

C, 60.12; H, 4.82; N, 9.56.

Found: C, 60.04; H, 4.90; N, 9.47.

EXAMPLE 140

3-(Naphthalene-2-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using 2-napthalenesulfonyl chloride (2.28 g, 10 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide (2.43 g, 10 mmol), and pyridine (25 mL) to afford the product (4.139 g); m.p. 223-225°C after trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1). Calculated for C₂₄H₂₀N₃O₅S:

20 C, 66.65; H, 4.66; N, 6.48.

Found: C, 66.44; H, 4.55; N, 6.37.

EXAMPLE 141

${\bf 3-(1-Methyl-1H-imidazole-4-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide}\\$

Pyridine (25 mL) was added to a mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-Nphenyl-benzamide (2.43 g, 10 mmol) and 1-methylimidazole-4-sulfonyl chloride
(1.82 g, 10 mmol) and the mixture agitated then allowed to stand at room
temperature. After 4 days, the mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate
(400 mL) and water (400 mL). The insoluble material was collected by filtration,
washed with water, and air dried. The organic extract was washed with water (2 x

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400 mL), 1N HCl (100 mL), and brine (100 mL), then dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and stripped of solvent. The residue was combined with the solid obtained above to afford the product (3.07 g); m.p. 250-252°C, after trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1).

5 Calculated for C₁₈H₁₈N₄O₅S:

C, 55.95; H, 4.70; N, 14.50.

Found: C, 55.99; H, 4.74; N, 14.53.

EXAMPLE 142

3-(Thiophene-2-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 121 using 2-thiophenesulfonyl chloride (1.82 g, 10 mmol), 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide (2.43 g, 10 mmol), and pyridine (25 mL) to afford the product (3.457 g); m.p. 180-183°C after trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1). Calculated for C₁₈H₁₆N₂O₄S₂:

15 C, 55.65; H, 4.15; N, 7.21.

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Found: C, 55.80; H, 4.13; N, 7.11.

EXAMPLE 143

3-(5-Dimethylaminonaphthalene-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide

Pyridine (5 mL) was added to a mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) and dansyl chloride (0.81 g, 3.0 mmol) and stirred under an inert atmosphere at room temperature. After 20 hours, the mixture was diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2×50 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water then saturated brine, then dried over MgSO₄ and stripped of solvent under reduced pressure to afford the product

Calculated for C₂₆H₂₅N₃O₄S:

(1.3 g); m.p. 231-232°C.

C, 65.67; H, 5.30; N, 8.84.

Found: C, 65.44; H, 5.29; N, 8.69.

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EXAMPLE 144

2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-carbonic acid-phenyl ester phenyl ester

A solution of phenyl chloroformate (0.75 g, 4.8 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (8 mL) was added dropwise to a stirred solution of 3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.1 g, 4.5 mmol) and 1,4-diazabicyclooctane (0.5 g, 4.5 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (90 mL) under an inert atmosphere at ice bath temperature. The mixture was allowed to warm gradually to room temperature. After 20 hours, additional diazabicyclooctane (0.6 g, 5.3 mmol) and phenyl chloroformate (0.75 g, 4.8 mmol) were added and the mixture heated to reflux. After 20 hours, the mixture was stirred into ice water and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 × 75 mL). The combined extracts were washed successively with water, ice-cold 1N HCl, 2N K₂CO₃, and saturated brine then dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue recrystallized from ethanol to afford the product (0.7 g); m.p. 152-153°C.

Calculated for C₂₁H₁₇NO₅:

C, 69.41; H, 4.72; N, 3.85.

Found: C, 69.14; H, 4.59; N, 3.91.

EXAMPLE 145

4-Hydroxy-3-phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide

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Boron tribromide-dimethyl sulfide complex (3.1 g, 9.9 mmol) was added to a stirred suspension of 4-methoxy-3-phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 28 (0.9 g, 2.8 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (50 mL) under an inert atmosphere, and the mixture heated to reflux. After 1.5 hours, the mixture was allowed to cool and was poured into water (125 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (2 × 75 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water, then saturated brine, and dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue dissolved in ethyl acetate and filtered through a short column of silica gel. The filtrate was stripped of solvent and the residue recrystallized from toluene to afford the product (0.3 g); m.p. 158-159°C.

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Calculated for C₁₉H₁₁₆N₂O₂:

C, 74.98; H, 5.30; N, 9.20.

Found: C, 74.48; H, 4.95; N, 8.82.

EXAMPLE 146 (Intermediate)

3-Amino-4-trifluoromethoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

Step A: 3-Nitro-4-trifluoromethoxybenzoic Acid

A suspension of 4-trifluoromethoxybenzoic acid (TCI, Portland, OR) (1.0 g, 4.9 mmol) in concentrated sulfuric acid (3 mL) was stirred under an inert atmosphere at room temperature until a solution was obtained. Furning nitric acid (1 mL) was added dropwise. After 20 hours the mixture was poured into water (100 mL) and stirred. After an hour the precipitate was filtered off, rinsed with water and dried to afford the product (0.8 g); m.p. 137-139°C.

Calculated for C₈H₄F₃NO₅:

C, 38.26; H, 1.61; N, 5.58.

15 Found: C, 37.89; H, 1.63; N, 5.54.

Step B: 3-Amino-4-trifluoromethoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1 using 3-nitro-4-trifluoromethoxybenzoic acid from Step A (5.1 g, 20.5 mmol), oxalyl chloride (2.1 mL, 20.5 mmol), and 4-fluoroaniline (Aldrich, Milwaukee, WI) (4.6 g, 41.1 mmol) to afford the product (5.7g); m.p. 139-140°C.

Calculated for C₁₄H₁₀F₄N₂O₂:

C, 53.51; H, 3.21; N, 8.91.

Found: C, 53.34; H, 3.20; N, 8.80.

EXAMPLE 147 (Intermediate)

25 3-Amino-4-trifluoromethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 146, but using 4-trifluoromethoxybenzoic acid and aniline as starting materials, which are commercially available from TCI and Aldrich; m.p. 160-162°C.

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EXAMPLE 148

3-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-benzoylamino)-benzoic acid ethyl ester

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 1, but using 3-amino-4-methoxybenzoic acid and ethyl 3-aminobenzoate as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 144-146°C.

EXAMPLE 149

3-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-benzoylamino)-benzoic acid methyl ester Step A: 3-(3-Nitro-4-methoxy-benzoylamino)-benzoic acid methyl ester

4-Methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5.0 g, 25 mmol) was added to thionyl chloride (20 mL) under an inert atmosphere and stirred and heated to reflux. After 2 hours the mixture was stripped to dryness by rotary evaporator, and 2 portions of benzene were successively mixed with then stripped from the residue to leave a solid. This residue was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (20 mL) and added dropwise to a stirred solution of methyl 3-aminobenzoate (3.83 g, 25 mmol) and pyridine (2 mL) cooled in an icebath. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature following the addition, then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was suspended in 1N HCl, stirred, filtered off, and washed successively with 1N HCl, 1N NaHCO₃ (2X), and water (2X). The resulting solid was boiled briefly in methanol (500 mL)then allowed to cool. Filtration afforded the product (8.0 g); m.p. 233-235°C, in sufficient purity for the next step.

STEP B: 3-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-benzoylamino)-benzoic acid methyl ester

Raney nickel (1 g) was added to a solution of 3-(3-nitro-4-methoxy-benzoylamino)-benzoic acid methyl ester from Step A (4.0 g, 12 mmol) in dimethylformamide (125 mL) and shaken at room temperature under an atmosphere of hydrogen, initially at a pressure of 50 psi, until the required amount was taken up. The catalyst was removed by filtration and the filtrate was stripped of solvent by rotary evaporator. Recrystallization of the residue from methanol (150 mL) gave the product (2.3 g); m.p. 160-162°C.

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Calculated for C₁₆H₁₆N₂O₄:

C, 63.99; H, 5.37; N, 9.33.

Found: C, 63.96; H, 5.47; N, 9.29.

EXAMPLE 150

5 3,4-Difluoro-N-(3-amino-4-methoxy-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 23, but using 3,4-difluoro-N-(3-nitro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide from the preparation of Example 151 as a starting material; m.p. 148-151°C.

EXAMPLE 151

10 3,4-Difluoro-N-(3-amino-4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 22, but using 4-fluoro-3-nitroaniline and 3,4-difluorobenzoyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 135-142°C.

EXAMPLE 152

15 1-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-urea

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 24, but using 3,4-dichlorophenyl isocyanate as a starting material, which is commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 202-204°C.

EXAMPLE 153

20 3-(4-Fluoro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 25, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide (Aldrich) and tris(4-fluorophenyl)bismuthane as starting materials; m.p. 178-180°C.

EXAMPLE 154

25 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

Copper(II) acetate (0.5 g, 2.8 mmol) was added to a stirred mixture of 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide from Example 8 (0.7 g, 2.7 mmol), 3,5-dichloro-benzene boronic acid (Lancaster Synthesis, Ltd.,

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Lancashire, UK) (1.0 g, 5.2 mmol), triethylamine (0.88 g, 8.6 mmol), and ~2 g of ground 4A molecular sieves in dichloromethane (50 mL) and stirred at room temperature in a flask fitted with a drying tube. After 18 hours the mixture was filtered, the residue was rinsed with dichloromethane and the filtrate stripped of solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was chromatographed on a column of silica gel in CHCl₃/EtOAc (9:1) to afford a crystalline solid which was triturated in ether, filtered off and dried to afford the product (0.13 g); m.p. 220°C. Calculated for C₂₀H₁₅Cl₂FN₂O₂:

C, 59.28; H, 3.73; N, 6.91.

Found: C, 58.44; H, 3.69; N, 6.57.

EXAMPLE 155

3-(4-Fluoro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 25, but using the title compound of Example 8 as a starting material; m.p. 193-194°C.

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EXAMPLE 156

3-[4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-benzoylamino]-benzoic acid methyl ester

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 25, but using the title compound of Example 149 as a starting material; m.p. 128-129°C.

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EXAMPLE 157

3-[4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-benzoylamino]-benzoic acid ethyl ester

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 25, but using the title compound of Example 148 as a starting material; m.p. 169-170°C.

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EXAMPLE 158

4-Trifluoromethoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 25, but using the title compound of Example 147 as a starting material; m.p. 129-130°C.

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EXAMPLE 159

$\label{lem:condition} \mbox{4-Trifluoromethyl-phenylamino}- \mbox{N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide} \\ \mbox{2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide} \\ \mbox{2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide} \\ \mbox{2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide} \\ \mbox{2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(4-fluoro$

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 25, but using the title compound of Example 146 as a starting material; m.p. 143-144°C.

EXAMPLE 160

3,4-Dichloro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 25, but using the title compound of Example 23 as a starting material; m.p. 151-152°C.

EXAMPLE 161

3-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzoic acid methyl ester

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 60, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-carbomethoxyphenyl isothiocyanate as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich or Trans World Chemicals, Inc., Rockville, MD; m.p. 178-180°C.

EXAMPLE 162

3-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 113, but using the title compound of Example 15 as à starting material; m.p. 221-222°C.

EXAMPLE 163

25 3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-trifluoromethoxy- N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

A mixture of 3-amino-4-trifluoromethoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide from Example 146 (0.292 g, 0.92 mmol) and 3,5-dichloro-phenyl isothiocyanate (Lancaster) (0.191 g, 0.93 mmol) was allowed to stand in ethyl acetate (25 mL)

two days at room temperature. Concentration to dryness and trituration with hexanes/ethyl acetate (4:1) followed by thin layer chromatography revealed no reaction had taken place. More 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.23 g, 1.13 mmol) was added, and the neat reaction mixture was heated on a steam-bath. Ethyl acetate (25 mL) was added and boiled to dryness. Trituration with hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1) gave the product (0.120 g); m.p. 165-166°C. Calculated for C21H13Cl2F4N3O2S:

C, 48.66; H, 2.53; N, 8.11. Found: C, 48.44; H, 2.45; N, 7.89.

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EXAMPLE 164

3-[3-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenyl-thioureido]-4-trifluoro-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide

A mixture of 3-trifluoromethylphenyl isothiocyanate (Trans World) (0.35 g, 1.7 mmol) and 3-amino-4-trifluoromethoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide from Example 146 (0.5 g, 1.6 mmol) in ethyl acetate (25 mL) was stirred under an inert atmosphere at room temperature for 40 hours then heated to reflux. After 15 hours an additional amount (0.35 g, 1.7 mmol) of the isothiocyanate was added and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After several days the mixture was concentrated on a steambath to a thick oil. Upon cooling the residue partially crystallized, and was triturated in hexane then allowed to stand overnight. Filtration afforded a solid which was chromatographed on silica gel in CHCl₃/EtOAc (9:1) to afford the product (0.39 g); m.p. 153-154°C.

Calculated for $C_{22}H_{14}F_7N_3O_2S$:

25 C, 51.07; H, 2.73; N, 8.12. Found: C, 51.41; H, 2.97; N, 7.92.

EXAMPLE 165

4-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 82, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. >280°C.

EXAMPLE 166

4-{3-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 113, but using the title compound of Example 8 as a starting material; m.p. 203-205°C.

EXAMPLE 167

3-{3-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 113, but using the title compound of Example 8 as a starting material; m.p. 218-220°C.

EXAMPLE 168

4-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-benzoylamino)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 102, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 200-203°C.

EXAMPLE 169

20 3-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-benzoylamino)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 102, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 218-220°C.

EXAMPLE 170

 $N-\{3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-fluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl\}-3,4-difluoro-phenyl]-3,4-difluor$

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 113, but using the title compound of Example 151 as a starting material; m.p. 197°C.

EXAMPLE 171

1-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-{3-[3-(3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-urea

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 102, but using the title compound of Example 152 as a starting material; m.p. 202°C.

EXAMPLE 172

3-(3-{5-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-thioureido)-benzoic acid methyl ester

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 102, but using the title compound of Example 152 as a starting material; m.p. 193-194°C.

EXAMPLE 173

3-(3-{5-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-thioureido)-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 102, but using the title compound of Example 152 as a starting material; m.p. 209-211°C.

20 EXAMPLE 174

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1-{3-[3-(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-urea

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 113, but using the title compound of Example 152 as a starting material; m.p. 181°C.

25 EXAMPLE 175

1-{3-[3-(4-Chloro-3-nitro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-urea

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 113, but using the title compound of Example 152 as a starting material; m.p. 162-170°C.

EXAMPLE 176

3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzoic acid benzyl ester Step A: 4-Methoxy-3-nitro-benzoic acid benzyl ester

The acid chloride prepared as in Example 1, Step A (15.07g, 162 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (150 mL, and 2.0 M benzylmagnesium chloride in tetrahydrofuran was added to the rapidly stirred solution. After 1 hour the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride solution. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (700 mL), the layers were separated, the organic layer washed with 1N potassium hydroxide and brine, dried (magnesium sulfate), filtered and concentrated to leave an oil. The oil was filtered through silica gel using ethyl acetate as eluant and the nonpolar fractions were chromatographed 2 times on silica gel in hexanes/ethyl acetate, first (1:1), then (4:1). Concentration of the eluant followed by trituration with hexanes and a little ethyl acetate afforded the product (1.655 g).

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₃NO₅:

C, 62.27; H, 4.56; N, 4.88.

Found: C, 62.15; H, 4.46; N, 4.75.

Step B: 3-Amino-4-methoxy-benzoic acid benzyl ester

The product from Step A (1.52 g, 5.3 mmol) was reacted according to the procedure for Example 9, Step B to give the product (1.05 g) as an oil. Calculated for C₁₅H₁₅NO₃:

C, 70.02; H, 5.88; N, 5.44. Found: C, 70.22; H, 5.96; N, 5.31.

> Step C: 3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzoic acid benzyl ester

The product from Step B (0.1405 g, 0.55 mmol) was reacted according to

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the procedure for Example 60 with 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (0.128 g, 0.88 mmol) to give the product (0.214 g); m.p.144-145°C.

Calculated for C₂₂H₁₈Cl₂N₂O₂S:

C, 57.27; H, 3.93; N, 6.07.

Found: C, 57.32; H, 4.09; N, 5.84.

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EXAMPLE 177

3-(Dodecane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 126, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 1-dodecanesulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich and Alfa; m.p. 156-157°C.

EXAMPLE 178

4-Methoxy-3-(octane-1-sulfonylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 127, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 1-octanesulfonyl chloride as a starting material, which are commercially available from Aldrich and Lancaster; m.p. 154-155°C.

EXAMPLE 179

3-(Decane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 128, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 1-decanesulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich and Lancaster, m.p. 160-161°C.

EXAMPLE 180

25 3-(3-Nitro-benzenesufonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. 220-222°C.

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EXAMPLE 181

3,5-Dichloro-N-{5-[3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 4 as a starting material; m.p. 225-227°C.

EXAMPLE 182

3-(1-Methylethyl-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and isopropylsulfonyl chloride as a starting material, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 135-140°C.

EXAMPLE 183

4-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylsulfamoyl)-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-carboxybenzenesulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 212-214°C.

EXAMPLE 184

3-(Octadecane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 1-octadecanesulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich and Lancaster; m.p. 154-156°C.

EXAMPLE 185

25 3-(3-Amino-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 9, but using the title compound of Example 180 as a starting material; m.p. 212-214°C.

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EXAMPLE 186

4-Methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. 234-236°C.

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EXAMPLE 187

3-(4-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. 228-230°C.

EXAMPLE 188

4-Methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 224-227°C.

EXAMPLE 189

20 3-(3-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 8 as a starting material; m.p. 221-225°C.

EXAMPLE 190

25 4-Methoxy-3-(3-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 8 as a starting material; m.p. 221-240°C.

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EXAMPLE 191

4-Methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 8 as a starting material; m.p. 208-211°C.

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EXAMPLE 192

3-(4-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-cyanobenzenesulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich or Maybridge Chemical Company, Ltd., Cornwall, UK; m.p. 206-208°C.

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EXAMPLE 193

3-(4-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 8 as a starting material; m.p. 131-135°C.

EXAMPLE 194

3-(Dodecane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide

Pyridine (5 mL) was added to a mixture of 1-dodecane-sulfonyl chloride (Maybridge) (0.8 g, 3.0 mmol) and 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide from Example 4 (0.73 g, 3.0 mmol) and stirred at room temperature. After 5 days the mixture was heated on a steambath for 1.5 hours, allowed to cool, and added to water (150 mL), acidified with 4N HCl, and stirred for an hour. The precipitate was filtered off, rinsed with water then with ethanol and dried to afford the product (1.3 g), m.p. 151-152°C after recrystallization from ethanol and chromatography on silica gel in CHCl₃/EtOAc (9:1).

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Calculated for C₂₆H₃₆Cl₂N₂O₄S:

C, 57.45; H, 6.68; N, 5.15.

Found: C, 57.68; H, 6.67; N, 4.90.

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EXAMPLE 195

3-(3-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which is commercially available from Aldrich or Maybridge; m.p. 195-197°C.

EXAMPLE 196

3,4-Dichloro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(4-methoxy-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 23 as a starting material; m.p. 225-227°C.

EXAMPLE 197

3,4-Dichloro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(toluene-4-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 23 as a starting material; m.p. 228-230°C.

EXAMPLE 198

3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(3-amino-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-

20 benzamide

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121/9B, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 205-209°C.

EXAMPLE 199

25 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(4-amino-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121/9B, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 229-231°C.

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EXAMPLE 200

3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(1-dodecane-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 143, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 132°C.

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EXAMPLE 201

3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(chloromethyl-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 143, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 191-193°C.

EXAMPLE 202

3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 231-249°C.

EXAMPLE 203

3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(3-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 150-160°C.

EXAMPLE 204

3,4-Difluoro-N-[3-(4-cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-

25 benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 255-257°C.

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EXAMPLE 205

3,4-Difluoro-N-[3-(3-cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 212-214°C.

EXAMPLE 206

3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-fluoro-3-(thiophene-2-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using the title compound of Example 151 as a starting material, m.p. 202-203°C.

EXAMPLE 207

Thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {5-[3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-amide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 143, but using the title compound of Example 152 as a starting material; m.p. 205-208°C.

EXAMPLE 208

3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-thiobenzamide

A mixture of 3-(3,5-dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 118 (3.61 g, 8.0 mmol) and Lawesson's reagent (3.57 g, 8.8 mmol) was stirred at room temperature overnight in tetrahydrofuran (250 mL). The reaction mixture was warmed to 50°C for about one hour, then to 65°C for about 4 hours then stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was concentrated to dryness and the residue dissolved in ethyl acetate and filtered through silica gel. Concentration of the eluant followed by trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1) afforded the crude product (3.06 g). A portion (0.8 g) of this was chromatographed on silica gel in hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1) to afford a pure sample (0.324 g); m.p. 206-208°C.

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Calculated for C₂₀H₁₆Cl₂N₂O₃S₂:

C, 51.40; H, 3.45; N, 5.99.

Found: C, 51.40; H, 3.66; N, 5.54.

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EXAMPLE 209

5 3,5-Dichloro-N-(2-methoxy-5-phenylaminomethyl-phenyl)benzenesulfonamide

A mixture of 3-(3,5-dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-thiobenzamide from Example 208 (1.0 g, 2.1 mmol) and Raney Nickel (21 g) in ethanol (80 mL) was stirred at 50 degrees for 1.5 hours and then for 3 days at room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite, concentrated to dryness, dissolved in ethyl acetate/methanol/tetrahydrofuran, filtered and concentrated to an oil. The oil was filtered through silica gel twice, first in hexanes/ethyl acetate (3:1), then in hexanes/ethyl acetate (85:15). Concentration of the eluant followed by trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate gave the product 8/31/9811/6/98 (0.100 g); m.p. 105-108°C.

C, 54.93; H, 4.15; N, 6.41. Found: C, 55.40; H, 4.23; N, 6.30.

EXAMPLE 210

3-(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. 160-163°C.

EXAMPLE 211

3-(4-Diethylamino-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-diethylaminobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 180-181°C.

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EXAMPLE 212

3-(3-Fluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material 172-174°C.

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EXAMPLE 213

3-(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 168-170°C.

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EXAMPLE 214

4-Methoxy-3-(3-fluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-fluorobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 137-140°C.

EXAMPLE 215

4-Methoxy-3-(3-nitro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-nitrobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 172-175°C.

EXAMPLE 216

4-Methoxy-3-(4-methoxy-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-methoxybenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 173-174°C.

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EXAMPLE 217

4-Methoxy-3-[(naphthalen-1-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 1-naphthaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 172-174°C.

EXAMPLE 218

4-Methoxy-3-(3,5-dimethyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,5-dimethylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich or Lancaster, m.p. 168-170°C.

EXAMPLE 219

3-(2,3-Difluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 2,3-difluorobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 134-135°C.

EXAMPLE 220

Acetic acid 4-[(2-methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-phenyl ester

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-acetoxybenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 193-195°C.

EXAMPLE 221

4-[(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid methyl ester

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide or 4-carbomethoxybenzaldehyde

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as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 170-172°C.

EXAMPLE 222

3-[(Furan-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 2-furaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 188-190°C.

EXAMPLE 223

4-Methoxy-3-(2-methyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 2-methylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 167-169°C.

EXAMPLE 224

15 4-Methoxy-3-(4-fluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-fluorobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 165-167°C.

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EXAMPLE 225

3-(4-Hydroxy-3-nitro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-nitro-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 175-176°C.

EXAMPLE 226

3-(4-Diethylamino-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. 165-167°C.

EXAMPLE 227

3-Benzylamino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. 176-178°C.

EXAMPLE 228

3-(3-Hydroxy-4-nitro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-hydroxy-4-nitrobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 140-143°C.

EXAMPLE 229

3-(3-Cyano-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-cyanobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 172-174°C.

EXAMPLE 230

3-{[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]-methyl}-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. 240-243°C.

EXAMPLE 231

25 3-(3-Chloro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-chlorobenzaldehyde as

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starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 203-205°C.

EXAMPLE 232

3-(4-tert-Butyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-tert-butylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 195-

197°C.

EXAMPLE 233

3-(4-Cyano-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-cyanobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p.130-133°C.

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EXAMPLE 234

4-{[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]-methyl}-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. >240°C.

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EXAMPLE 235

4-Methoxy-3-(4-propoxy-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-n-propoxybenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 154-156°C.

EXAMPLE 236

3-[(Biphenyl-4-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-phenylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 222-223°C.

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EXAMPLE 237

4-Methoxy-3-(4-methyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-methylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 184-186°C.

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EXAMPLE 238

4-Methoxy-3-(2-methoxy-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 2-methoxybenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 177-179°C.

EXAMPLE 239

3-(4-Butyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-n-butylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 171-173°C.

EXAMPLE 240

3-(3-Fluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide

25 The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. 153-155°C.

EXAMPLE 241

3-[(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-carboxybenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 210-212°C.

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EXAMPLE 242

3-(3,4-Dimethyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,4-dimethylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich or Maybridge; m.p. 163-164°C.

EXAMPLE 243

3-(4-Isopropyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-isopropylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 174-176°C.

EXAMPLE 244

3,4-Dichloro-N-[3-(3-fluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 23 as a starting material; m.p. 197-199°C.

EXAMPLE 245

3,4-Difluoro-N-[3-(3-hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 174-176°C.

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EXAMPLE 246

3-{[5-(3,4-Difluoro-benzoylamino)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]-methyl}-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 218-221°C.

EXAMPLE 247

3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureidomethyl]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-

5. benzamide .

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Step A: 4-Methoxy-3-cyanobenzoic Acid

A mixture of 4-methoxy-3-cyanomethyl benzoate (Maybridge) (9.94 g, 52 mmol) and 1N sodium hydroxide (51 mL) in water (150 mL) was heated briefly to 50°C, then water was added until the solution just became cloudy. After 5 days at room temperature the mixture was stripped of methanol, diluted with water (200 mL), and extracted once with ethyl acetate (discarded). The aqueous solution was acidified with 1N HCl then extracted with ethyl acetate (400 mL). The extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and stripped of solvent. Trituration of the residue in hexanes/ethyl acetate and filtration gave the product (6.79 g).

Calculated for C9H7NO3:

C, 61.02; H, 3.98; N, 7.91.

Found: C, 61.10; H, 3.97; N, 7.93.

Step B: 4-Methoxy-3-cyano-N-phenyl-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 1, Step A using 4-methoxy-3-cyanobenzoic acid from Step A above to afford the product (1.781 g).

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₂N₂O₂:

C, 71.42; H, 4.79; N, 11.10.

Found: C, 71.10; H, 4.80; N, 11.02.

Step C: 4-Methoxy-3-aminomethyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

The product from Step B above (1.64 g, 6.5 mmol) was exposed to hydrogen gas (46 psi) in the presence of Raney Nickel (2 g) until gas uptake ceased. Concentration of the reaction mixture afforded the crude product (1.43 g). The product was purified by conversion to its N-t-butyloxy-carbonyl derivative.

prepared as follows. The amine (1.43 g, 5.6 mmol) was treated with di-t-butyldicarbonate (1.68 g, 7.8 mmol) in dioxane/water (1:1), (110 mL) initially at 50°C and then at room temperature for 3 days. The dioxane was removed by rotary evaporator and the residue extracted with ethyl acetate (150 mL). The organic extract was washed with 10% citric acid solution (50 mL), sodium bicarbonate solution (100 mL), and brine (50 mL), then dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and stripped of solvent. Trituration of the resulting solid in hexanes containing a few mL of ethyl acetate gave the carbamate (1.61 g). The carbamate (1.29 g, 3.6 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 mL) and hydrogen chloride gas was bubbled in for about 3 minutes. The flask was stoppered and stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The precipitate was collected by filtration washed successively with dichloromethane, ether and hexanes to afford the product (1.043 g).

Calculated for $C_{15}H_{16}N_2O_2$ ·HCl:

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C, 61.54; H, 5.85; N, 9.57.

Found: C, 60.03; H, 5.76; N, 9.22.

Step D: 3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureidomethyl]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide

A mixture of the product from Step C (0.1585 g, 0.54 mmol),

triethylamine (0.5 mL) and 3,5-dichlorophenyl isothiocyanate (Lancaster)

(0.138 g, 0.68 mmol) was heated briefly to 50°C and then allowed to stand at
room temperature over-night. The reaction mixture was then re-warmed to 50°C,
filtered, and concentrated to an oil which was triturated in hexanes/ethyl acetate

(2:1) and filtered through silica gel in ethyl acetate to afford the product (0.067 g);
m.p. 208-210°C.

Calculated for C₁₅H₁₆N₂O₂·HCl:

C, 61.54; H, 5.85; N, 9.57.

Found: C, 60.03; H, 5.76; N, 9.22.

EXAMPLE 248

3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,5-dichlorophenylsulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich or Lancaster; m.p. 226-228°C.

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EXAMPLE 249

3-[(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-methyl]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 120, but using the title compound of Example 247 as a starting material; mp 203-206°C.

EXAMPLE 250

4-Methoxy-3-phenylmethanesulfonylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 121, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,5-dichlorobenzylsulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich or Lancaster; m.p. 214-217°C.

EXAMPLE 251

3-[Bis[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 25, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,5-dichlorophenylsulfonyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich or Lancaster; m.p. 228-231°C.

EXAMPLE 252

(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-acetic acid phenylmethyl ester

Acetoxymandeloyl chloride (1.10 g, 5 mmol) was added to a mixture of 4-methoxy-3-amino-N-phenyl-benzamide (1.24 g, 5mmol) and triethylamine (1.25 mL, 9 mmol) in ethyl acetate (50 mL). The flask was agitated briefly then allowed to stand overnight at room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted

with ethyl acetate (150 mL), washed with aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (150 mL) then brine (100 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, and filtered. Removal of the solvent followed by trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (2:1) gave the product (1.46g.); m.p. 168-171°C.

Calculated for C₂₄H₂₂N₂O₅:

C, 68.89; H, 5.30; N, 6.69.

Found: C, 68.68; H, 5.14; N, 6.39.

EXAMPLE 253

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethylamino]-benzamide Step A:4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-acetylamino]-benzamide

Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (2.08 g, 10 mmol) was added to a stirred mixture of 4-methoxy-3-amino-N-phenyl-benzamide (2.44 g, 10 mmol) and 3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl-acetic acid (2.06 g, 10 mmol) in dichloromethane (80 mL) at room temperature followed by 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1.36 g, 10 mmol). After overnight stirring the reaction mixture was filtered and the solid rinsed with ethyl acetate. The combined organic filtrates were washed with sodium bicarbonate solution (150 mL) then brine (100 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. Trituration of the residue with hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:1) afforded the product (3.023 g). Calculated for C23H19F3N2O3:

C, 64.48; H, 4.47; N, 6.54.

Found: C, 64.46; H, 4.51; N, 6.64.

Step B: 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioacetylamino]-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 208 using the product from step A above (2.14 g, 5 mmol) and Lawesson's reagent (4.04 g, 10 mmol) to give the product (0.261 g).

Calculated for $C_{23}H_{19}F_3N_2O_2S$:

C, 62.15; H, 4.31; N, 6.30.

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Found: C, 61.82; H, 4.38; N, 6.27.

Step C: 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethylamino]-benzamide

Prepared according to the procedure described for Example 209 using the product from Step C above (0.185 g, 0.42 mmol) and Raney Nickel (5 g) to give the product (0.079 g); m.p. 142-144°C.

Calculated for C₂₃H₂₁F₃N₂O₂:

C, 66.66; H, 5.11; N, 6.76.

Found: C, 66.55; H, 5.03; N, 6.62.

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EXAMPLE 254

4-Methoxy-3-[3-(3-nitro-phenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 60, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and benzoyl isothiocyanate as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 217-219°C.

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EXAMPLE 255

3-[(3,5-Dichlorobenzoyl)amino]-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 252, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,5-dichlorobenzoyl chloride as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 202-205°C.

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EXAMPLE 256

3-[[(Cyanoimino)[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)amino]methyl]amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

25 Step A:

3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide from Example 60 (1.83g,4.1 mmol) was stirred with methyl iodide (2 mL, 32 mmol) in tetrahydro-furan (50 mL) for 2 hours then allowed to stand overnight at room temperature. The precipitate was collected, washed with tetrahydrofuran

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and ether and air-dried to give the crude product (2.007 g), suitable for use in the next step.

Step B:

A mixture of the product from Step A (1.87 g, 4.1 mmol) and cyanamide (Aldrich) (0.199 g, 4.7 mmol) was heated at just below reflux in acetonitrile (50 mL) under nitrogen. After about 18 hours additional cyanamide (0.23 g) was added. Two hours later more cyanamide (0.39 g) was added followed by isopropanol (60 mL), and the mixture was heated to reflux. After 18 hours additional cyanamide (0.59 g) was added, and another portion (0.88 g) 18 hours later. About 18 hours after that the mixture was allowed to cool, and the precipitate was filtered off to afford the product (0.361 g); m.p. 225-227°C. Calculated for C₂₂H₁₇Cl₂N₅O₂:

C, 58.16; H, 3.77; N, 15.42.

Found: C, 57.92; H, 3.84; N, 15.36.

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EXAMPLE 257

3-(2-Hydroxy-2-phenyl-acetylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

1N Sodium hydroxide (3 mL) was added to (2-methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-acetic acid phenylmethyl ester from Example 252 (1.29 g, 3.1 mmol) in methanol (80 mL) and the reaction mixture boiled until most of the solvent was gone. Additional 1N sodium hydroxide (4 mL) and methanol (80 mL) were added and the mixture again concentrated to near dryness. Ethyl acetate (100 mL), water (100 mL), and 1N HCl (10 mL) were added, the layers separated, the organic layer washed with brine (50 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated to an oil. Trituration in hexanes/ethyl acetate (4:1) afforded the product (0.826 g); m.p. 173-175°C.

Calculated for C22H20N2O4:

C, 70.20; H, 5.36; N, 7.44.

Found: C, 69.78; H, 5.12; N, 7.15.

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EXAMPLE 258

4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 15 as a starting material; m.p. 172-174°C.

EXAMPLE 259

4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-phenyl-benzamide

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde as starting materials, which are commercially available from Aldrich; m.p. 195-197°C.

EXAMPLE 260

4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 8 as a starting material; m.p. 179-181°C.

EXAMPLE 261

4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 4 as a starting material; m.p. 178-180°C.

EXAMPLE 262

$\hbox{$4$-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-pyridin-3-yl-benzamide}$

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 5 as a starting material; m.p. 154-155°C.

EXAMPLE 263

3-{4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-benzoylamino}-benzoic acid ethyl ester

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 148 as a starting material; m.p. 153-155°C.

EXAMPLE 264

3,4-Dichloro-N-{4-methoxy-3-{(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino}-phenyl}-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 23 as a starting material; m.p. 185-188°C.

EXAMPLE 265

3,4-Difluoro-N-{4-methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-phenyl}-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 150 as a starting material; m.p. 187-189°C.

EXAMPLE 266

3-[(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,4-methylenedioxybenzaldehyde as starting materials, which can be purchased from Aldrich; m.p. 185-187°C.

EXAMPLE 267

4-Methoxy-3-(3,5-difluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,5-difluorobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which can be purchased from Aldrich; m.p. 175-177°C.

EXAMPLE 268

25 3-(4-Dimethylamino-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and

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4-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which can be purchased from Aldrich; m.p. 195-197°C.

EXAMPLE 269

4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which can be purchased from Aldrich; m.p. 167-171°C.

EXAMPLE 270

10 4-Methoxy-3-(2-fluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 2-fluorobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which can be purchased from Aldrich; m.p. 142-144°C.

EXAMPLE 271

N-{3-[(2,3-Dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,4-ethylenedioxy-benzaldehyde as starting materials, which can be purchased from Aldrich; m.p. 174-175°C.

EXAMPLE 272

3-(4-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde as starting materials, which can be purchased from Aldrich; m.p. 188-190°C.

EXAMPLE 273

4-Methoxy-3-(3-methyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3-methylbenzaldehyde as starting materials, which can be purchased from Aldrich; m.p. 184-185°C.

EXAMPLE 274

5 3-(3,4-Difluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

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The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide and 3,4-difluorobenzaldehyde as starting materials, which can be purchased from Aldrich; m.p. 150-152°C.

The commercial suppliers of the starting materials used to make compounds of the present invention are shown below in Table, A.

EXAMPLE 275

3-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 15 and pyridine-3-carboxaldehyde, which is available from Aldrich, as starting materials; mp 148-149°C.

EXAMPLE 276

3-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 4 and pyridine-3-carboxaldehyde, which is available from Aldrich, as starting materials; mp 145-147°C.

EXAMPLE 277

3-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-3-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-benzanilide and pyridine-3-carboxaldehyde, which are available from Aldrich, as starting materials; mp 178-180°C.

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EXAMPLE 278

4-[(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-benzanilide and 4-carboxybenzaldehyde, which are available from Aldrich, as starting materials; mp >240°C.

EXAMPLE 279

${\bf 3,4-Difluoro-N-\{[3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-phenyl\}-benzamide}$

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 50, but using the title compound of Example 150 and pyridine-3-carboxyaldehyde, which is available from Aldrich, as starting materials; mp 177-179°C.

EXAMPLE 280

3-(3-Acetylamino-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide

The title compound has been made using the procedure of Example 154, but using 3-amino-4-methoxy-benzanilide, which is available from Aldrich, and 3-acetamidobenzeneboronic acid, which is available from Lancaster, as starting materials; mp 202-203°C.

 \mathtt{TABLE} A

Supplier	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	lit prep	Lancaster	lit prep	lit prep		lit prep		lit prep	
Starting Material	4-fluoroaniline	aniline	ethyl 3-aminobenzoate	methyl 3-aminobenzoate	3,4-difluorobenzoyl chloride	3,4-difluorobenzoyl chloride	3,4-dichlorophenyl isocyanate	tris(4-fluorophenyl)bismuthane	3,5-dichlorbenzeneboronic acid	tris(4-fluorophenyl)bismuthane	tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)	bismuthane	tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)	bismuthane	tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)	bismuthane
Supplier	TCI	TCI	Aldrich	Aldrich		Aldrich		Aldrich		٠						
Starting Material	4-trifluoromethoxybenzoic acid	4-trifluoromethoxybenzoic acid	3-amino-4-methoxybenzoic acid	3-amino-4-methoxybenzoic acid	*	4-fluoro-3-nitroaniline	*	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	*	*	*		*		*	
Example	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156		157		158	

ABLE A

					Γ		·								. 1		
	Supplier	lit prep	•	Aldrich	TransWorld		TransWorld	Lancaster		TransWorld		Aldrich		TransWorld	TransWorld	TransWorld	TransWorld
	Starting Material	tris(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)	bismuthane	3,4-dichlorobenzoyl chloride	3-carbomethoxyphenyl	isothiocyanate	3-carboxyphenyl isothiocyanate	3,5-dichlorophenyl	isothiocyanate	3-trifluoromethylphenyl	isothiocyanate	4-sulfophenyl isothiocyanate	sodium salt	4-carboxyphenyl isothiocyanate	3-carboxyphenyl isothiocyanate	4-carboxyphenyl isothiocyanate	3-carboxyphenyl isothiocyanate
IABLEA	Supplier			40	Aldrich				*				200				
	Starting Material	*		*	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide		*	*		*		*		**	*	*	*
	Example	159		160	191		162	163		164		165	-	166	167	168	169

TransWorld Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Supplier Aldrich Alfa 3-carboxyphenyl isothiocyanate 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl 1-dodecanesulfonyl chloride 3-methoxycarbonylphenyl 1-decanesulfonyl chloride 1-octanesulfonyl chloride Starting Material 4-chloro-3-nitrophenyl 3,5-dichlorophenyl 3,5-dichlorophenyl 3,5-dichlorophenyl sothiocyanate isothiocyanate isothiocyanate isothiocyanate isothiocyanate isothiocyanate Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Supplier 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide 4-methoxy-3-nitrobenzoic acid Starting Material Example 176 170 171 172 175 178 179 173 174 177

TABLE A

TABLE A

Maybridge Maybridge Lancaster Aldrich Supplier Aldrich Lancaster Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich 3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride 4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride 4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride 3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride 4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride 1-octadecanesulfonyl chloride 3,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl isopropylsulfonyl chloride 4-carboxybenzenesulfonyl Starting Material 4-cyanobenzenesulfonyl 3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl chloride chloride chloride chloride Supplier Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide Starting Material Example 180 182 181 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191

ABLEA

	Supplier	Maybridge		Maybridge		Maybridge	Maybridge		Aldrich		Aldrich				Alfa	Alfa	Aldrich
	Starting Material	4-cyanobenzenesulfonyl	chloride	4-cyanobenzenesulfonyl	chloride	1-dodecanesulfonyl chloride	3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl	chloride	4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl	chloride	4-methylbenzenesulfonyl	chloride	*	*	1-dodecanesulfonyl chloride	chloromethylsulfonyl chloride	4-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride
W TOTAL	Supplier .	Aldrich		*			Aldrich										
	Starting Material	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide		*		*	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide		*		*		*	*	*	*	*
	Example	192		193		194	195		196		197	٠.	198	199	200	201	202

ABLE A

	Example	Starting Material	Supplier	Starting Material	Supplier
L	203	*		3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride	Aldrich
	204	*		4-cyanobenzenesulfonyl	Maybridge
	٠			chloride	
L	205	*		3-cyanobenzenesulfonyl	Maybridge
				chloride	
·	206	*		2-thienylsulfonyl chloride	Aldrich
L	207	*		2-thienylsulfonyl chloride	Aldrich
<u> </u>	208	*		3,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl	Lancaster
	*			chloride	
<u> </u>	209	*		3,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonyl	Lancaster
		1		chloride	٠
	210	*		3-hydroxybenzaldehyde	Aldrich
<u> </u>	211	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	Aldrich	4-diethylaminobenzaldehyde	Aldrich
<u> </u>	212	*		3-fluorobenzaldehyde	Aldrich
L	213	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	Aldrich	3-hydroxybenzaldehyde	Aldrich

FABLE A

	ier	ch	t)	ch	ch	ster	ch	ch Ch	d)	ch	ch	ch	ch	y	ch	ch	ch
	Supplier	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Lancaster	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich						
	Starting Material	3-fluorobenzaldehyde	3-nitrobenzaldehyde	4-methoxybenzaldehyde	1-naphthaldehyde	3,5-dimethylbenzaldehyde	2,3-difluorobenzaldehyde	4-acetoxybenzaldehyde	4-carbomethoxybenzaldehyde	2-furaldehyde	2-methylbenzaldehyde	4-fluorobenzaldehyde	3-nitro-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde	4-diethylaminobenzaldehyde	benzaldehyde	3-hydroxy-4-nitrobenzaldehyde	3-cyanobenzaldehyde
	Supplier	Aldrich			Aldrich	Aldrich											
	Starting Material	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-méthoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	*	*	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide						
[Example	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229

TARIF A

Supplier	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Maybridge	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich
Starting Material	3-carboxybenzaldehyde	3-chlorobenzaldehyde	4-tert-butylbenzaldehyde	4-cyanobenzaldehyde	4-carboxybenzaldehyde	4-n-propoxybenzaldehyde	4-phenylbenzaldehyde	4-methylbenzaldehyde	2-methoxybenzaldehyde	4-n-butylbenzaldehyde	3-fluorobenzaldehyde	3-carboxybenzaldehyde	3,4-dimethylbenzaldehyde	4-isopropylbenzaldehyde	3-fluorobenzaldehyde	3-hydroxybenzaldehyde
Supplier		Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich		Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich		Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich		
Starting Material	*	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	*	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	*	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	*	*				
Example	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245

Supplier Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich O-acetyl mandelic acid chloride 3-trifluoromethylphenyl acetic 3,5-dichlorobenzoyl chloride 3,5-dichlorophenylsulfonyl 3,5-dichlorophenylsulfonyl 3,5-dichlorobenzylsulfonyl 3,5-dichlorophenylsulfonyl Starting Material 3-carboxybenzaldehyde benzoyl isothiocyanate 3,5-dichlorophenyl sothiocyanate chloride chloride chloride chloride acid Maybridge Supplier Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich Aldrich 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide methyl 4-methoxy-3-cyanomethyl Starting Material benzoate Example 250 246 248 249 247 252 253 251 254 255

TABLE A

ABLEA

	•															
Supplier	Aldrich		Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich		Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich
Starting Material	cyanamide	*	2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	3,4-	methylenedioxybenzaldehyde	3,5-difluorobenzaldehyde	4-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde	3-trifluoromethlybenzaldehyde	2-fluorobenzaldehyde
Supplier				Aldrich	-						Aldrich		Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich
Starting Material	*	*	*	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	*	*	*	*	*	*	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide		3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide
Example	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	566		267	268	269	270
	Starting Material Supplier Starting Material	Starting Material Supplier Starting Material *	Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * cyanamide *	Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * cyanamide * * * 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	* Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * cyanamide * * * * * * * * *	* Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * cyanamide * * * * 3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide * 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	* Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * cyanamide * * * * * * * * *	* Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * cyanamide * * 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde * 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde *	Starting MaterialSupplierStarting Material*cyanamide**3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde*2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde*2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde*2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde*2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde*2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde*2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde*2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	* Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * cyanamide * * cyanamide * 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde 3-thiophenecar	* Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * cyanamide * * * annino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide Aldrich 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde * 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde	* Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * * * * * * * * * * * * *	** Starting Material Supplier Starting Material * * * * * * * * * * * * *	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **

4	d
ī	j
Z V]
<u>-</u>	

	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	
Statung Material	3,4-ethylenedioxybenzaldehyde	4-hydroxybenzaldehyde	3-methylbenzaldehyde	3,4-difluorobenzaldehyde	
Supplier	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	Aldrich	
Starting Material	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	3-amino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl benzamide	 Synthesis described in the Examples herein
Example	271	272	273	274	

TCI America 9211 North Harborgate Street Portland, OR 97203 USA

Aldrich Chemical Company Inc 1001 West Saint Paul Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53233 USA

Trans World Chemicals, Inc.

14650 Southlawn Lane Rockville, MD 20850 USA

Lancaster Synthesis Ltd. Eastgate, White Lund Morecambe Lancashire LA3 3DY UK

> Maybridge Chemical Company Ltd. Trevillett Tintagel Cornwall PL34 0HW UK

-162- The results of the assays described above are shown below in Tables 1, 2, and 3.

	TABLE 1
Example	h15LO (IC ₅₀ nM) or % Inhibition at 10 μM
2	290
4	10
5	38
6	79%
. 7	67%
8	157
9 .	38%
10	42%
11	390
12	73
14	68%
15	9
16	79
17	65%
18	2510
19	1100
20	203
21	2130
23	26

-163-TABLE 2

Example	h15LO
	(IC ₅₀ nM)
25	6430
26	1600
27	48%
28	39
29	>3000
30	10
31	10
32	23
33	12
34	29
35	7
36	11
37	2940
38	>3000
39	50
40	17
. 41	65%
42	410
43	73
44	25
45	440
46	20
47	100
48	28
50	846
51	69%
52	62%
53	57%
54	60%
55	54%

-164-TABLE 2

	IABLI	E 2
Example		h15LO
	*	(IC ₅₀ nM)
56		18
57		165
58		80
59	•	1460
60		8.6
61		11
62		70
63		49
64		41
65		42
66		7
67		10000
68	:	42
69	*	32
70		500
71		526
72		56
73		16
74		14.9
75		104
76		48
77	٠.	. 11
78		390
79		127
80		39
81 .		19
82		124
83		81
84 -		20
85		20

-165-TABLE 2

TABLE 2			
Example	h15LO		
	(IC ₅₀ nM)		
86	260		
87	102		
88	33		
89	35		
90	24		
91	8		
92	17		
93	82		
94	42		
95	11		
96	. 46		
. 97	19		
98	1000		
99	11		
100	19		
101 •	66%		
102	170		
104	13		
105	14		
106	. 11		
107	9		
108	34		
109	26%		
110	290		
111	79		
112	26		
113	52		
114	120		
115	44		
116	20		

-166-

TABLE 2

TABLE 2			
Example		h15LO (IC ₅₀ nM)	
118		49	
119		90	
120		40	
121		25	
122		187	
123		31	
124		48	
125		28	:
126		48	
127		167	
128	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	54	
129	.".	79	
130	*	402	
131		609	٠.
132	0	115	
133	6	58	
134		137	٠.
135	1)(1)	63	
136		48	
137		151	,
138		28	
139		104	
140		39	
141		582	
142		12	
143		25	
144	•	1190	
145	•	180	
146	•	35.29%	ó ·
147		37.05%	6 ·

-167-TABLE 2

Example h15LO (IC ₅₀ nN 613	1)
148 613	1)
•	
140 220	
149 330	
150 205	
151 82.60	5%
152 57.49	9%
153 54	
154 97.60	5%
155 94.44	4%
156 90.33	3%
157 78.83	3%
158 48.29	8%
159 44.58	8%
160 119	
161 22	
162 55	
163 629	
164 1590	
165 98.5	1%
166 98.1	1%
167 96.23	2% `
168 109	
169 246	
170 99.53	3%
171 275	•
172 89.0	3%
173	
174 53%	
175 52%	
176 800	
177 . 2	

-168-TABLE 2

	IABLE 2	
Example	h15LO	
	(IC ₅₀ nM)	
178	4	
179	7	
180	36	j
181	68	
182	232	
183	293	3
184	732	2
185	99	9.71%
186	99	9.35%
187	98	3.38%
188	. 91	7.24%
189	91	7.17%
190	9	7.05%
191	90	5.99%
192	9:	5.56%
193	94.51%	
194	93.61%	
195	93.07%	
196	. 3	3
197	3	6
198	9	7.77%
199	9	7.68%
200	9	6.92%
201	. 9	3.97%
202	9	3.85%
203	9	2.01%
204	8	9.54%
205	8	6.96%
206	4	5.56%
207	. 4	1.59%

-169-TABLE 2

	TABLE	2
Example		h15LO (IC ₅₀ nM)
208		98.52%
209		80.94%
210		. 24
211		69
212		69
213	1	79
214		89
215		110
216	-(X	118.2
217		129
218	s .	161
219		166
220		509
221	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	551
222	• . •	591
223	*	892
224		982
225		97.88%
226	- .	96.21%
227	<u>.</u> .	95.74%
228		92.92%
229		92.70%
230		92.57%
231		224
232		80.36%
233		73.46%
234	• .	71.56%
235		67.26%
236		64.09%
237		64%

-170-TABLE 2

TAB	LE 2
Example	h15LO (IC ₅₀ nM)
238	60%
239	58.44%
240	58.09%
241	56.33%
242	50%
243	49.19%
244	86
245	98.02%
246	59.75%
247	40
248	46
249	58
250	63
251	62.01%
252	43%
253	60.56%
254	51%
255	47%
256	45%
257	61%
258	35
259	137
260	186
261	98.57%
262	67.58%
263	53.51%
264	37
265	98.89%
266	197
267	198

-171-TABLE 2

	11.020.2
Example	h15LO
	(IC ₅₀ nM)
268	213
269	221
270	241
271	302
272	304
273	385
274	391
275	28
276	52
277	93
278	36%
279	69
280	99%

TABLE 3

Monocyte Recruitment Assay

Example	ED ₅₀ μM	
28	25% @ 30 μΜ	
35	26.3	
51	20	
56	2.6	
60	17.6	
65	22.7	
66	38% @ 30 μM	
. 67	24.1	
68	2.3	
69	13% @ 30 μΜ	

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In Vivo Tests-Methods

Biochemical Methods

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The entire descending thoracic aorta was assayed for its cholesteryl ester (CE), free cholesterol, and total phospholipid content. The lipids were extracted in chloroform:methanol (2:1) by the procedure of Folch, et al. (Folch J., Lees M., Sloane-Stanley G.H., A simple method for the isolation and purification of total lipids from animal tissue, J. Biol. Chem., 1957;226:497-509) and 300-500 µL of an internal standard, i.e., 200 mg/ml solution of 4-hydroxy-cholesterol in ethyl acetate:acetone (2:1), was added to the extracts of the thoracic aortic samples. After extraction, the organic phase was dried under nitrogen and redissolved in isooctane/tetrahydrofuran (97:3). The lipid content and composition of the thoracic aorta were measured using an HPLC method.

Cytochemical Methods

For histologic evaluation of the aortic arch lesions and for quantification of aortic arch cross-sectional lesion area, a 1 cm segment of the ascending aorta distal to the aortic valves was fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin for 24 hours. The vessels were dehydrated, cleared in xylene, and infiltrated with molten paraffin (<60°C) using a Tissue Tek VIP autoprocessor (Miles Scientific, Elkhart, Indiana). The tissue segments were embedded in paraffin and sectioned at 5 µm with a Reichert-Jung microtome (Baxter, McGraw Park, Illinois). In order to obtain a thorough representation of the histologic appearance of the aortic arch lesions, 3 ribbons of 20 sections each were cut. Each ribbon of sections was spaced approximately 100 µm apart. Three pairs of sections, i.e., 1 pair from each ribbon, were affixed to cleaned 3-aminopropyltriethoxy-silane coated glass slides and stored until stained. The general histologic character was evaluated in Verhoeff's elastica stained sections.

Morphometric Methods

The gross extent of atherosclerosis within the aortic arch was measured. In addition, sections of the aortic arch, a site of hypercholesterolemia-induced lesions, stained using the Verhoeff's elastica procedure were used for quantification of lesion cross-sectional. The internal elastic lamina (IEL) was

identified as a blue-black ring and images of that region were collected using a digital camera. The area within the IEL was quantified using the Image Pro Plus image analysis software. The area of the lumen of the aortic arch was also quantified in a similar fashion. Lesion area was defined as the difference between the area circumscribed by the internal elastic lamina and the lumen area.

Aortic arch lesion extent was also measured. The area distal to the 1 cm segment taken for histologic evaluation to the first intercostal ostia was removed from the animal, opened longitudinally and images of the surface of the vessel was collected using a digital camera. The lesions were identified as raised, opaque areas and their area was determined using the Image Pro Plus image analysis software. The area of the entire aortic arch was also determined. The percentage of aortic arch covered by atherosclerotic lesions was calculated.

In Vivo Tests - Results

Example No.	Aortic Arch	Aortic Cholesteryl	Aortic Arch Cross-
(10 mg/kg as	Lesion Extent	Ester Content	Sectional Lesion Area
diet admix)	(%Δ from Control)	(% Δ from Control)	(%∆ from Control)
75	-49	-28	-90
60	+40	+59	+84
4	+20	-7	-94
91	-12	+50	-11
100	-2	+11	+2
40	+35	+5	-6
119	+46	+46	-50

NOTE: All vascular efficacy changes are observed in the absence of changes in plasma cholesterol levels.

Experimental Design: Rabbits were fed a 0.25% cholesterol, 3% peanut oil, 3% coconut oil diet with or without 10 mg/kg of the compounds noted above for 12 weeks.

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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. Compounds having the Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{b} & X - R^{e} \\
R^{a} & 4 & 6 \\
R^{d} & R^{d}
\end{array}$$

wherein X is
$$-N-$$
, $-O-$, $-S-$, $-N-C-N-$, $\begin{vmatrix} & & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & &$

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ \parallel \\ -S-N- \end{array}, \text{ or } -CH=CH-C- \\ \parallel \\ O \end{array} ;$$

each n is independently 0 to 3;

$$-\text{COCH}_2^{-}, -\text{CH}_2^{0}\text{CC}_{-}, -\text{S}_{-}^{0}\text{CH}_2)_{n}^{-},$$

$$(CH_2)_n$$
 $-SO_2$ $-(CH_2)_n$, or $-(CH_2)_n$ $-SO_2$ $-SO_3$

$$\text{Q is } \text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}, \\ R^4 \\ R^5 \\ R^5$$

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

$$R^e$$
 is R^9 R^8 , C_1 - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R^a, R^b, R^c, and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃-alkali metal, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆ alkyl,

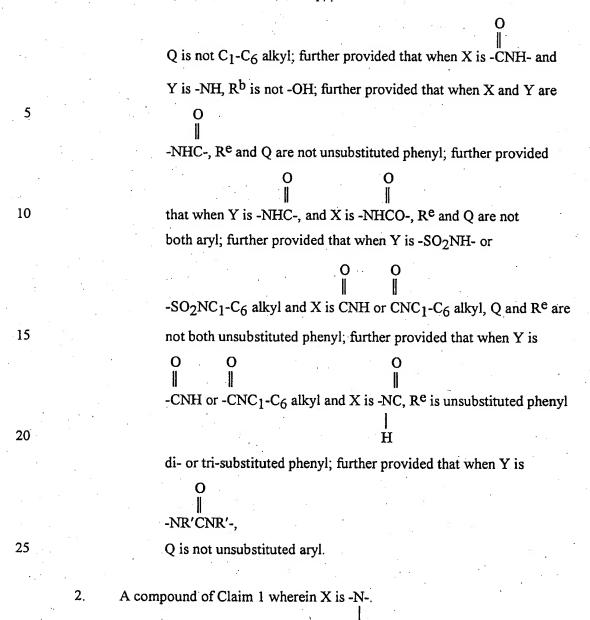
O O
$$\parallel$$
 -N(CC₁-C₆ alkyl)₂, -OCC₁-C₆ alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃ alkali metal, -CN, -CH₂-halogen, CH₂-CH₂ \parallel 0 O

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

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3. A compound of Claim 2 wherein R' is hydrogen or methyl.

R'

A compound of Claim 1 wherein X is -O-.

15

- 6. A compound of Claim 5 wherein R' is hydrogen.
- A compound of Claim 1 wherein R^c is -OCH₃, hydrogen, -OCH₂CH₃, halogen, -S-methyl, or -OCF₃.

 - 9. A compound of Claim 1 wherein X is -N-(CH₂)_n-.
 - 10. A compound of Claim 1 wherein Y is -C-N-.
- 11. A compound in accordance with Claim 1 wherein R^c is hydrogen,

 hydroxy, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -CF₃, or

 -OCF₃.
 - A method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{b} & R^{c} \\
R^{a} & 3^{2} & 1 \\
R^{a} & 5^{6} \\
R^{d} & R^{d}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
O & OH \\
-S-N-, or & -CH=CH-C- \\
0 & R' & H
\end{array}$$
;

each n is independently 0 to 3;

-180-

Q is
$$C_1$$
- C_6 alkyl, R^4
 R^5

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

$$R^{e}$$
 is R^{6} R^{8} , C_{1} - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R^a, R^b, R^c, and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃-alkali metal, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆ alkyl,

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

heterocycloalkyl, benzoyl, CC₁-C₆ alkyl,

O O
$$\parallel$$
 \parallel -OCH, -OCC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃NR'R', -CHO, -SO₂NH₂, or -NR'R', or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

A method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having

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inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{b} & X \longrightarrow R^{e} \\
R^{a} & 5^{6} & R^{d} \\
& Q
\end{array}$$

wherein X is -N-, -O-, -S-, -N-C-N-, $\begin{vmatrix} & & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ &$

each n is independently 0 to 3;

5

$$-s - (CH_2)_n$$
, $-(CH_2)_n - s -$, $-C-0$, $-O-C-$

$$- \overset{\text{O}}{\text{COCH}_2} - \cdot - \overset{\text{O}}{\text{CH}_2} \overset{\text{O}}{\text{O}} - \cdot \overset{\text{O}}{\text{S}} - (\text{CH}_2)_n - \cdot ,$$

$$(CH_2)_n - S - , -SO_2 - (CH_2)_n - , \text{ or } -(CH_2)_n - SO_2 - ;$$

Q is
$$C_1$$
- C_6 alkyl, R^4
 R^5

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₈ alkyl;

15

20

25

$$R^{e}$$
 is R^{6} R^{7} R^{8} , C_{1} - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R^a, R^b, R^c, and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃-alkali metal, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆ alkyl,

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

heterocycloalkyl, benzoyl, CC₁-C₆ alkyl,

14. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Claim 1.

15. A method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{b} & R^{c} \\
\hline
R^{a} & A^{c} & R^{d} \\
\hline
R^{a} & Y & Q
\end{array}$$

wherein X is -N-, -O-, -S-, -N-C-N- $\begin{vmatrix} & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\$

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ -S - N - \\ O \\ R' \end{array}, \text{ or } -CH = CH - C - \\ O \\ H \end{array} ;$$

each n is independently 0 to 3;

$$-s - (CH_2)_n - (CH_2)_n - s - , \quad -CO_0 , \quad OOC_0 ,$$

$$(CH_2)_n$$
 $\stackrel{O}{=}$ $\stackrel{+}{s}$ - , $-so_2$ - $(CH_2)_n$ - , or $-(CH_2)_n$ - so_2 - ;

Q is
$$C_1$$
- C_6 alkyl, R^4
 R^5

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

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$$R^{e}$$
 is R^{6} R^{8} , C_{1} - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R^a, R^b, R^c, and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl,

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

 $\label{eq:condition} \begin{array}{c} O \\ \parallel \\ \text{heterocycloalkyl, benzoyl, } CC_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkyl,} \end{array}$

O O \parallel \parallel -OCH, -OCC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃NR'R', -CHO, -SO₂NH₂, or -NR'R', or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

16. A method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes, a monocyte chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{b} & R^{c} \\
R^{a} & A^{56} \\
R^{a} & Y \\
Q
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} O & OH \\ -S-N- & OF \\ -CH=CH-C- \\ O & R' \end{array} ;$$

each n is independently 0 to 3;

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heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, -NR'R', or cycloalkyl; each R' is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

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$$R^{e}$$
 is R^{6} R^{7} R^{8} , C_{1} - C_{18} alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted

heteroaryl, naphthyl, benzyl, or dansyl;

each of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R^a, R^b, R^c, and R^d are independently hydrogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -CF₃, -NO₂, -CN, -CO₂H, -OCF₃, -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H, -SO₃-alkali metal, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆ alkyl,

$$O$$
 CH_3
 CH_3

heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted

O | heterocycloalkyl, benzoyl, CC₁-C₆ alkyl,

17. Compounds having the Formula II

Π

wherein

Re is phenyl, pyridyl, or substituted phenyl having 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -CF₃, or -OH;

B is hydrogen, OC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OCF₃, or -OH;

Y is -CNH- or -NHC-;

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Q is phenyl, pyridyl, or substituted phenyl having from 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, oxazolinyl, -CF₃, NO₂,

O \parallel -COC₁-C₆ alkyl, or -C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- 18. A compound in accordance with Claim 17 wherein B is -OCH₃ or -OCF₃.
- 19. A compound in accordance with Claim 17 wherein Re is substituted phenyl.
- 20. A compound in accordance with Claim 17 wherein

21. A compound in accordance with Claim 17 wherein B is -OCH3, or

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-OCF3; Re is substituted phenyl and Y is -CNH-.

22. Compounds having the Formula III

 \mathbf{III}

wherein

Re is pyridyl, or phenyl that is substituted with from 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, benzoyl, -SO₃ alkali metal,

C₁-C₆ alkyl, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -CN, -COOH, CC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₃H,

O

O

O

O

O

COCF₃, -COC₁-C₆ alkyl, -SO₂NH₂, N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂, or
-SONH₂;

B is OC₁-C₆ alkyl, hydrogen, halogen, or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

Q is phenyl, pyridyl, or phenyl substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, halogen, or C₁-C₆ alkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

25 A compound in accordance with Claim 22 wherein R^e is substituted phenyl.

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- 24. A compound in accordance with Claim 22 wherein B is -OCH₃ or -OCF₃, or fluorine.
- 25. A compound in accordance with Claim 22 wherein

O O O | | | | | | | | | | | Y is -C-NH-, -NHC-, or -COCH₂-.

26. A compound in accordance with Claim 22 wherein Re is substituted

phenyl, B is -OCH₃, -OCF₃, and Y is -CNH- or -NHC-.

27. Compounds having the Formula IV

$$\begin{array}{c}
B \\
X - R^{\epsilon} \\
Y \\
Q
\end{array}$$

IV:

wherein

B is -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, hydrogen, or -OH;

Re is phenyl, pyridyl, or phenyl substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, -NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆

O \parallel alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -NO₂, -C₁-C₆ alkyl, naphthyl, -CF₃,

-CO₂H, or phenyl;

Q is phenyl, pyridyl, or substituted phenyl, wherein the substituted phenyl may contain 1 to 5 substituents selected from those listed for Re, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- A compound in accordance with Claim 27 wherein Re is substituted phenyl.
- 10 29. A compound in accordance with Claim 27 wherein B is -OCH₃.
 - 30. A compound in accordance with Claim 27 wherein X is -NHCH₂-.
 - 31. A compound in accordance with Claim 27 wherein

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32. A compound in accordance with Claim 27 wherein Re is substituted

20 33. Compounds having the Formula V

B is -OC₁-C₆ alkyl or halogen,

A is phenyl, C₁-C₁₈ alkyl, pyridyl, quinolinyl substituted phenyl, thiazolyl, substituted thiazolyl, substituted pyridyl, substituted

quinolinyl, imidazolyl, substituted imidazolyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, benzyl, thienyl, substituted thienyl, isoxazolyl, or substituted isoxazolyl, wherein the substituents are selected from halogen,

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O
$$\parallel$$
-OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -NO₂, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -CF₃, -NHCCH₃, -CO₂H,

O \parallel
-NH₂, -NHC₁-C₆ alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -CN, or -CH₂-halogen;
O O S S

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- C is phenyl or substituted phenyl, pyridyl or substituted pyridyl, wherein the substituents are as described for A, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
- 34. A compound in accordance with Claim 33 wherein A is C₁-C₁₈ alkyl, substituted phenyl, or thienyl.

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- A compound in accordance with Claim 33 wherein B is -OCH3 or 35. halogen.
- 36.
- A compound in accordance with Claim 33 wherein

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A compound in accordance with Claim 33 wherein A is C1-C18 alkyl, 37. substituted phenyl or thienyl; B is -OCF3 or halogen; and

A method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula VI

$$R^{1}$$
 Q
 R^{4}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{3}

wherein Q is

each R⁵ is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are independently hydrogen, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OCF₃,
-OH, halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, -COOR⁵, -SO₃NR⁵R⁵, -CHO,
-OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -NR⁵R⁵, C₁-C₆ alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

39. A method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula VI

$$R^{1}$$
 Q
 R^{4}
 R^{1}
 Q
 R^{4}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}

wherein Q is

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each \mathbb{R}^5 is independently hydrogen or $\mathbb{C}_1\text{-}\mathbb{C}_6$ alkyl;

- R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are independently hydrogen, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, -COOR⁵, -SO₃NR⁵R⁵, -CHO, -OCF₃, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -NR⁵R⁵, C₁-C₆ alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
- 40. A method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula VI

$$R^{1}$$
 Q
 R^{1}
 R^{3}
 R^{3}
 R^{3}

wherein Q is

each R⁵ is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

- R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are independently hydrogen, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH, halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, -COOR⁵, -SO₃NR⁵R⁵, -CHO, -OCF₃, -OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -NR⁵R⁵, C₁-C₆ alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
- 41. A method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis

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of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Formula VI

$$R^2$$
 Q
 R^4
 NH_2
 R^3
 VI

wherein Q is

each R⁵ is independently hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ are independently hydrogen, -SC₁-C₆ alkyl, -OH,

halogen, -CF₃, -NO₂, -COOR⁵, -SO₃NR⁵R⁵, -CHO, -OCF₃,

-OC₁-C₆ alkyl, -NR⁵R⁵, C₁-C₆ alkyl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, substituted heterocycloalkyl, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

15 42. Compounds having the Formula VII

wherein

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R^Z is phenyl or phenyl substituted with from 1 to 5 substituents selected from halogen or -CF₃; or

X and R^z are -N(SO₂-3,5-dichlorophenyl)₂, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

10 43. Compounds having the Formula VIII

VШ

wherein

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R^z is phenyl, pyridyl, or phenyl substituted with from 1 to 5 substituents wherein the substituents are selected from halogen, pyridyl, or -CO₂C₁-C₆ alkyl.

- 44. A method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 17.
- 45. A method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 17.

- 46. A method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 17.
- 47. A method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 17.
 - 48. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Claim 17.
- 49. A method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising
 administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having
 atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of
 Claim 22.
 - 50. A method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 22.
 - 51. A method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 22.
- 20 52. A method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 22.
 - 53. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Claim 22.
- 25 54. A method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having

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atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 27.

- 55. A method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 27.
- A method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 27.
- 10 57. A method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 27.
 - 58. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Claim 27.
- 15 Sp. A method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 33.
- A method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 33.
 - 61. A method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 33.

- 62. A method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 33.
- A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Claim 33.
 - A method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 42.
- A method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 42.
- A method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 42.
 - 67. A method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 42.
- A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Claim 42.
 - 69. A method of treating or preventing atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a patient having atherosclerosis or at risk of having atherosclerosis a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 43.

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- 70. A method of treating or preventing inflammation, the method comprising administering to a patient having inflammation or at risk of having inflammation a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 43.
- 5 71. A method of inhibiting 15-lipoxygenase, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of 15-lipoxygenase inhibition a 15-lipoxygenase inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 43.
 - 72. A method of inhibiting the chemotaxis of monocytes, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of inhibition of chemotaxis of monocytes a chemotaxis inhibiting amount of a compound of Claim 43.
 - 73. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of Claim 43.
 - 74. The compounds:
 - 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide,
 - 4-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzoic acid;
 - 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-pyridin-3-yl-thioureido)-benzamide; 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide;
 - 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
 - 3-Methanesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide.

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75. The compounds:

- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-chlorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-methylphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
- 3-Amino-4-ethoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

76. The compounds:

- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-methoxy-N-(3-chlorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-ethyl-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-ethyl-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Amino-4-ethyl-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide, or
- 3-Amino-4-methylsulfanyl-N-phenyl-benzamide.

77. The compounds:

- N-(3-Amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide;
- 3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3,4-Dichloro-N-(3-amino-4-methoxy-phenyl)-benzamide;
 - 3-Phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide,
 - 3-(2-Methoxy-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 4-Methoxy-3-phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide;
 - 3-(2-Methoxy-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
- 3-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-

benzamide.

78. The compounds:

30 3-(3-Chloro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide,

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3-(3-Methyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(3-Nitro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(4-Methyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(3.5-Dimethyl-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 5 3-Phenylamino-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-Phenylamino-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide; or 3-Phenylamino-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-benzamide. **7**9. The compounds: 10 4-Ethyl-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; 4-Ethoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; 4-Methylsulfanyl-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-[4-(4,4-Dimethyl-4,5-dihydro-oxazol-2-yl)-phenylamino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 15 4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(3-pyridyl)benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-(3.5-dimethyl-phenylamino)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(3,4-20 dichlorophenyl)-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(3.4difluorophenyl)-benzamide; N-[3-(Phenylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide; or 25 3-Benzylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide. 80. The compounds: 3-(3.5-Dichloro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(3,4-Dimethoxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-Phenoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 30 3-Phenoxy-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(Phenylamino)-4-methoxy-benzoic acid, phenyl ester;

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•		4-Hydroxy-3-(3,5-dichloro-phenylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
		3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-
	•	benzamide;
		3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-(4-methylphenyl)-
5	·	benzamide, or
		3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-hydroxy-N-(3-hydroxy-
		4-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide.
	81.	The compounds:
		3-[3-(3-Chlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-
0 .		benzamide;
		4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-phenyl-thioureido)-benzamide;
		4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-
		benzamide;
	•	3-[3-(4-tert-Butyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-
		benzamide;
	ē	3-[3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-
		benzamide;
		3-[3-(3-Nitrophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
		4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-benzoyl-thioureido)-benzamide;
20		4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-phenyl)-thioureido]
		benzamide;
		4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(-3-p-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide; or
		3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide.
	82.	The compounds:
25		3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methyl-N-phenyl-
		benzamide;
		3-[3-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-
		benzamide;
		3-[3-(4-Chloro-3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N

phenyl-benzamide;

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3-[3-(3-Cyanophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-[3-(3-Acetyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 5 3-[3-(4-Chloro-3-nitrophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-[3-(3.5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-(4-methoxy-10 phenyl)-benzamide; or 3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-ethoxy-N-phenylbenzamide. 83. The compounds: 4-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-15 benzenesulfonic acid; 4-Methoxy-3-[3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenylbenzamide; 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]benzamide; 20 3-[3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 1-{3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxyphenyl}-3-phenyl-urea; N-{3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-25 benzamide: 4-Methoxy-3-[3-(4-nitrophenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-[3-(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-Nphenyl-benzamide; or 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[3-(4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-30 benzamide.

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84. The compounds:

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide;

3-[3-(4-Dimethylaminophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-p-tolylbenzamide;

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-m-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide;

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-fluoro-N-phenyl-

benzamide;

N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide;

4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-(3-o-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide;

3-[3-(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-

benzamide; or

3-[3-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-pyridin-3-ylbenzamide.

85. The compounds:

5-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-2-fluoro-N-phenylbenzamide,

N-(3,4-Dimethylphenyl)-4-methoxy-3-(3-m-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide;

N-(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)-4-methoxy-3-(3-m-tolyl-thioureido)-benzamide;

N-(3-Chloro-4-methylphenyl)-3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide;

N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-3-[3-(4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide;

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methylsulfanyl-N-phenylbenzamide;

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-4-methoxy-benzamide,

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N-(3-Chlorophenyl)-3-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzamide;

3-[3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzenesulfonamide; or

4-Ethyl-N-phenyl-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide.

86. The compounds:

4-Ethyl-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzamide;

3-{3-[2-Methoxy-5-(pyridin-3-ylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;

3-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzoic acid;

3,4-Dichloro-N-{4-fluoro-3-[3-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)-thioureido]-phenyl}-benzamide;

3,4-Dichloro-N-{3-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxyphenyl}-benzamide;

3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide;

3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide; or

3-Benzenesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

87. The compounds:

3-(4-Methoxy-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;

3-(3-Nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;

3-(3-Chloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;

3-(4-Methyl-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;

3-(4-Fluoro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-(4,5-Dibromo-thiophene-2-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 5 3-(2-Chloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-(4-Trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-Nphenyl-benzamide; 3-(Butane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or 10 3-(Quinoline-8-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide. 88. The compounds: 3-(2-Acetylamino-4-methyl-thiazole-5-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(2,5-Dichloro-thiophene-3-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-15 benzamide: 3-(Naphthalene-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-Ethanesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-Phenylmethanesulfonylamino-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 20 3-(3,4-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-(Toluene-3-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 25 3-(4-Acetylamino-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-(Naphthalene-2-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 3-(1-Methyl-1H-imidazole-4-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-30 . benzamide; 3-(Thiophene-2-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

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3-(5-Dimethylamino-naphthalene-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-Nphenyl-benzamide;

2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-carbonic acid-phenyl ester phenyl ester; or

4-Hydroxy-3-phenylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide.

89. The compounds:

- 3-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-benzoylamino)-benzoic acid ethyl ester;
- 3-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-benzoylamino)-benzoic acid methyl ester;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-(3-amino-4-methoxy-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-(3-amino-4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 1-(3-Amino-4-methoxy-phenyl)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-urea;
- 3-(4-Fluoro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or
- 3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)benzamide.

15 90. The compounds:

3-(4-Fluoro-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)benzamide:

3-[4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-benzoylamino]benzoic acid methyl ester;

3-[4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-benzoylamino]benzoic acid ethyl ester;

4-Trifluoromethoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-phenylbenzamide;

- 4-Trifluoromethoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)-N-(4fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 3,4-Dichloro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenylamino)phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3-[3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-benzoic acid methyl ester;
- 3-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]thioureido}-benzoic acid;

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- 3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-trifluoromethoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide; or
- 3-[3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-trifluoromethoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide.

5 91. The compounds:

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- 4-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzenesulfonic acid;
- 4-{3-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;
- 3-{3-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;
- 4-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-benzoylamino)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;
- 3-{3-[5-(3,4-Difluoro-benzoylamino)-2-methoxy-phenyl]-thioureido}-benzoic acid;
- N-{3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-fluoro-phenyl}-3,4-difluoro-benzamide;
- 1-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-{3-[3-(3,5-dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-urea;
- 3-(3-{5-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-thioureido)-benzoic acid methyl ester;
- 3-(3-{5-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-thioureido)-benzoic acid; or
- 1-{3-[3-(3,5-Bis-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-urea.

92. The compounds:

- 1-{3-[3-(4-Chloro-3-nitro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-urea;
- 3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureido]-4-methoxy-benzoic acid benzyl ester;
 - 3-(Dodecane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

- 4-Methoxy-3-(octane-1-sulfonylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(Decane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;
- 3-(3-Nitro-benzenesufonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;

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- 3,5-Dichloro-N-{5-[3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide;
- 3-(1-Methylethyl-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;
- 4-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylsulfamoyl)-benzoic acid; or
 - 3-(Octadecane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

93. The compounds:

3-(3-Amino-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;

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- 4-Methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 3-(4-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-phenylbenzamide:

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- 3-(3-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;
- 4-Methoxy-3-(3-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide;

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- 4-Methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide,
- 3-(4-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;
- 3-(4-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-benzamide; or
- 3-(Dodecane-1-sulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide.

94.	The	comp	ounds:

- 3-(3-Cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;
- 3,4-Dichloro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(4-methoxy-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Dichloro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(toluene-4-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(3-amino-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(4-amino-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(1-dodecane-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(chloromethyl-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(4-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-methoxy-3-(3-nitro-benzenesulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide; or
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[3-(4-cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide.

95. The compounds:

- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[3-(3-cyano-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-benzamide;
- 3,4-Difluoro-N-[4-fluoro-3-(thiophene-2-sulfonylamino)-phenyl]-benzamide;

Thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {5-[3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-2-methoxy-phenyl}-amide;

- 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylthiobenzamide;
- 3,5-Dichloro-N-(2-methoxy-5-phenylaminomethyl-phenyl)-benzenesulfonamide;

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3-(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)benzamide; 3-(4-Diethylamino-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(3-Fluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-5 benzamide: 3-(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or 4-Methoxy-3-(3-fluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide. 96. The compounds: 4-Methoxy-3-(3-nitro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; 10 4-Methoxy-3-(4-methoxy-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-[(naphthalen-1-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-phenylbenzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-(3,5--dimethyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(2,3-Difluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 15 Acetic acid 4-[(2-methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)methyl]-phenyl ester; 4-[(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid methyl ester; 3-[(Furan-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 20 4-Methoxy-3-(2-methyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; or 4-Methoxy-3-(4-fluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide. 97. The compounds: 3-(4-Hydroxy-3-nitro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 25 3-(4-Diethylamino-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide; 3-Benzylamino-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-benzamide; 3-(3-Hydroxy-4-nitro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 30 3-(3-Cyano-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

3-{[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]methyl}-benzoic acid; 3-(3-Chloro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(4-tert-Butyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 5 3-(4-Cyano-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or 4-{[5-(3,4-Difluoro-phenylcarbamoyl)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]methyl}-benzoic acid. 98. The compounds: 4-Methoxy-3-(4-propoxy-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-[(Biphenyl-4-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 10 4-Methoxy-3-(4-methyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-(2-methoxy-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(4-Butyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-(3-Fluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)benzamide: 15 3-[(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid; 3-(3.4-Dimethyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide, 3-(4-Isopropyl-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; or 3,4-Dichloro-N-[3-(3-fluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]-20 benzamide. 99. The compounds: 3.4-Difluoro-N-[3-(3-hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-phenyl]benzamide; 25 3-{[5-(3,4-Difluoro-benzoylamino)-2-methoxy-phenylamino]methyl}-benzoic acid; 3-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-thioureidomethyl]-4-methoxy-Nphenyl-benzamide; 3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-30 benzamide;

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phenyl}-benzamide.

3-[(3,5-Dichloro-benzenesulfonylamino)-methyl]-4-methoxy-Nphenyl-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-phenylmethanesulfonylamino-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-[Bis[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-5. benzamide; (2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylcarbamoyl)-acetic acid phenylmethyl ester; 4-Methoxy-N-phenyl-3-[2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethylamino]benzamide; or 10 4-Methoxy-3-[3-(3-nitro-phenyl)-thioureido]-N-phenyl-benzamide. The compounds: 100. 3-[(3,5-Dichlorobenzoyl)amino]-4-methyl-N-phenyl-benzamide; 3-[[(Cyanoimino)[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)amino]methyl]amino]-4methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide; 15 . 3-(2-Hydroxy-2-phenyl-acetylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-phenyl-benzamide; 20 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-(4-fluoro-phenyl)benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-benzamide; 4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-N-pyridin-3-yl-25 benzamide: 4-{4-Methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-benzoylamino}benzoic acid ethyl ester; 3,4-Dichloro-N-{4-methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]phenyl}-benzamide; or

3,4-Difluoro-N-{4-methoxy-3-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-amino]-

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3-[(Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

4-Methoxy-3-(3,5-difluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;

3-(4-Dimethylamino-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenylbenzamide;

4-Methoxy-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;

4-Methoxy-3-(2-fluoro-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide;

N-{3-[(2,3-Dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-benzamide;

3-(4-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

4-Methoxy-3-(3-methyl-benzylamino)-N-phenyl-benzamide; or

3-(3,4-Difluoro-benzylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

15 102. The compounds:

3-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide;

3-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-benzamide;

3-[(Pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-N-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-benzamide;

4-[(2-Methoxy-5-phenylcarbamoyl-phenylamino)-methyl]-benzoic acid;

3,4-Difluoro-N-{[3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-amino]-4-methoxy-phenyl}-benzamide; or

3-(3-Acetylamino-phenylamino)-4-methoxy-N-phenyl-benzamide.

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Electronic d	ata base consulted during the international search (name of	data base and, where practic	al, search terms used)	
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C. DOCUME	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, o	If the relevant passages		Relevant to claim No.
X	R. ADAMS, ET AL.: "Quinone Structures of aromatic amine p-benzoquinonedibenzimide" JOURNAL OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY vol. 22, no. 11, 12 November 1287-1291, XP002096174	adducts of		1-3,8,10
-	Washington, DC, US see compound VIIIc	-/		
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X Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent famil	y members are listed in	annex.
"A" docume conside "E" earlier di filling de which i citation "O" docume other n	nt which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another n or other special reason (as specified) ant referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	or priority date a cited to understa Invention "X" document of particannot be consist involve an inven "Y" document of particannot be consist document is conments, such continues and the art.	bblished after the intermind not in conflict with the and the principle or theo cular relevance; the claidered novel or cannot between the docucular relevance; the claidered to involve an investigated to involve an investigated to involve an investigated with one or more abination being obvious er of the same patent fai	e application but ry underlying the irred invention e considered to irrent is taken alone irred invention ntive step when the other such docu- to a person skilled
Date of the a	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing o	the international search	th report
11	1 March 1999	01/04/	1999	
Varne and m	nailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nt, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer		

Int Ional Application No PCT/US 98/24688

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	ICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C07C311/48 C07C323/63 C07C32 C07D215/36 C07D233/84 C07D26 C07D319/08 C07D319/18 C07D33 International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national class C07D319/18 C07D319/18	33/04 C07D277/36 C07D3 33/18 C07D333/34 C07D4	213/75 307/52 409/12
		sincation and IPC	
B. FIELDS S	EXAMPLED cumentation searched (classification system followed by classification system followed by classifi	cation symbols)	
	amending sources (classification system followed by classifi	causi symbols,	
Documentation	on searched other than minimum documentation to the extent th	at such documents are included in the fields se	arched
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Electronic da	ta base consulted during the international search (name of data	base and, where practical, search terms used)
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C. DOCUME	NTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category ³	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the	e relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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	Reduktionsvorgänge bei Nitrobenzoylverbindungen von Benzylidenphenylhydrazinen" BERICHTE DER DEUTSCHEN CHEMISCH	JEN .	
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	see page 3, line 76 - page 4,	ine 11	
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X Furthe	er documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed	in annex.
"A" documer	egories of cited documents : It defining the general state of the art which is not	"T" later document published after the inte or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or th	the application but
E" earlier do filling da	ored to be of particular relevance ocument but published on or after the international ate the the the state of the state	invention "X" document of particular relevance; the of cannot be considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the document.	be considered to
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"P" documer	nt published prior to the International filing date but an the priority date claimed	in the art. "&" document member of the same patent	•
	ctual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international se-	arch report
11	March 1999		
Name and m	iailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 · NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk	Authorized officer	
	Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	English, R	

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Int Jonal Application No PCT/US 98/24688

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A. CLASSII IPC 6	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER A61K31/165 A61K31/17 A61K31/	18	
According to	international Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classific	cation and IPC	
B. FIELDS	SEARCHED		
	cumentation searched (classification system followed by classificat	ion symbols)	
Documentat	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that	such documents are included in the fields so	earched
Electronic d	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data ba	ase and, where practical, search terms used)
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C. DOCUME	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the re	elevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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	sulphonamidobenzophenone oximes	and .	31,00
	sulphonamidobenzamides"		
	JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY,	•	
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	see column 1 - column 6; claims	1,12,13	• •
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Furti	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed	in annex.
* Special ca	tegories of cited documents :	"T" later document published after the inte	emational filing date
"A" docume	ent defining the general state of the lart which is not	or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or th	the application but
consid	ered to be of particular relevance	Invention	oory underlying the
"E" earlier o	document but published on or after the International late	"X" document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered novel or canno	
"L" docume	ent which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another	involve an inventive step when the do	cument is taken alone
	n or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered to involve an in	ventive step when the
"O" docume other r	ant referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or means	document is combined with one or m ments, such combination being obvious	ore other such docu-
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	nan the priority date claimed actual completion of the international search	"&" document member of the same patent Date of mailing of the international se	
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	1 March 1999		
Name and n	nailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer	
1	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2		
	NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Few. 421-70, 340-2046	English, R	

ernational application No.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/US 98/24688

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. X Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely: Although claims 12,13,15,16,38-41,44-47,49-52,54-57,59-62,64-67,69-72 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. X Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically: see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

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FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

In view of the extremely broad Markush claims, the search was executed with due regard to the PCT Search Guidelines (PCT/GL/2), C-III, paragraph 2.1, 2.3 read in conjunction with 3.7 and Rule 33.3 PCT, i.e. particular emphasis was put on the inventive concept, as illustrated by the examples and the compounds of claims 74-102.

The international search was, in so far as possible and reasonable, complete in that it covered the entire subject-matter to which the claims are directed.

information on patent family members

Int Ional Application No PCT/US 98/24688

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